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St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXIX. ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1881. NO. 303.

SIMMONS HARDWARE COMPANY.

73 KINDS BABY CARRIAGES.

EVERY DESIRABLE STYLE AND FINISH

—AT THE—

MOST ASTONISHING LOW PRICES.

RATTAN FURNITURE!

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

AT LOWEST MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

Burrell, Comstock & Co.

OUR LADIES' FRENCH TIE

FOR $1 00.

Made of Dressed Kid and Fit Perfect.

J. G. BRANDT,

504 AND 506 FRANKLIN AVE.

Dress Goods Department

SPECIAL PRICES until Our Semi-Annual Inventory of Stock, May 30th.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

Washington Ave. and Fifth St.

Last Edition.

STALWART SUCCESS.

The Re-Election of Conkling Probably Ensured by Democratic Assistance.

The Prospects of the Two New York Ex-Senators Cheering.

A Stubborn Fight to Be Made by the Administration Faction.

Latest Washington News—Mrs. Garfield—Political Notes and Gossip.

The Democrats Will Vote for Conkling.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—The Democratic leaders are watching the situation at Albany closely with a view of getting one Senator, if possible. If that cannot be done the Democratic members of the New York Legislature will vote with the stalwarts for Conkling. Dispatches received here by prominent Democrats from party leaders in New York indicate that policy and it meets with general Democratic approval here, on the ground that the Democrats should assist to send Conkling back to continue his opposition to the Administration. Several prominent Administration Republicans of New York who have been here watching events leave to-night for Albany. They spent some time with Secretary Blaine this morning and got the views and policy of the Administration in regard to the New York Senatorial election. The Administration is desirous of having two Republican Senators in place of Conkling and Platt who will be in harmony with it, and it is understood that this is what Secretary Blaine stated to-day, together with advice as to the Senatorial election.

MAHONE'S VOTE.

Mahone voted with the Republicans for the confirmation of Chandler yesterday.

Contradictory.

NEW YORK, May 21.—The Commercial's Albany special says the city is nearly empty of representatives to-day. They have all gone home to learn the views of their constituents in regard to the Senatorial election. Before they left the tide had evidently turned, and coming down to hard facts it was seen that the "half-breed" brags have not been warranted by the facts. Conkling's friends have been quiet and have made no demonstrations, mainly because they have been without a leader. Now, while Conkling may not take part in the contest, the Vice-President will be here and he is posting himself. People seem to have forgotten that party rules must be observed; that the Caucus Committee will call a caucus that those Republicans who refuse to go into caucus, or who going in refuse to be bound by its decision, will be "bolters" and as such expelled from the organization, and that henceforth they will have nothing to say as to party management and will be excluded from its conventions. When these plain facts are considered, the half-breeds do not pan out quite so well as they did two or three days ago.

The Express' Albany special says there is no question that the half-breeds have the victory in their own hands if they can utilize it. The leaders, while they are shrewd, careful men in many respects, are by no means equal to those on the other side in wire pulling and political trickery, and in holding on to and making the best of every slight advantage. One thing is absolutely certain that no compromise will be effected which will bring about the return of either Conkling or Platt to the Senate. An effort, I understand, will be made to induce the stalwart leader to direct the fight in person. This will, no doubt, be done if Conkling intends to return to the Senate and will considerably strengthen his followers. Should he come to force his re-election he can accomplish nothing, for as I mentioned before, by no system of manipulation can it be accomplished.

Mrs. Garfield.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Mrs. Garfield's condition remains unchanged to-day. As, however, this is the alternate day upon which her fever is expected to be higher the attending physician considers her general improvement as the most hopeful symptom.

Conklingites Smiling.

BUFFALO, May 21.—The Conklingites fired one hundred guns to-day in celebration of the confirmation of Gould as Collector of this port.

The Bonanza Suits.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 21.—Orders to show cause why the dismissals of the Bonanza cases should not be be vacated were dismissed yesterday by Judge Sullivan in the Superior Court, and the petition of Peter Chrystal to be allowed to intervene in the suits was denied. Counsel for Chrystal took exception to the order. The effect of the order is that the suits are dismissed and finally settled unless an appeal be taken to the Supreme Court.

Kansas Crops and Prohibition.

ABILENE, Ks., May 21.—Steady rains during the past two days have stopped farm work, but the growing crops are booming. Wheat in the Golden Belt country never gave better promise of a heavy harvest. The fruit yield, especially apples, peaches and small fruits, will be larger than ever in Dickinson county. The temperance law works to a charm in this city.

A Professional "Model."

BOSTON, May 21.—Joseph Castroni, a "model" by profession, was arrested yesterday for challenging Dr. John Dixwell, the well-known physician of this city, to mortal combat. Castroni was acting for D. C. Carafa, an artist, who considered Dixwell the instigator of some newspaper articles published lately which reflected severely upon Carafa's honor.

Preliminary Injunction.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Attorney General Hamilton Ward obtained a temporary injunction restraining the Metropolitan Telegraph Company from erecting poles or laying wires on Twenty-first street from Fifth to Sixth avenues. Argument to make the injunction permanent will be heard May 30.

The Sutherland Party.

CHICAGO, May 21.—The Duke of Sutherland and retinue arrived early thismorning and went to the Grand Pacific Hotel, where they will be entertained during their stay here. They will visit the chief points of interest to day in company with the Mayor and other citizens.

BAPTIST MISSIONS.

Twentieth Anniversary of the Foreign Missionary Union.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., May 21.—The twentieth anniversary of the Baptist Foreign Missionary Union was held to-day under the presidency of the Rev. Geo. Dana Boardman, D. D., of Philadelphia, president of the year. The report showed that four missionaries had been sent abroad during the year. Seven had returned to their fields of labor, and twelve have either returned or are on their way. In Asia and Europe there are 1,005 mission churches and 1,106 native preachers. The baptisms reported are 9,143 and church members 89,272. There are employed in the missions in Asia thirty natives, 120 married missionaries, six unmarried men and forty-six unmarried women, including the widows of missionaries. The receipts were $313,774.52, of which $24,971.68 was for additions to invested funds, leaving $288,862.84 applicable to current expenses and last year's debt. The year's appropriations were $300,652.92, leaving a deficit of $11,850.08. The receipts were from the following sources: Donations from churches, etc., $169,685 58; legacies, $28,651 10; Women's Society, $41,580 69; Women's Society of the West, $17,567,63; Women's Society of the Pacific Coast, $741 20; miscellaneous, $305 66. After the address of the President the presentation of reports and the appointment of committees and on missions on Burman by the Rev. Melville Jameson followed. A message of greeting was ordered sent to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church now in session at Buffalo, and a brief address was delivered by the Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage of Brooklyn who was visiting in the city.

STRUCK CATTLE.

Fatal Accident on a Railroad Near Chicago This Morning.

CHICAGO, May 21.—At 3 o'clock this morning the Chicago bound train over the Kankakee line struck a drove of cattle near Templeton, Ind. The engine was ditched and turned on its side. The engineer jumped and escaped, but Fireman Teddy Rogan was caught under the water-tank and pinned to the ground for two hours. He was roasted and scalded by the hot boiler, and when finally released was dying. The postal, baggage and smoking cars were thrown down the embankment, but nobody but the fireman was seriously injured. It is estimated that the damage to the company will be $20,000.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21.—Tennessee and Ohio Valley, partly cloudy weather and occasional light rains, east to south winds, stationary or slight rise in temperature, stationary or falling barometer. Lower Lake Region, fair weather, variable winds shifting to east or south, light rise followed by falling barometer; no decided change in temperature. Upper Lake Region, Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys, warmer, fair weather with local rains in Missouri, variable winds shifting to east and south, stationary or falling barometer.

Cullings From Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 21.—The Evening Journal's Saline, Mich., special says a quarter of the business part of the town burned this morning. Loss $28,000; partially insured. The village is eleven miles south of Ypsilanti.

Judge Henry B. McClure, a prominent lawyer of Jacksonville, Ill., dropped dead in the depot here this morning, while on his way to Lansing, of heart disease.

Jefferson Davis, President of the late Confederacy, is in the city to-day visiting an old schoolmate. He leaves for Montreal to-morrow.

The Duke of Sutherland was on 'Change at 1 o'clock and was greeted with hearty cheers and handshakings by the "bulls and bears."

Sunk.

BOSTON, May 21.—The steamship Ganos, from Matanzas for Boston with a cargo of sugar, sunk in Boston Harbor last night. Loss on cargo $350,000, and on steamer, which is owned in Hull $160,000. The Ganos collided with the Warren Line steamer Pembroke, bound for Liverpool. The latter vessel was not seriously injured but put back for repairs. The crew were all saved with the exception of one seaman.

INSURED.

BOSTON, May 21.—The cargo of the steamer Jonas was insured for $218,000. The Pembroke will be libeled for damages.

Archbishop Purcell Dying.

CINCINNATI, May 21.—The Times-Star report direct from the Ursuline Convent in Brown county, Ohio, says Archbishop J. B. Purcell is steadily sinking; that he is scarcely conscious of what transpires in his presence, and takes little or no cognizance of what is said to him. It is thought he cannot last many days longer. He has suffered since the death of his brother from a slight stroke of paralysis.

New York Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Loans, increase, $6,461,900; specie, increase, $3,630,800; legal tenders, increase, $738,900; deposits, increase, $9,193,300; circulation, increase, $538,400; reserve, increase, $1,921,375. The banks now hold $16,738,575 in excess of the legal requirements.

Draft on Baltimore Brokers.

BALTIMORE, May 21.—The office of Fahnestock & Co., brokers, South street, was robbed this morning of $10,500 in bonds. The bonds had been placed behind a screen whence they were taken without attracting notice.

Mexican Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—The United States Signal Service Office will in future receive weather reports from Mexico.

Still Alive.

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.—Col. Thomas A. Scott is sinking rapidly and can hardly live out the day.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, May 21—Arrived: Alf. Stevens, Dyersburg, 8 p. m.; Diamond, Pittsburg, 9; Hickory, St. Louis, 1 a. m.; Silas P. Coe, Ohio, 6; Sharp McDonald, New Orleans, 7; Paris Brown, New Orleans, 8; Belle Memphis, New Orleans, 10. Departed: W. P. Halliday, New Orleans, 10 p. m.; Gold Dust, Vicksburg, midnight; Alf. Stevens, 11; Diamond, Pittsburg, 10; Hickory, Tennessee River, 6 a. m.; Alice Brown St. Louis, 5; Silas P. Coe, below, 7; Sharp McDonald, Pittsburg, 9; Paris Brown, Cincinnati, 9.

EVANSVILLE, May 21.—Arrived B. H. Cooke, 9 p. m.; J. N. Throop, midnight, Golden Crown, 1; John Hopkins, 5; Golden City, 5; Baltic and tow, 10; Bessie F. 11 a. m. Departed—Crown, Cincinnati, 2; Baltic. Louisville, 1; Golden City, New Orleans, 11 a. m.; Bessie T. Ozark, 11 a. m. Falling; 11 feet 4 inches.

WHEELING, May 21.—River 6 feet 5 inches and rising slowly. Arrived yesterday: St. Lawrence, 5 p.m. Departed: Buckeye State, for Cincinnati, 11 a. m.; Granite State, for St. Louis, at 11 a. m. Weather clear and mild.

LOUISVILLE, May 21.—River falling; 6 feet 6 inches in canal, 4 feet 6 inches in chute on falls. Clear and warm. Andy Baum, Cincinnati to Memphis.

MEMPHIS, May 21.—River falling. Arrived: Colorado, from St. Louis. Weather cloudy.

CINCINNATI, May 21.—River 12 feet 2 inches and falling; fair and warmer.

PITTSBURG, May 21.—River 4 feet 9 inches and rising. Weather pleasant.

Marine.

QUEENSTOWN, May 21.—Arrived: Ohio, Philadelphia; Celtic, New York.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Arrived: City of New York, from Liverpool; Canada, London.

NEW ORLEANS, May 21.—Arrived Steamship New Orleans, New York.

FOREIGN BUDGET.

Terrible French Defeat in Algeria by the Rebel Arabs.

News Notes From Russia, France, Turkey, Ireland and the Dominion—Latest Dispatches.

Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 21.—The projects for the diminution of peasants' rent in the thirteen northern governments, and for the compulsory purchase of lands not yet ceded to them in accordance with the intentions of the emancipation act of 1861, have now been finally sanctioned by the Council of the Empire, and only awaits the Czar's signature.

Ireland.

LONDON, May 21.—Priest Sheehy, arrested at Kilmallock under the coercion act, has been a prominent member of the Land League since its foundation, and was one of its original organizers.

A BIG FIRE.

DUBLIN, May 21.—The premises of Hodgeson, McMaster & Co. druggists' and oil refiners, burned to-day. The damage is estimated at £50,000. The burning oil ignited eleven adjacent houses which are still burning.

Tunis.

PARIS, May 21.—News from Oran, Algeria, states that a column of French troops, under Col. Innocents, has been attacked by a body of five thousand insurgents led by the chief of the Bouamena rebels and defeated after a hotly contested engagement in which the French lost 40 native auxiliaries killed and wounded.

THE BEY DEPOSED.

LONDON, May 21.—A dispatch from Tunis announces that the Sultan of Turkey has pronounced the deposition of the Bey and that the French declare their intention to uphold him.

The Dominion.

QUEBEC, May 21.—At a Cabinet Council meeting the following appointments and changes were made: Jas. McDonald, Chief Justice of Nova Scotia; Sir Alexander Campbell, Minister of Justice; John O'Connor, Postmaster General; J. A. Nousseau, Secretary of State; A. W. McLellan, President of the Council.

France.

PARIS, May 21.—Under the Scrutin de Liste method of electing deputies the new Chamber will consist of 590 members or about fifty more than at present. The Foreign Ministry under St. Hilliare will remain until after the elections and then give place to Gambetta.

England.

LONDON, May 21.—Two million copies of the revised New Testament are already sold here.

Turkey.

CHIOS, May 21.—Two strong shocks of earthquake occurred on this island last evening. Several more houses fell.

THE JUDGES JAILED.

Three Scotland Justices Sent to Jail for Three Months.

Judge Treat this morning in the United States Circuit Court disposed of the contempt matter involving the Justices of Scotland county, B. F. Bourne, Ephraim E. Sparkes and Riley Gale. These gentlemen appeared to the order of attachment which issued for disobeying the writ of the United States Court, which commanded them to levy a tax for payment of bond-judgments against the county obtained some time since in the United States Court. The justices were in an awkward predicament, for the Supreme Court of this State had decided that the bonds sued upon were invalid, and when the justices applied to the Court of their district for an order authorizing them to levy a tax to satisfy the Federal Court judgment it was refused. Judge Treat said this morning that the questions arising in this conflict of Federal and State authority were not new. The Supreme Court of the United States had passed upon such matters before. There was no question that the Scotland County Judges had disobeyed the order of the United States Court. That authority could not be ignored: neither could it be defied. Passing, therefore, at once upon the matter of contempt, the Court would order the three Judges to be committed to the City Jail for three months, and they would not be released therefrom unless they signed and filed a paper expressing a willingness to obey the order of the Court.

A Sister's Suit.

Emma E. Hurst has filed suit against her brother, James H. Hurst, proprietor of Hurst's European Hotel. The young lady alleges that she was engaged in the capacity of pantry-girl, sewing and linen girl and general attendant at the hotel, and that her services were worth $1,200 but she never received any money in respect of such service. For a further cause of action the sister states that on the 9th of July last year her brother seized her by the arms, dragged her about the room, threw her down on the floor and inflicted several blows on various parts of her body. The following morning he broke the lock of her room-door, entered the apartment, seized and whipped her, threw her trunk and clothing out in the hall, tore her dress and the clothing which she wore at the time and nearly choked her, beside cruelly bruising her in all parts of her body. Twenty-four hundred dollars damages are asked for these assaults.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

An inquest was held on the body of E. J. Allen, better known as Zack, who committed suicide in the Stock Yards yesterday evening. Allen, it seems, was addicted to gambling, and has met with heavy losses of late, which is supposed to have led to the rash act.

The Coroner is having a busy time of it in East St. Louis this week, having held six inquests up to noon to-day. The last subject was an unknown man found near Louis Gross' park about 10 o'clock this morning. Mrs. Klaus, residing near the park, was roaming around her farm this morning when she stumbled over the body. The police were notified and Mr. Mertz, the undertaker, started out with a wagon for the corpse. The man is a total stranger in East St. Louis. Coroner Bader will hold an inquest this evening.

Barney Fadden, residing on Division avenue, was the possessor of a large English bull dog. This morning the dog showed signs of hydrophobia which became more alarming as the day advanced. The dog took possession of the house about 10 o'clock and Mr. Fadden procured a large club and attempted to eject him. The dog sprang at his throat and embedded his teeth on the left side of the neck, from which the blood flowed freely. Officer Zimmermann was sent for and arrived with a shot-gun. The dog bolted at him as soon as he approached within short range, but was met with a load of shot which brought him to the ground. Another load was discharged into the vicious brute which ended his agony. Mr. Fadden bled profusely from the neck before medical aid arrived. His injuries are not considered very dangerous.

Accidental.

This morning Coroner Frank held an inquest on the body of Frank J. Koehler, a painter, who sustained fatal injuries by falling from a scaffold while at work last Monday on the third story of a house, No. 909 Hickory street. John Downey, who was at work with him, testified that he was sitting on one end of a swinging stage, held by ropes from the chimneys, when the deceased fell. He supposes that Koehler had accidentally stepped on the handle of a round brush which rolled away, throwing him backwards to the sidewalk where he found him in an unconscious condition. The man was taken to the City Hospital where he died of the injuries.

THE SHOOTING TOURNAMENT.

Programme of the Contests in the State Shooting Matches Next Week.

The shooting tournament of the Missouri State Sportsmen's Association will begin at Compton Avenue Park on Monday, May 23, promptly at 8:30 a. m. J. B. C. Lucas, President of the Association, will have full control of the tournament on that day. It has been found impossible to arrange a definite time for each shoot, but the tournament will begin on Monday with the following programme:

FIRST SHOOT. PURSE $300. CLASS SHOOTING.

Ten single birds, 21 yards rise. Ties, three at 26 yards; three at 31 yards. Entrance fee $5. Fifty per cent to first, 30 per cent second, 20 per cent to the third.

The winner of first prize also wins a Parker double breech loading shot gun, extension rib, 10 bore, 30 inch, all improvements. Donated by the A. F. Shapleigh & Cantwell Hardware Company, St. Louis. Value $125.

The winner of the second prize also wins a handsome silver cup, manufactured and donated by the E. Jaccard Jewelry Co., St. Louis; value $75.

The winner of the third prize also wins a case of "Star and Garter" Sherry, donated by Peter Nicholson, wholesale grocer, St. Louis; value $30.

The fourth best score wins a set of gents' oval ivory hair brushes, in case, donated by Richardson & Co., druggists, St. Louis; value, $30.

The second best tie for first prize wins a case of fine French claret, donated by Mr. Thomas H. Burtt, corner Third and Washington avenue, St. Louis, member of the St. Louis Gun Club; value, $17.

The second best tie for second prize wins a box of tea, donated by D. G. Evans & Co., wholesale tea dealers, St. Louis; value $10.

The second best tie for the third prize wins a leather cartridge trunk, with 200 Albright's extra loaded trap shells, donated by Wm. A. Albright, gun dealer, 313 North Third street, St. Louis; value $16.

SECOND SHOOT. PURSE, $300. CLASS SHOOTING.

For teams of two from the same club. Each club may enter one or more teams.

Two pairs double birds, eighteen yards rise. Six single birds twenty-six yards rise. Ties, three single birds thirty-one yards.

Entrance, $6. Fifty per cent to first, thirty per cent to second and twenty per cent to third.

The winner of first prize also wins a handsome silver goblet, donated by L. Bauman & Co., jewelers, St. Louis; value, $75.

The winner of second prize also wins a pure sterling silver cup, donated by Paul Franc ke, of St. Joseph, Mo.; value, $50.

The winner of third prize also wins a case of 24 1 lb. cans Orange Lightning powder, donated by Laflin & Rand Powder Co.; value, $28

The fourth best score wins a butt of Tinsley's finest natural leaf tobacco, donated by Goddard, Peck & Co., wholesale grocers, St. Louis; value, $20.

The second best tie for the first prize wins 2½ kegs F G rifle powder, 2½ kegs ducking powder, 5 cans electric powder, donated by the Hazard Powder Company, Wm. McBlair, agent, St. Louis; value, $17 50.

The second best tie for second prize wins a handsome silver ice pitcher, donated by M. Eisenstadt & Co., jewelers, St. Louis, value; $10.

Arrangements are made whereby the best of order will be maintained, and especial attention will be paid to the comfort of ladies visiting the grounds. No one under the influence of liquor will be permitted to engage in any shoot, nor to handle a gun at the match, and no betting will be allowed on the grounds. One shoot will follow another promptly in regular rotation, and shooting will continue each day so long as light and weather permits. The large number of birds which Captain Judy has secured; insures plenty of sport for the entire week. During the Convention and tournament the association headquarters will be at the Southern Hotel, where delegates will be entertained. Capt. Bogardus, though a non-resident of the State, and therefore not permitted to shoot, will be present at the tournament and act as referee.

MURDER IN THE SECOND DEGREE.

So the Killing of Moses Anderson is Decided by Mr. Dierkes.

Coroner Frank to-day swore out a warrant charging John O'Brien with murder in the second degree. At the inquest held yesterday there was a discrepancy in the testimony, some of the witnesses testifying that at the difficulty which occurred at the Biddle Street Depot of the W. St. L. and P. Railroad Company, where O'Brien and a negro named Mose Anderson were trying to drive to the same door, Anderson advanced towards O'Brien, who stood still and only defended himself when Anderson was about to attack him. Another witness said O'Brien was on his wagon when Anderson began to advance with a look of determination, and that he jumped down, and picking up a stake also advanced, and when near Anderson struck him on the head. The deceased had nothing in his hands at the time of the difficulty, and in this testimony the jury returned the verdict holding O'Brien responsible for Anderson's death. On the submission of the evidence to Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes this morning that officer decided that it was a case of murder in the second degree. Col. Normile, O'Brien's attorney, made no defence before the coroner as he said the verdict would cut no figure in the matter in any event. He holds that it is a case of self-defense only The bond which was set at $3,000 will be furnished by Col. Normile.

Metropolitan Turf Exchange,

No. 108 North Fourth street, sells auction and combination pools to-night, Monday and Tuesday on Louisville races and remainder of the week on Baltimore races. Combination tickets $1 each. Winning combination tickets yesterday paid $82 65 for $1.

Found in a Slough.

The body of a new born child was found this morning in the slough near the foot of Lesperance street. An inquest will be held to-morrow and in the meantime the police will investigate the case, the character of which the Coroner has not yet decided. No marks of violence are visible on the little body.

New Warrants.

The following warrants were returned for setting by the Clerk of the Court of Criminal Correction to-day: Charles R. Jameson, charged with abandoning his wife and children on the 16th of May. William Clark and James Thompson and Charles Curtis, charged with petit larceny.

NORTH ST. LOUIS LOCALS.

The Baden street cars by their new time table run until mid-night.

Buck's Eclipse Stove Works has shut down for a few weeks for repairs.

The National Hall, Broadway and Chambers street, which has been shut down for some time, will be reopened next month.

By falling from a lumber pile in the Schulenburg yards, Second and Hall avenue, this morning, John D. Clerd had the knee cap of his right leg dislocated.

Local Weather Report.

SIGNAL OFFICE,
ST. LOUIS, MO., May 21

Time.	Ther.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
7:07 a. m.	68.5	E	Fair.
7:00 a. m.	66.5	E	Fair.
10:07 a. m.	76.6	E	Fair.
2:00 p. m.	79.0	E	Cloudy.

Maximum temperature, 80.5 deg.
Minimum temperature, 62.0.
River 24 feet 11 inches.
Fall 0 foot 1 inch.

H. J. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Service U. S. Army.

HOME LIFE.

What Society is Doing in St. Louis.

A Bulletin of Facts and Fantasies for Fair Readers.

Mr. John Rankin will go, as usual, to Saratoga.

Mrs. Heister Clymer has decided not to go to Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Barney have taken rooms at the Southern.

Miss Mary Triplet goes soon to visit friends in Davenport, Iowa.

Mrs. Eugene Miltenberger goes to Green Lake for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Q. A. Fritchey will leave for Denver, Col., July 1.

Mrs. Hugh Campbell intends passing the summer at Narragansett.

Mrs. Ben Lewis will take an Eastern trip if her health does not improve.

Miss Jessie Lansing will visit Hannibal next week. She will be absent for one month.

Mrs. Menge has just arrived from New Orleans and is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Jaminet.

Mrs. Michael J. Hartnett has returned from her visit to Mrs. Sarah Chambers at Florissant.

Miss Boyce, on her return from abroad, will build an elegant residence on Grand avenue.

Mrs. Fanny Easton, of Louisville, Ky., nee Castleman, will shortly visit her family here.

Mrs. Bofinger has sold her elegant house on Pine street and goes soon to the Eastern watering-places.

Miss Nellie Curtis has joined her sister, Miss Minnie Curtis, who is pursuing her studies in Paris.

Miss Katie Jacob, of Louisville, Ky., is visiting the family of S. M. Egerton, Esq., Lafayette avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Johnson are about to leave the Lindell and go to housekeeping on Whittimora Place.

There is in Scholten's windows a beautiful crayon picture of Mr. and Mrs. Julius Walsh and their children.

Mrs. Foster and Miss Pink Hamilton have left their P. P. C. cards prior to their departure for Europe.

Mrs. Scott, of Pine street, and her daughter, Miss Lou Scott, leave for the seashore about the middle of July.

Mrs. Branson, the wife of an officer stationed at Cheyenne, will leave St. Louis in a few days to join her husband.

Mrs. Judge Wickham and her daughter, Miss Fanny, go this week to pass a short time at their country residence at Graham Station.

Mrs. E. O. Chapman and Mrs. Jessie January are about to visit Mrs. January's mother in Paris, and from thence they will go to the German Spas.

Mr. D. S. Crosby and son have returned from a visit to Chicago. Mrs. Crosby will go to Denver, Col., in July on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Chouteau Smith.

Mrs. Julius Walsh's performance upon the harp at the concert given at the Mercantile Library Hall, for the benefit of St. John's Hospital, was much admired.

Mrs. John R. Lionberger is going to Narragansett Pier for her health. She will be accompanied by her daughter and her niece, Miss Maggie Clarkson, of Columbia.

Mrs. John K. Tiffany and family will spend the early portion of the summer at Worcester, Mass., and the remainder at Cape Cod, where they will be joined by Mrs. Martin Collins.

The St. Louis Athletic Club are to give an entertainment this afternoon at 4 o'clock, at which the creme de la creme of St. Louis society will assist.

Col. C. E. Bowman, Commissioner of Agriculture from Frankfort, Ky., came on to St. Louis to attend the Davies-Rhodes' wedding. He is now visiting his cousin, Mrs. Pitman, of the Beaumont Flats.

Among the regrets received at the Tutt-Garrison wedding there was one from W. T. Sherman and one from Jefferson Davis. They were exhibited to the friends of the family tied together by a piece of white ribbon.

Mrs. Gen. Bowen's daughter and Mrs. Judge Bowlin's grandaughters are getting up a dramatic entertainment which will come off soon. They will play "Ingomar." Miss Birdie Jenkins takes the part of Parthenia.

Mrs. Chas. P. Chouteau and her daughter, Miss Nannie Chouteau, are now in New York, where they went on account of Miss Nannie's bad health. Mrs. Chouteau will return home very shortly, but Miss Chouteau will remain in New York.

Mrs. Edwin Bathurst Smith leaves St. Louis on the 1st of July to spend a month at Long Branch. The latter part of the season she will pass at the White Sulphur. She will be accompanied by a number of young ladies whom she expects to chaperone.

Mrs. Finney Howe, nee Eliza Eads, on Thursday gave a conversazione and reception to Mrs. Armstrong from the East. Mrs. McHenry and Mrs. Hazard, sisters of the hostess, assisted her in receiving her numerous guests, who were the elite of the city.

Mrs. Di Kearney and her daughter will spend the summer at their cottage at Cape May. The Countess de Karmel, also a daughter of Mrs. Kearney, will accompany her mother to the sea shore, and at the close of the season will return to her home in Brittany, France.

Mrs. Edgar Ames and her daughter, Miss. Ada Ames, will participate this summer in the gaities at the White Sulphur. Mrs. Ames' son, Henry Ames, Jr., will go north on a boating excursion with his two cousins, Robert and Semple Floyd Jones. They will sail in their own yacht.

Mrs. Dr. Wm. Johnson has nearly completed the most magnificent dinner service ever painted in St. Louis. The fish service represents different species of the finny tribe, and the fruit plates are gems of beauty and artistic finish. Other pieces of the set have a variety of lovely landscapes.

Giles Valle, Esq., gave a handsome dinner last Saturday evening to a party of gentlemen. It was served in courses *a la Russe*. Several of Mr. Valle's expected guests disappointed him, owing to various causes. Messrs. Jessie January, Fred B. Ewing, August Ewing and S. C. Cabanne were present.

Miss Georgia Campbell has recently returned from Chicago, where she has been painting portraits for one of the first families there. A very marked improvement is observed in her painting since her studies under the celebrated Healy, of Chicago. Miss Campbell expects to return to that city to continue a course of study with Mr. Healy, who has just returned from Europe. His latest work is a portrait of the King of Roumania.

A prominent society lady has just received from Japan a square shawl of Indian cachemire, embroidered almost half a yard in depth in palm leaf designs, wrought in India reds and Persian blues, interwoven with silver threads. A piano cover was also sent with the shawl. This was made of a light shade of brown cloth, worked over the entire surface in silk flosses of bright colors mixed with threads of gold, forming different hieroglyphics and arabesques.

Among Mrs. D. Lane Howell's trousseau was a dinner dress of shaded satin. In the front and in the middle of the back it was of the deepest wine color and shaded off at the shoulders to the palest ruby. The whole dress was elaborately trimmed with point a'aurillac lace and made in a court train. The train was lined with cream-colored satin. Mrs. Howell warded off the illomens surrounding a marriage in May by wearing an old pair of black slippers, her wedding slippers having lain forgotten on a chair.

Mrs. Ben O'Fallon's parlors on Thursday were crowded from five to eight o'clock in the evening by throngs of ladies. The bride, Mrs. Randolph, wore her exquisite wedding dress, and many other elegant toilettes were noticed. Among the ladies present were: Mrs. Dan Catlin, Mrs. Rufus Lackland, Miss Lackland, Mrs. R. R. Hutchinson, Mrs. S. Carr Cabanne, Miss McDowell, Miss Tallie Brant, Miss Mary Boyce, Mrs. Scanlin, Mrs. Ed. Lackland, Mrs. and Miss Berthoud, Miss Foy, Mrs. Chouteau, Mrs. and Miss Churchill and many others.

Mr. Eyber, of Bordeaux, gave a dinner party at the Metropolitan, on Fourth street, to several gentlemen of this city. The principal feature of the occasion was the rare wine offered to Mr. Eyber's guests. Besides other vintages, there was Chateau-Yquem of '61, Rothschild claret of '69 and Burgandy, of '64. There were invited to the feast Messrs. Charles Chapman, Charles Maffitt, Pierre Chouteau, Tom Turner, Charles and S. C. Cabanne, Jules Valli-Valli, Fred B. Ewing, Mr. Tomes, Mr. McCormick and Mr. Thompson, of the Boatmen's Bank.

Mrs. Woodward gave this week a delightful lunch to Mme. de Vervin's French Club at its last meeting for this year. Mrs. Woodward has a beautiful suburban residence, adjoining that of Mrs. Chas. P. Chouteau. The collation was one of the handsomest of the season, and was attended by Mrs. Le Dieu, a sister of Mrs. Woodward, and all the members of the club. These were Mrs. Rufus Lackland, Mrs. and Miss Papin, Miss Vion, Miss Berthoud, Mrs. Borep, Miss Laura Doane, Miss Von Schrader, Miss Eustace, Miss Belle Alleyne, Mrs. George Haywood, Mrs. Adams, Mrs. Ike Cooke, Mrs. Benoist, Mrs. George Drake, Mrs. D. Ellsworth Smith and Miss Boisliniere.

Last night Mr. McCreery's opera, "'L'Afrique," received mos tenthusiastic applause from a large and appreciative audience. The costumes upon the stage were modeled after Kate Greenway's "Under the Window," and, although of an ancient cut and design, were wonderfully becoming to the young people who wore them. Miss Cora Carpenter, the prima donna, wore a loose blue satin slip, finished by rows of puffing edged with white lace, and crossed on the bosom by a fichur of white lace tied at the back in a large bow. Upon her head was a hat surmounted by a cascade of blue plumes. Miss Carpenter used the large fan which she held in her hand with as much effect as a Spanish woman. Miss Pauline Schuler was dressed in a short skirt, striped in red and white, with white muslin waist and black velvet bodice. A coquetttish apron and cap of white lace completed her toilet, etc. The costumes in the chorus were various; the hats being all very large and of every shape. Among them were: Miss Harrison in a pink sprigged muslin, very short waisted, with pink fichu and hat a la Normande. Miss Mathews, white muslin over blue slip, with white fichu and blue bonnet. Miss Sherrick, black and old gold striped grenadine, black and gold fichu and bonnet. Miss Nannie Pitman looked lovely in a peach blossom organdy with fichu of white embrodered muslin, poke bonnet trimmed in red and blue. Miss Cora Libby, pink slip, pink fichu and hat. Miss Annie Schuler, light green slip, pink fichu and bonnet, and Miss Adams, pink sprigged muslin, pink fichu and very large pink hat.

Mrs. Gen. Boyle gave an afternoon reception from 4 to 7, at her new and elegant residence on Washington avenue, on Thursday to Mrs. Boyle Beatty, wife of the President of Central College, Danville, Ky., and the Misses Barret of Louisville, Ky., nieces of Mrs. Thomas Tutt of this city. The suite of three rooms was thrown open and decorated with flowers, among which large clusters of water lilies were most noticeable, carelessly arranged in large black and gold vases. Mrs. Boyle received her guests in the front parlor, assisted by Mrs. Boyle Beatty and the Misses Barrett. Mrs. Boyles' dress was a cream colored mull underskirt with polonaise of cream embroidered silk mull, trimmed with point d'Aurillac lace and lavender ribbons; no ornaments? but natural flowers. Mrs. Boyle Beatty wore an elegant toilette of black gros grain silk, trimmed in cut steel and jet, with diamond jewelry. Miss Barret's costume was a lavender silk jupon, with overdress of lavender, brocaded in silver and trimmed with pearl passementerie. Miss Henny Barret's dress was of the palest shade of cameo pink silk, with overskirt of pale pink brocade and pearl trimming. Among the many ladies present were: Mrs. Charles Knapp, Mrs. Burns, Mrs. John Parker, Mrs. Griswold and Mrs. Huntington Smith, Mrs. Noyes, from Vermont; Misses Cherry and Lucy Bent, Miss Lou. Scott, Miss Sallie McPheeters, Miss Fanny Samuels, Miss Newman, Mrs. Plant, Miss Stanard, Mrs. Boyd, Mrs. George Parker, Mrs. Day, Miss Lizzie McKinley, Mrs. Parsons, Mrs. Carroll, Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. Lionberger Davies, Mrs. Emmons, Miss Davies, Miss Carpenter, Mrs. Tom White, Mrs. Richard Allen and Mrs. Tom McPheeters.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The twelfth annual exhibition of the High School Literary Society took place yesterday afternoon.

The junior class of the Franklin Branch High School gave an exhibition in the hall yesterday. The exercises were highly interesting.

Johnny Quinn, five years of age, was run over by a wagon on which he was stealing a ride on Main street. His injuries are not dangerous.

The Police Board held its semi-weekly meeting yesterday afternoon. Officer Scheusler, of the Third District, was made turnkey in the Fifth District.

Herr John George Hertwig has produced the first copy of the American Weekly, a St. Louis periodical devoted to American affairs and interests. It is a very bright little sheet and promises well.

A horse attached to a wagon belonging to J. D. Grant, the shoe man, ran away on Washington avenue last evening. The animal ran from Fourteenth street to the bridge, but did little damage.

A picnic at Queen's Lake, a short distance from the city, in Illinois, given by the Lone Star Social Club to-morrow, will afford an excellent opportunity for a day's recreation in the woods. All sorts of amusements are on the programme, to say nothing of fishing.

The executive committee of the Crow Museum were yesterday informed by Mr. Edwin Harrison that he would present his picture, "Between Love and Riches," to the gallery on condition that it be kept on permanent exhibition. The committee have accepted the gift.

John Schultz, residing at 821 Carr street, went over yesterday morning to tear the roof off Heims' Brewery in East St. Louis. He fell from the scaffold and his head struck the top of a standing locomotive, where the steam-cock is placed. The man lay insensible, and all the escaping steam scalded him badly. His injuries are painful.

Elmer J. Allen, an employe of the National Stock Yards, committed suicide last evening by shooting himself in the head in the Stock Yard barn. He was a brother-in-law of C. T. Jones, superintendent of the yards, and has been employed there for three years. He was twenty-seven years of age, and leaves a wife and two children at Schenectady, N. Y.

The House Committee on Charter Amendment have drafted the sprinkling bill. It provides, first, that the Municipal Assembly shall have power to pass ordinances for sprinkling any street or streets: second, that the mode and frequency of sprinkling shall be fixed from time to time by the Assembly; third, that a special tax for sprinkling shall be assessed on each lot according to the width of roadway and the frequency of the sprinklings.

Rev. Dr. Tudor, the eloquent Methodist divine, will preach at St. John's M. E. Church, on Sunday morning on "The Undying Conflict." Rev. Dr. Felton will conduct the services and preach Sunday evening at the same church.

ROSHELLE.

What the Missouri Medea Has to Say for Herself.

A Short Chat With a Lovely Woman About Voice and Stage.

"Can I see Mrs. Sherwood?" queried a POST-DISPATCH reporter of the nymph of the bell at 1806 Olive street, yesterday afternoon.

"Please walk in." And the scribe was ushered into an apartment where a group of young ladies were pointing out to each other mysterious jokes in a couple of books they were reading, each bit of humor necessitating a general giggle. After watching this proceeding up to a point where the reporter began making mental bets with himself as to which girl would laugh next, a light step was heard upon the stairway, and Mrs. Sherwood —or, as she is better known throughout the State, Roshelle—entered the chamber. She is an impressive-looking woman, whom one would instinctiveiy single out of a crowd as a remarkable, an interesting person. Her beauty is of the brunette-blonde order, her hair being dark and massy, while her eyes are blue; her complexion is faultless, and the chiseling of her features admirable. Many people would call Roshelle a beautiful woman, and with the adventitious aid of costume and make-up there is no doubt that hers must be a strikingly pretty face; even as it is she has very little to demand of nature in this regard. Roshelle's best feature is her voice; it is wonderfully musical and wonderfully well modulated; there is a sonorousness and a music in it which at once arrests the interlocutor and makes him wish that she would go on talking about anything and everything. Of course there is a certain—not affectation exactly and not exactly art—about this well-managed modulation; probably the best name for it would be a consciousness of its melody which forces itself upon the hearer unwillingly, and makes him aware that science as well as nature are conspiring for his entertainment. There is much about Roshelle which recalls Mary Anderson, both in her generous curves and in her frank, open countenance and it is quite safe to say that she has richly merited the success which has already crowned her. After the inevitable meteorological confidences had been exchanged, the wayfarer ventured a small compliment on her voice whereupon she said: "You know it was originally my intention to go upon the lyric stage, but my voice is a contralto and I could find nothing which was in character as well as in range what I wanted."

"How did you come to make your debut?"

"It has been my dream ever since childhood. I have thought of it, longed for it, prayed for it. In fact I may say that I was forced upon the stage by the stress of circumstances."

"Your range seems to be very nearly that of Mary Anderson. Are you modeling yourself upon her?"

"Indeed, no. This question has been often asked me before by people, who, because I play "Evadne" and "Ingomar" and the "Hunchback," imagine that I am aping Anderson. This is not the case. I have only seen Miss Anderson twice, and I think that there will be found very little similarity in our interpretations. Of course I am only a debutante, and I confess that my work is full of crudities, but for all that it is original. I want to be judged entirely on my merits. I am no society woman. I have no cliques or clubs to push me forward. I am to be judged entirely on my acting, and on that alone I am either to be received or rejected. It is a fact that I have made a success in the provincial towns. By the way I notice that one of the papers speaks of my carrying the small towns. I don't think that such places as Kansas City, St. Joseph, Atchison, the Bluffs and Leavenworth can properly be designated in that way."

"You open here on the 30th, I believe?"

"Yes, in Evadne."

"What have you underlined for the week?"

"Evadne, Love, the Hunchback, Ingomar and the Honeymoon."

"Is 'Evadne' your favorite?"

"I like it very much, but I want you to say about my 'Evadne' that I have only played it four or five times, and that on all these plays I have had only a few months of actual work. I don't say this for an apology, or to bespeak more lenient criticism, but simply to explain some of the crudities which I know will be found in them. I don't claim to be a great actress yet. I am as much of an experiment to myself as I am to the public. I am putting myself on trial, and if the verdict is that I have not art, have not talent, have not genius even, then the sooner I am informed of it the sooner I will step down and out. I want to make my debut, my real debut, in St. Louis, which is my own town, and by the judgment of this city I am prepared to stand or fall."

"Do you feel very nervous about it?"

"No, I can't say that I do. I feel simply that I am testing myself. And then, you know, the hope that springs eternal in the human breast makes me believe that the result of the experiment will be all that I could wish."

"And after your week at Pope's?"

"I finish my season there, and my plans for next year are not yet matured."

A Valuable Recipe.

All cold meats, particularly corn beef, should be pressed before eating. The Simmons Hardware Co. have an excellent press for this purpose. Call and see it.

A Mysterious Beast.

Florida (N. Y.) Special Dispatch.

This part of Orange County is greatly excited about a mysterious beast which is said to make nocturnal raids around the neighborhood. There is only one person—a negro—who will swear that he has seen the strange animal, but there are scores of persons who claim to have seen evidences of his depredations on adjacent farms, and to have heard his unearthly screams when startled by the approach of men. The negro says that he suddenly met with it at the mouth of a cave on the farm of a Mr. Green, and that it stood erect to the height of seven or eight feet and screeched so loudly that it frightened him so badly that he fainted. When he regained his senses the animal had gone. Parties have explored the mouth of the cave on Green's farm, and while they claim to have discovered evidences of the whereabouts of some strange animal they have failed to come up with it. Yesterday it is said that a dead dog, with its back broken, was found near the mouth of the cave, and part of a sheep's skin and entrails were also close to the entrance. A party is being organized to search for and kill the strange animal, but the negro will not be of the party.

McELRATH, at 509 North Sixth street, don't buy neckwear in job lots, but receives all the novelties as soon as they come out.

How Disraeli Became Christianized.

From the New York Tribune.

There seems to be some dispute as to the way in which Lord Beaconsfield became a Christian. The Jewish World (London) says that "he was duly and in accordance with Jewish practice initiated into the covenant of Abraham." His father, Isaac Disraeli, had, after seceding from the synagogue, lapsed "into a state of complete indifferentism." According to one story Lord Beaconsfield was baptized through the interference of a Mrs. Ellis, who took advantage of the father's absence from town to have the ceremony performed. According to another account Rogers, the poet, an intimate friend of Isaac Disraeli, taking a fancy to the boy, then only thirteen years of age, carried him to the nearest church—St. Andrew's, Holborn, on the 31st of July, 1817, according to the register—where he was baptized by the Rev. J. Thimbleby. There is no statement that the lad was in the least consulted as to his own wishes, and at the age of 13 he could have had no theological convictions. But the fact remains that through life he nominally adhered to the church which Mr. Rogers or Mrs. Ellis selected for him when he was a boy. It is now pretty well understood that this adhesion was political. Cardinal Newman is reported to have said that "he would no more expect Lord Beaconsfield to look at a religious question except with the eyes of a politician than he would expect a chimpanzee to give birth to a human baby." "Two peers and a baronet," says the Catholic Times, "stood at his bedside, to which he admitted nor priest, nor parson, nor rabbi." Thus is he who dissected everybody himself dissected. Every newspaper discusses him after its kind. The medical journals criticise his diseases and doctors; the law periodicals the amount of legal lore which he acquired when articled to a solicitor in Old Jewry. Being dead, he yet puzzles his fellow-creatures.

ST. PETERSBURG.

Melancholy Character of Life in the Russian Capital.

Correspondence London Telegraph.

You may ascribe the sadness, the monotony and the silence of metropolitan life in Russia to the merciless asperity of the climate; still, I would venture to point out that what is known as a "cold snap" in New York City, although it does not last so long as a Russian winter, rivals the intensity of that winter in its nipping and eager keenness; and yet that there are very few open air spectacles to be seen in this working world busier and more joyous than Broadway between A. T. Stewart's dry-goods store and Tiffany's, on Union Square, at about 4 p. m. during a very cold Christmas-tide. Also you may urge that St. Petersburg must needs be melancholy just now, under the dire bereavement which has fallen on its loyal population; and that all the fashionable world being in mourning they cannot be expected to go shopping in the Nevskol or the Great Morskata; in short, that, for a season, all cheery life and sociality has been crushed out of the great city. But to this I would reply that I was in St. Petersburg not only four-and-twenty, but five years ago; that it was the winter and in the midst of the fashionable season, and that I found it externally a very dull and melancholy city. It will not cease to remain so, I should say, at all times, so long as it remains what it is—his Imperial Majesty's jail. It is nothing more nor less than a huge prison, with about 150,000 jailers in civil and military uniform to look after about 500,000 prisoners, of whom a tithe perhaps may be legally or illegally desirous of having a free constitution established, while the remaining nine-tenths do not know what a free constitution is; are not fit to enjoy its privileges; would not know what to do with a constitution if they got one, beyond setting forth, much more swiftly than their own *troikas*, *tarantasses*, or *kibitkas* ever traveled, post-haste to the devil, mundanely speaking. That was a very striking act of horsemanship at Astley's in the olden time; the courier of St. Petersburg riding six horses at once; but it is enough to make one shudder to think of Ivan Ivanovich's riding, as he can ride at present, even one horse of the constitutional breed. But is the capital of Russia to remain a jail? If you doubt its being one, go there and see things for yourself. Try how you like having your letters opened in the postoffice, and your telegrams subjected to the revision of the official censor. See what effect is produced on your temper by being continually subjected to surveillance and espionage, or by being worried in your hotel bed-room by the passport clerk attached to the establishment, who is continually wanting to know how many days longer you intend to stay in that agreeable country; whether you have ever been there before, and what reasons brought you there the last time of your coming; and why the foreign office passport you brought with you was issued by Lord Derby instead of Lord Granville. I tested the stupidity of a gendarme on the frontier by showing him a very old passport signed by Lord Clarendon four-and-twenty year ago, and he was perfectly satisfied. Finally, I should be anxious to know how you would like to live in a city into which it is prohibited to introduce two of the most important of the daily newspapers published in London; and where your Punch, Illustrated London News, and your Graphic —when you are permitted to receive those journals—are found to have passed through the official censor's dirty paws, and to have been mutilated and defaced by him—now by the entire excision of a portrait or a cartoon, now by the blocking or stamping out with some filthy black compound of some article or paragraph which has been found obnoxious in the eyes of censorious and inquisitorial authority. Yes, St. Petersburg is his imperial majesty's jail, with a vengeance. When Peter the Great created this essentially artificial city, and which will go by the board some day, with its more rotten systems of tyranny, stupidity, and corruption, built on piles in the middle of a morass, he did so with the avowed intention of having a "window looking into Europe." But his successors, in the insanity of their selfish despotism, took good care to guard the window with a triple row of bars. The innocent pigeons which make the streets of St. Petersburg beauteous even at the ugliest of times, have thus much in common with Sterne's starling—that they might be continuosly repeating the complaint of that memorable feathered biped. "We can't get out!" the Petropolitan pigeons, unfeathered as well as feathered, might dolefully cry.

Girls in Palermo.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

Young girls in Palermo, Sicily, are kept close to their mothers' sides, and even two together may not walk in the streets by themselves. To our way of thinking, the bonds might be a little relaxed with advantage to all concerned. It is surely an unnecessary amount of surveillance which demands that a girl may not stand in a balcony three stories above the street without a duenna to watch over her, or that she may not be chaperoned by a friend, but only by a responsible relation. She is less rigorously held than was the French girl of thirty years ago, but she has nothing approaching to our Western liberty. And in this, too, Palermitan society is like English society of two generations back, before the new era of independence and unrestricted intercourse had set in. The men are attentive, but in what we should call an old-fashioned way. It is attention, courtesy, care, but not comradeship. Ladies are still creatures to be kept somewhere in seclusion, somewhat isolated from general contact, but to be kept well and to be cared for. If you take a lady home to her hotel or her apartments you are expected to go up with her to the door of her room. There is no leaving her at the street door and to the mercy of the porter, but she must be consigned in safety to the keeping of her own. Ladies seldom or never walk in the street, save on the sacred silent days at Easter, when no wheeled vehicle is allowed in Palermo. The very poorest of the gentry have their carriage, which, indeed, is a necessity in this climate; and when they shop the man comes to the carriage door with his wares; the lady does not descend.

A Lucky Baby.

From the New York Tribune.

When Miss Una C. Pearson arrives at years of discretion she will conclude that Durango, Col., was a good place to be born in. She is the first native of that flourishing camp, and her advent was the occasion of much joy among the hard-fisted frontiersmen, many of whom, no doubt, had not seen a baby for twenty years. That was a "tenderfoot" whom the veterans were glad to welcome, and within a few hours after her appearance in this vale of tears she had received innumerable presents of all kinds and values, including a bag of gold dust, a half-dozen bottles of soothing syrup, a dog, a town lot, a year's subscription to the local newspaper, four tons of coal and a post office box.

PRESCIENCE.

Yes, for me also blooms a rose,
For me some mavis builds a nest,
And I shall find, though far I rove,
Some heart of heart that loves me best.

My king shall come, though long delayed,
Though weary, wandering, faint and lone,
Some drop from out the mighty sea
Of love shall fall and be my own.

Some tiny drop, some wee, sweet flow'r,
Some bird, soft winging o'er the lea,
Shall bring me, in some fateful hour,
The crown of joy that waits for me.

MINNIE C. BALLARD.

MARSHAL NEY.

A Man Who Can Prove That He Was an American.

Kansas City Letter to Chicago Times.

For some weeks past I have noticed various accounts of the alleged relationship by descent of the lady of our worthy chief magistrate, Mrs. Garfield, to the world-renowned Grand Marshal, Michael Ney, nee Rudolph; and thinking it might be interesting to some one of your many readers to have some reminiscences of the alleged birthplace and early history of that remarkable personage, I will, as briefly as I can, give an outline of the tradition.

As far back as 1838 the writer had often heard the story related from the lips of the late Dr. Tobias Watkins, a native of Annapolis, Md., who during the administration of John Quincy Adams, was appointed Fourth Auditor of the Treasury. The doctor was one of the most accomplished belles lettres scholars of his time, and resigned his position as surgeon in the Navy to accept the duties of Auditor. He stated that Michael Rudolph, together with several brothers, were born and raised on Elk River, in Anne Arundel county, Maryland. His parentage, I believe, was Swiss, and spoke not only English, but a French patois, as did he. Michael Rudolph moved from that section of the country to the vicinity of Savannah, Ga., at an early day, and engaged in planting. Whether he married prior to leaving Maryland, or after locating in Georgia, I have forgotten. However, he was married at the time he was living in Georgia, and by the marriage had two boys. He left his plantation on a business trip to New Orleans, where he was detained some little time. Upon his return something aroused his jealous doubt as to the fidelity of his wife. He severely punished the presumed author of his troubles, leaving him in a dying condition, gathered together what personal effects he could take with him, and left, with his two little boys, in a French ship then lying in the harbor of Savannah, destined for Bordeaux. Nothing more was heard of him definitely, though rumors to the effect of his troubles and subsequent arrival in France had reached his friends in Maryland.

The time of his leaving the United States and the time of his turning up in the French army, were in chronological order. Every school boy is familiar with the manner in which he rose from the ranks and won the high encomium of "Le plus brave des braves" by Napoleon. The change of his name from Rudolph to Ney was evidently an effect of mortification on his proud nature, for Ney would as nearly express "nothing" as he could wish. French historians have differed materially as to his birthplace and early history, some stating that he was the son of a notary in one of the faubourgs of Paris, others that he was the son of an inn-keeper in Gascony, etc.; but all anxious to claim him as a Frenchman. In 1843 I frequently met with a Dr. Earl, of Philadelphia, who was visiting Washington, and in the course of our interviews he, in speaking of Napoleon and his Marshals, alluded to the alleged fact that Marshal Ney was an American by birth, and stated that he had been traveling over Europe at his leisure, making all the inquiries possible to find out all he could upon that subject, and the more he pursued his inquiries the more he became convinced of the alleged fact. I remarked that I had heard the matter very earnestly asserted by my friend Watkins, and would be much pleased to bring them together, so as to enable them to compare notes. I did so, and the result was that their belief as to Marshal Ney and Michael Rudolph being one and the same person was firmly established in their minds, and corroborative of this theory were two or three prominent facts, viz:

When the French fleet under Admiral D'Estaing was blockaded in Annapolis Bay by an English fleet, many of the officers who were acquainted with Marshal Ney would daily visit the city, and when, upon one occasion, one of Michael Rudolph's brothers visited the city on business and was met in the street by the Frenchman, they halted and at once exclaimed: "Mon Dieu! it is the Grand Marshal; Leon Ronge has escaped"—so great was the likeness. Dr. Earl had pursued his researches to Georgia, and there was earnestly told by a worthy gentleman that one of the French emigres who had settled in Savannah told him very excitedly, some years before, that upon the arrival of a French packet, among the passengers who landed under an assumed name, were Victor Ney and brother, sons of the marshal. They traveled incognito, and had been for a few days making inquiry for Mrs. Michael Rudolph and her plantation. While pursuing their investigations they were met by the Frenchman spoken of above, who at once recognized them, and cordially saluted them with the exclamation: "Why, Monsieur Victor Ney, why, when did you arrive?" Ney drew himself up, and in reply, in French, remarked: "You are mistaken in the person." They left Savannah immediately, and as mysteriously as thy arrived.

And again, at the trial of Marshal Ney, after the overthrow of Napoleon at Waterloo, for breaking his parole, his advocate (to whom, knowing his fate was sealed, he doubtless told under the seal of secrecy his early history), in his earnest endeavor to save his distinguished client's life, after being satisfied that his conviction was a foregone conclusion, exclaimed: "If there is no other plea that will save my client's life I claim his life not as a Frenchman, but as"—Ney at once vehemently stopped him, exclaiming, "Hold! let me die a Frenchman."

Who knows how far the stolid indifference to death, manifested by him upon every bloody field—in covering the retreat from Moscow, with the old guard at Waterloo: aye! even for the sublime indifference with which he met his fate at last—may not have sprung from a morbid feeling created by the real or imaginary wrong committed by one he dearly loved; for he seemed to court oblivion by death.

Those who desire to gratify their curiosity further upon this (to me) interesting subject can doubtless collect many little corroborative incidents from the family of the late estimable old clerk of the court of Annapolis, Nicholas Brewer, who, though dead for possibly a quarter of a century, was prior to his death continuously clerk for over sixty years. He was an earnest and enthusiastic believer in the fact of Rudolph and Ney being one and the same person, and, I have understood, had collected a mass of testimony in support of the theory. My impression is that Mr. Brewer's son succeeded him as clerk, and may possibly still occupy the position and have memoranda made by his father during his lifetime.

A Strange Story From St. Petersburg.

From the London Times.

A rumor is universally current in St. Petersburg that the Revolutionists lately even appointed one of their number to wait on the Emperor Alexander and explain to him in bluff and unambiguous words what they really wanted. One day, so runs the story, a young man presented himself to the City Captain Baranon, and requested him to procure him an audience of the Emperor, as he had a most important communication to make to His Majesty. Deaf to all questions, he would speak his message to the Czar alone, and on His Majesty expressing his readiness to receive the mysterious stranger, the latter, after being carefully examined, was led into the presence of his sovereign. Commanded to speak, the young man said he had been commissioned by the Executive Committee of the Nihilist party to make oral declaration to the Czar of their proposals for the restoration of peace, as it was feared His Majesty had been kept in ignorance of the demands contained in their recent manifesto to him, which was being printed in large numbers and distributed among the people. After delivering his message the bold revolutionary legatee was promptly placed in durance in the fortress of SS. Peter and Paul, but the police have hitherto been unable to find the slightest clue to the identity. So runs, at least, the general story in St. Petersburg, and it certainly contains nothing of inherent improbability in view of the audacious self-sacrifice which characterizes all the acts of the terrorists.

LUNGS FULL OF FILINGS.

Singular Cause of the Death of a Suffering Machinist.

From the New York Sun.

A post-mortem examination of the body of Joseph Bausel, who died recently in this village, developed a phenomenon which surprised the doctors, and has been the theme of considerable medical speculation. Bausel, who was forty-eight years old, was a native of Wales, and in boyhood was apprenticed to the trade of machinist and loom-fixer, which he followed in various factories in Wales and England before he came to this country thirteen years ago to set up the machinery in the Oswego Falls factories, opposite this place on the Oswego River. The machinery was of English invention, and required an expert to adjust it. Bausel was an excellent workman, and was given constant employment here at his trade, which involves the adjusting of machinery by filing the joints to make them fit smoothly. He had an extraordinary amount of this work to do, for the reason that the managers of the Oswego Falls factories have constantly been putting in new machinery and extending their mills.

Bausel was a man of strong constitution, but was addicted to enervating excesses, and for the past ten years his health has been seriously impaired. He had been treated by all the doctors here and others from Syracuse, and had dosed himself with everything he could hear of, so that his house resembled an apothecary's shop. Most of the physicians thought he had cancer of the stomach. The symptoms were lancinating pains, followed by the vomiting of a coffee-colored substance. The paroxysms occurred at intervals of two or three weeks, often attacking him in the street or at his work. Sometimes the pains appeared in his knees, disabling his legs so that he fell.

One day, nine years ago, a physician administered a hypodermic injection of morphine to relieve the pain, and kept up the injections for a year. Then Mrs. Emma Franklin, who had become Bausel's nurse, concluded that the expensive daily visits of the doctor could be dispensed with. So she bought a syringe and some morphine and set up in the business herself. About this time Bausel quarreled with his wife, and she went home to England. He became a boarder at Mrs. Franklin's, and she continued the morphine injections daily for eight years, to relieve Bausel's pain when he was in pain, and when he was not, for fear he would be. During the last year the dose had increased to 10 or 15 grains of morphine a day, and Bausel's legs were black with the scars of the syringe.

His last illness began in March last with a severe cold, upon recovering from which he experienced for the first time great difficulty in breathing. This was thought to be asthmatic. The attacks were periodic, spasmodic and excruciatingly painful. He could could not lie down or sleep, though constantly dosed with morphine. A new doctor suspected heart disease.

At 12 o'clock the night before Bausel died the doctor was called. The man's eyes and jaws were set, his extremities were cold, and the radial pulse was gone. An hour or so later he regained consciousness, sat up in his bed and asked what had happened. When told he said "I guess I am gone this time." He directed that the attending physician, in order that it might be settled what had been the matter with him so long, should make a post mortem examination, to which anybody might be invited except the doctor who had first given him morphine. Then he became insensible, and next morning he died.

At the post-mortem examination, which was made by Dr. C. S. Marsh of Oswego, assisted by Dr. W. A. Hall of Fulton, it was observed that the upper surface of the lungs had a strangely mottled appearance. On closer examination it was found that it was covered with iron or steel filings, embedded in the tissue. On the under side of the lungs there was no trace of filings. A quantity of dark-colored blood was found in the stomach, the mucous membrane of which was engorged, and the heart was greatly enlarged with ossifications, as large as the end of the thumb, on the mitræ valve.

When the metal filings on the lungs were discovered one of the physicians remarked that they showed clearly what the man's occupation had been. The doctors say that other persons similarly engaged are likely to become similarly affected by inhaling steel and iron filings, and that the deposit on the lungs might and probably would be fatal, especially if the pulmonary organs were not strong, or the man exceptionally robust. Paralysis and enlargement of the heart complicated the case of Bausel, and resulted in his death. The examination was not carried far enough to determine the amount of the metal filings imbedded in his lungs.

American Literature.

From the London News, May 3.

American literature has now become so far English that it has supplied us with more household words than the literature of any other country, except France. Mr. Lowell's own "Bigelow Papers" have lent us some—notably the skeptical criticism of John P. Robinson on the culture of Palestine, and the warning as to the necessity of early rising when one is attempting to circumvent the Absolute. From a writer much less frivolous than he is commonly thought to be, Mark Twain, we have derived not only bywords but opportunities for that inextinguishable laughter which seems to refresh and renew the whole system. If Mark Twain had written nothing but the account of his purchase of the celebrated Mexican plug, and his account of how he once increased the circulation of an agricultural paper, he would have made his mark among the humorists who have used the English language. Mr. Bret Harte has supplied us with the immortal economical reflections of Bill Nye, and has formulated the doubt which we all feel in presence of the Mongolian race, the doubt whether Aryan man is not played out, has not had his innings, and is on the point of following the Toltecs into the grave of vanished peoples. But these are only the first names that occur. Our fiction owes its most refined and elaborate pages to Mr. James and Mr. Howells, our anthropology is under a heavy debt to Mr. Bancroft and Mr. Morgan, our criticism is sharpened by contact with that of half a dozen brilliant writers, and perhaps it is only in poetry that we will venture to think, if we may use an appropriate expression, "we have the inner tracks." The American Caucasians are certainly not played out, and we may perhaps expect from them the poet who is to succeed our foremost living masters.

A Toad in Her Stomach.

Utica Special to New York Sun.

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Literature.

lon News, May 3.

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New York Sun.

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RIVER NEWS.

THE river is on a stand, with plenty of water in all the rivers for the largest of boats.

BUSINESS was quite dull to-day on the landing and few arrivals, compared to the early part of the week.

CAPT. JAMES O'NEIL left for Jeffersonville last evening to witness the launching of the new Anchor Line steamer City of Vicksburg.

THE Grand Pacific is due from St. Paul, the Alex Kendall from La Crosse, and it is about time the fast Bald Eagle should arrive from her St. Paul trip.

CAPT. ALEXANDER LAMONT will back out at 4 this evening the daisy Dora for Hamburg and Clarksville. Mr. Frank Dean graces the office.

THE new Spread Eagle got in this morning from Grafton with an average trip of both freight and people, and leaves promptly at 3 o'clock for Alton and Grafton.

MR. AL. HASKINS, late clerk of the Mollie Moore, is in the city and will go to the mountains in a few days to take charge of the office of one of the Kountz Line steamers.

THE Fannie Lewis, with Capt. R. T. Whitledge in command and Rolla Porter in the office, will be off at 5 this evening for Saline City and all landings on the Lower Missouri.

CAPT. ALEX. MCCONNELL, with his good Carrier, will not leave for the Ohio River until next Tuesday evening. Messrs. Brown and Dales run the office and Jenkins & Sass are her agents.

THE Chas. P. Chouteau has laid up for the present and will make excursions during the hot season, and can be chartered by applying to Capt. W. H. Thorwegan at the Lindell Hotel, or Geo. Miltenberger, the chief clerk.

CAPT. JO BRYAN, late commander of the Southern steamer Ed Richardson, is now commanding the Annie Silver in the New Orleans Anchor Line, and will back her out this evening at 5 o'clock without fail from the levee wharf. Capt. Green Shields attends to the office duties and Billy Greist is his assistant.

THE faithful Calhoun takes her departure at 4 o'clock this evening for Perry Springs, Naples, and all points on the Illinois River as high up as Peoria. That experienced and well-known boatman, Capt. Sam Gray, treads the upper deck, and the genial O. S. Watt attends to the office, ably assisted by Tom King.

THE "Flag Ship" City of Greenville, of the Vicksburg Anchor Line, will cast loose her lines at 5 o'clock to-day for Memphis, the Bends and Vicksburg, and will have all she can carry and plenty of passengers. The veteran, Capt. Robert Riley, is the grand commander of this beautiful steamer, and Messrs. Charley Quesnae and Clem Nolte are her well known and popular clerks.

THE Joseph Kinney arrived from Kansas City yesterday morning, with all the freight she could carry, and a fair trip of people. She lay at the elevator all day discharging cargo, and arrived at the wharf in the evening. She takes her departure this evening at 5 o'clock, from the Missouri River Packet Company wharf. Capt. Judd Cartwright, is master and and the gentlemanly John Gaunt is in the office.

THE Arkansas, Captain Miles Burke in command and Ebbert and Davidson, clerks, arrived this morning from Keokuk with all the freight she could handle and a full trip of passengers, and will leave this afternoon at 5 o'clock for Keokuk, Rock Island, St. Paul and Minneapolis from the St. Louis and St. Paul Packet Company's wharf. Mr. Jas. A. Lyon, the general passenger agent of the line, can be found at his office on the wharfboat, foot of Locust street.

ADDITIONAL COMMERCE.

GROCERIES.

(Jobbers' Cash Quotations.]

Salt—Common.

Ohio River ₱ brl.....1 10

Sugar—Refined.

BELCHER'S.

Cutloaf	10¾	Standard A	10¼
Crushed	10¾	Missouri A	10¾
Powdered	10¾	Extra C	9¾
Standard Granulated	10⅝	Standard C	9¾
Fine Powdered	10⅞	Yellow C	9¼

EASTERN.

N. O. Clararified	9⅞	Standard A	10
Common Rio	11½@12¾	Prime Rio	14½
Fair Rio	13¼@13¾	Choice fancy Rio	15@16¾
Mexican	14½@15¾	Manahaling	30
Good O. G. Java	20	Mocha	20
Prime do do	25	Guatemala	16

Fruits—Foreign.

Currants, 1880	6¾@ 7¾	London layers	2 50
Figs, boxes	10½	Muscatels	2 35
Figs, pill boxes	55	Citron, Leghorn	19
Prunes, bbls	9¼	Dates, new black	6@8
Raisins, layers, ₱ box	2 25	Lemon peel	18
" " ½bx	1 20	Lemons ₱ box	4 25
" " ¼bx	65	Oranges ₱ box	6 25
Valencias	9½	Cocoanuts	4½@5

Cheese.

Per lb.		Per lb.	
Buffalo brand	10½	N. Y. Fac. Cream	11½
Swiss, genuine	30	Swiss, imitation	7@20
Limburger	14	Y'g America	18
Pine apple	21		

Nuts.

Almonds, ₱ lb	16½@19	Peanuts, raw, choice white or red, ₱ lb	6
Brazil, ₱ lb	6¾@9	Peanuts, roasted, white or red, ₱ lb	8
Filberts, Sicily	12@14	Walnuts, Naples, ₱ lb	17@19
Pecans, Texas, ₱ lb	10		
" Ind. Ter. "	7		

Syrup and Molasses.

BELCHER'S.

	100 lb brls.	90 lb hfs.	50 lb qrs.	15 lb kits	12 lb kits
Golden syrup	40c	43c	46c	51c.	
Sugar-house syrup	38c	41c	44c	49c.	
" "	in 45-gal kegs			₱ kg. $1 75	

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES.

Rebolled, prime to str. choice, per gal					40@55
	$ 90 lb brls.	$ 50 lb hfs.	$ 25 lb qrs.	$ 90 lb kits	$ 80 lb kits
1880, Tinkers	$ 9 00	$ 5 00	$ 4 55	$ 2 55	90
No. 1	10 50	5 75	5 25	2 95	1 05 90
No. 2	7 75	4 40	3 90	2 30	90 75
Fat Family	6 75	3 85	3 50	1 95	75 65
No. 1 Bay	12 00	6 50	5 90	3 30	1 15 95
Prince Edward Island Mess	16 00	8 50	7 75	4 30	1 45 1 20
No. 1 Shore	20 00	10 50	9 50	5 30	1 75 1 45
No. 1 Ex. Shore	25 00	13 00	11 75	6 55	2 15 1 75
No. 1 Mess	22 00	11 50	10 40	5 80	1 90 1 60
No. 1 Extra Mess	28 00	14 50	13 00	7 30	2 35 1 95
No. 2 Large	9 00	5 00	4 55	2 55	90 80
LAKE FISH					
No. 1 Lake		5 75	5 35	3 15	1 10 95
No. 1 White		8 00	7 40	4 35	1 50 1 25
No. 2 White		5 75	5 35	3 15	1 10 95
Family do		4 75	4 45	2 65	85 80
SALMON.					
Columbia River Salmon	16 00	8 50	7 70	4 30	1 45 1 20

Codfish.

Boneless, boxes, choice, 35-lb bxs ₱ lb	4½
Boneless selected, 25-lb boxes, ₱ lb	6
Boneless fancy, 40-lb boxes, ₱ lb	8
Boneless fancy, 5-lb cartoons, ₱ lb	8½
Whole Genuine Georges, 100, 50 and 25-lb bxs, ₱ lb	5½
Medium, 100, 50 and 25-lb bxs	5
New smoked Halibut, in 100, 50 and 25-lb boxes, ₱ lb	12½

Mackerel in Tins.

Breakfast mess, 5-lb tins, ₱ doz	5 50
Prize medal mess, 5-lb tins, ₱ doz	5 75
Family mess, 5-lb tins, ₱ doz	4 50

Miscellaneous.

	Brls. 200 lbs.	½-brls. 100 lbs.
No. 1 R'd Shore, Herring	6 50	3 50
N. Labrador Split	7 00	3 75
New Gibbed	6 50	3 50
Potomac Roe Herring		6 50
Herring, Boxes, No. 1 and scaled box		28
Herring, boneless, in ½-lb tins, ₱ doz		1 80
Herring Holland, Crown brand, new, ₱ keg		—
Herring, Holland, Milter's brand, new, ¼ keg		1 65

DRY GOODS.

[Jobbers Quotations.]

Denims.

Amoskeag	16½	Warren, AXA	14½
Clark's	16	" BB	13½
Boston	9	" CC	12½
Belmont XX	15	Belmont CCC	12½
" BBB	13½	" AAA	14½

Cheviots.

American	10½	River Mills	7¾
Ontario	10	Rugby	8
Cumberland	9	Bates	11

Jeans.

Sutro	10	Iowa	30
Abbotsford	12½	Vermont Doeskin	37½
Assergne	15	Elk Horn	40
Calcutta	15	5 Leaf Ky	32½
Glenolden	18	St. Nicholas	40
Uncle Sam	16½	Live Oak Buckskin	35
Provident	20	Ermine Doeskin	45
Wood Lake	20	Empire	42½
Star Union	25	Humboldt Doeskin	45
Preferred	30	Arragon	55

Tweeds.

Pedestrian	15	Crosbyville	35
Kansas	18	Camel's hair	15
Bois de Boulogne	18	Seaside	16
Allens Cubans	20	Tilton	55
Ermine	50	Leicester	57½

Ticks.

Amoskeag D	13	Connestoga X	11
" ACA	17½	" AA	12
" A	16	" CCA	14
" B	15	" C T	15
" C	14	" Extra	17½
Lancaster	17	Ocean	8

Prints.

Gordon	5½	Merrimack fancy	7
Dunnel	6½	" shirtings	6
Albion solids	6	Spragues shirtings	6
Allens	6½	Freeman fancy	—
Arnold's fancy	7	Bristol	6½
American fancy	6½	Simpson's	7
Hamilton	7	Windsor	7
Manchego fancy	7	Richmond	6½
Southbridge	6½	Cocheco robes	7
Hartel	6½	Pacific robes	7
Mallory pink	7	Oriental robes	7
Spragues fancy	6½	Durham	5½

Brown Drills.

Boston S O	10½	Savage, fancy	15
" XX	13	Buckingham, fancy	16½
" AAA	15	Waltham	10
Belmont 10	11½	Belmont 20	12½
" 30	13½		

Bleached Cotton.

Androscoggin, L	9½	New York Mills	13
Bleachdale	6¾	Linwood, 4-4	9¼
Chapman	7½	Lonsdale, 4-4	10
Dawnel	11	Fruit of Loom, 4-4	10½
Fairmount	6½	" 7-8	9¼
Gilt-edge	7	Hills, 4-4	10
Hero	8½	" 7-8	9
Knights' cambric	10	Hope, 4-4	8¼
Langdon, G. B	12	Whitensville, L 4-4	9
" 76	10	" 7-8	8

Brown Sheetings.

Atlantic, A 4-4	8	Hoosier, 4-4	8
" H 4-4	7½	Indian Head, 4-4	8½
" LL 4-4	6¾	" 7-8	7¾
" V 7-8	7	Indian Stand'd, A 4-4	8¼
Aquawan, F 4-4	6¾	" B 4-4	7¾
Augusta, 4-4	—	" C 4-4	7½
" 7-8	—	Lawrence, LL, 4-4	6¾
" 3-4	—	Middlesex, A, 4-4	4½
Belmont, 4-4	7½	Mathews, A, 4-4	7
Cherokee, 4-4	5½	St. Louis, 4-4	7¾
Great Western, 4-4	7½	Trion, AAA, 4-4	—
Graniteville, AA 4-4	—	Richmond, R 4-4	6¾
" EE 4-4	—	Sea Island, 4-4	6
" LL 4-4	—		

Ginghams.

Amoskeag	11	Glasgow	10
" dress styles	12½	Berkshire	9
" Scotch	11	Renfrew staples	10¾
Bates	10¾	" Madras	12½
Cumberland	8	Royal Dress	11½
Pennsylvania	7	White's staples	10

Flannels.

Raftsman	25	Goiners	22½
Lumberman's	25	E rers	20
Blue Ridge	22½		

METALS.

Coke Tin Plate.

IC, 10x20	$10 00	IC, 14x40	$ 6 00
IC, 10x14	6 00		

Charcoal Tin Plate.

IC, 10x14	$ 7 00	IX, 14x20	$ 9 00
IC, 12x12	7 00	IXX, 14x20	11 00
IC, 14x20	7 00	IXXX, 14x20	13 00
IX, 10x14	9 00	IXXXX, 14x20	15 00
IX, 12x12	9 00	IX, 20x28	19 00

Soft Lead.

Pig Lead, large	5½	Bar Lead	6

Block Tin.

Large pigs	23	Small pigs	24
Bar Tin	25		

Babbitt Metal.

No. 1	18	No. 2	14
No. 3	10	No. 4	8

Sheet Zinc.

600 lb casks	7¼	100 lb casks	8¼
250 lb casks	8	Single sheets	8½

Bessemer Steel Baling Wire.

No. 9, ₱ 100 lbs	$5 00	Nos. 10 and 11	$5 50
No. 12	5 75	No. 14	7 00

Brazier's Rod.

8-16, ₱ lb	5	13½, ₱ lb	4

Roofing Tin.

IC, 20x28	$ 6 50	IC, 20x28	$13 50
IX, 20x28	8 50	IX, 20x28	17 50

COPPER.

Planished Copper—Boiler Sizes

No. 7, 14 oz., 14x49			₱ lb 38
7, large, 14x52			
8, 14 oz., 14x56	Nickel plated,	₱ lb	48
9, 16 oz., 14x60			
Tinning per sheet, 6 and 7			12
" 8 and 9			15

Fence Staples.

Per keg	5
Per lb	5½
No. 12 coppered	8
Stretchers	₱ doz. $2 00

Brass and Copper Wire.

	Brass springs.	Copper.
No. 6 to 20, net ₱ lb	35	43
21 " "	38	46
22 " "	39	47

Barbed Wire.

Twisted	—Galvanized —
Clothes line wire, doz. rolls	$3 50

Galvanized Sheet Iron.

(Morchead & Co.'s Juniata.)

	Per lb.		Per lb.
No. 18 to 20	12	No. 22 to 24	13
No. 26	14	No. 27	15
No. 28	16		

Discount — per cent.

Russia Sheet Iron.

GENUINE.

Nos. 8 to 12	₱ lb. 14

Bright Market Wire.

Nos.	6.	7, 8, 9,	10, 11,	12,	13. 14,
	9.	10,	11,	11½,	12½,
Nos.	15, 16,	17,	18,	19,	20,
	14.	15.	16.	19.	20,

American Planished Russia.

	₱ lb.		₱ lb.
No. 23	11	No. 24 to 27A	11
No. 24 to 27B	10		

Broom Wire.

No. 18 to 22, ₱ lb.....10

Boiled Iron.

	₱ lb		₱ lb
No. 18 to 20	3 80	No. 26	4 30
No. 22 to 24	4 00	No. 27	4 50

Solder.

No. 1, ₱ lb.....14 | Charter Oak ₱ lb.....15½

Nails.

Best Wheeling rates.....$3 00

Galvanized Wire.

Nos. 7, 8 and 9	10	Nos. 10 and 11	11
No. 12	11½		

Discount — ₱ cent.

Steel Fence Wire.

Always put up in 100-lb bundles.

Nos. 7, 8 and 9 fence, ₱ lb net	—
Nos. 10 to 11, grape trellis, ₱ lb net	—
No. 12, grape trellis, ₱ lb net	—

SHEET IRON.

Charter Oak Iron.

No. 24, 24 and 30	in. wide, 100, in. long, ₱ lb		5.10
No. 26, 24 and 30	" 100, in. " "		5.30
No. 27, 24 and 30	" 100, in. " "		5.50

Charcoal Sheet Iron.

No. 26	₱ lb 7.10	No. 27	₱ lb 7.30

GUTTER COPPER, 20x72.

10 to 13 lb, ₱ lb	30
14 lb, ₱ lb	28
Soldering coppers, ₱ lb	30
Soldering copper handles, ₱ doz	50

DRUGS.

Alum	4@5	Ipecac	1 50
Aloes, cape	17@25	Indigo	90@$1
Acid, tartaric	50	Jalap	40@45
Balsam copaiva	75	Logwood	4@5
Blue mass	45	Lunar caustic	90
Borax, ref	16@18	Liquorice	35@40
Blue vitriol	10@12	Madder	13
Calomel Amer	65	Magnesia carb	35@40
do English	1 20	Morphine	4 35
Camphor	30	Oil Bergamot	$3@3 25
Cream tartar	25@40	Opium	6 00
Cantharides	1 35@40	Oil lemon	3 25
Chloroform	90	Peruvian bark	35@2 00
Copperas	2½@3	Quinine	2 70
Epsom salts	3@3½	Rhubarb	1 00
Glue	15@25	Sal soda	2½@3
Gum arabic	25@60	Soda, bicarb	4@5
Iodine	3 75	Saltpetre	6@16
odide potassium	2 50		

STEAMBOATS.

Notice to Churches and Societies.

The steamer Chas. P. Chouteau is for charter for picnics and excursions. Apply on board.
WM. H. THORWEGAN, Master.

Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE.

Packets for Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg.
Leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Str. CITY OF GREENVILLE.....Riley, Master
Will leave Saturday, May 21, at 5 p. m
Packet for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester and Grand Tower.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis.
Leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Str. JOHN B. MAUDE.
Leaves Monday, May 23, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste Genevieve, St. Marys, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT.....Postal, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
W. B. RUSSELL, Agent.

FOR NEW ORLEANS AND WAY LANDINGS.

The Magnificent Steamer,
Str. ANNIE P. SILVER.....Bryan, Master
Will leave wharfboat foot of Market st. Saturday, 21st inst., 5 p. m. For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN W. CARROLL, Agent.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
For New Orleans.
Str. PORT EADS AND BARGES,
Leaves Tuesday, May 24, at 5 p. m. For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to
WM. F. HAINES, Freight Agent.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET.

For Point Hastings, Cape au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburg, Clarksville and all Way Landings.
Str. DORA.
Alex. Lamont.....Master.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 4 p. m., from foot of Cherry street.

For Ft. Madison, Burlington, Muscatine, Rock Island, Davenport, Savanna, Prairie Du Chien, La Crosse, Reed's Landing, Red Wing and St. Paul.
Str. ARKANSAS,
Burke, Master.....Ebert, Clerk
Leaves Saturday, May 21, 4 p. m. from Northern Line wharfboat.
JENKINS & SASS, Agents.
506 N. Levee.

DUBUQUE AND ST. LOUIS PACKET COMPANY.
Making close connection at Dubuque with Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul R'y Co., for all points on river to St. Paul. For Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Muscatine, Davenport, Clinton, Dubuque and St. Paul.
Leaves Saturday, May 21, at 4 p. m.
ST. LAURA L. DAVIS.
E. H. Rand, Master.....John R. Robinson, Clerk
Leaves as above from foot of Cherry st.
JOS. MCENTIRE, Agent,
N. E. cor. Pine and Commercial sts.

DIAMOND JO LINE.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, LaCrosse, Read's Landing and St. Paul.
Str. JOSIE.....Davis, Master
Leaves Saturday, May 21, 4 p. m., from Diamond Joe wharfboat, foot of Washington av.
T. J. BUFORD, Agent.

Missouri River.

KANSAS CITY PACKET COMPANY—STAR LINE.
For Miami, Waverly, Lexington, Kansas City and way landings.
Str. JOE KINNEY.....Cartwright, Master.
Leaves Saturday, May 21, at 5 p. m.
For Rocheport, Arrow Rock, Saline City and way landings.
Str. FANNIE LEWIS.....R. J. Whitledge, Master
Leaves Saturday, May 21, at 4 p. m.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

Ohio River.

ST. LOUIS, CINCINNATI, HUNTINGTON AND PITTSBURG PACKET CO.
For Paducah, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Huntington, Wheeling, Pittsburg and way landings.
Str. CARRIER.
McConnell, Master.....Brown, Clerk
Leaves Tuesday, May 24, at 5 p. m. Receiving at K. N. Line wharfboat
JENKINS & SASS, Agents.
508 N. Commercial.

Illinois River.

CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
Str. CALHOUN.....Gray, Master.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m. from Company's wharfboat, foot of Market st.
C. S. ROGERS, Prest.
F. L. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

P. P. MANION,
BLACKSMITHING AND WRECKING COMPANY.
Corner of Levee and Morgan sts.. St. Louis, Mo

EXCURSION BOAT FOR CHARTER.

The fine passenger steamer ILLINOIS for picnics and pleasure excursions anywhere within fifty miles of St. Louis.
Can be had at short notice by applying to
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL,
Missouri River Wharfboat.

WANTED—ROOMS.

A LADY would like a neat furnished room; is out all day. Rent must be small. Address Q. J., this office.

I WANT 3 or 4 rooms on first or second floor; place to be between Broadway and Sixteenth and Howard and St. Louis avenue. Address, stating rent and locality, T. A. M., this office. 19

ROOMS and board wanted in a private boarding house; state location and price, also size of rooms and what floor. Address D. W. Moody, room 2, 520 Market st. 20

WANTED—Two good sized neatly furnished rooms not above second floor, for gentleman and lady; with or without meals; close to the Pickwick Theater. Address Charles Benton. Laclede Hotel.

WANTED—Fur. room, so. ex., two single beds; convenient to Pine street No questions. Address X. H., P. this office. 19

WANTED—By three young gentlemen, two handsomely furnished rooms, east of Tenth and between Washington avenue and Market. No questions asked. Address at once C. C. X., this office. 21

WANT—Suite of three or four unfurnished rooms for small family, from party without children, in western portion of city or neighborhood of Lafayette Park. Want use of yard and meals furnished. For particulars ad. C. B., Simmons Hdw. Co. 19

WANTED—By two gentlemen a suite of two or three furnished rooms, or single rooms in same house; east of Seventeenth street, near Washington avenue; references. Address, with particulars and price, A. B. C., this office.

WANTED—By gentleman and wife, two unfurnished rooms on second floor, with good board in private family, convenient to cars. Address O. P., this office.

FREE OF CHARGE.

Situations wanted, male and female; lost and found, help wanted, male and female; rooms for rent, rooms or boarding wanted, not exceeding three lines, and not of a business nature, will be inserted free of charge.

SILVER-PLATED WARE
Retailed at Factory Prices.
E. M. WADSWORTH & CO.,
Manufacturers.
Salesroom, 612 Olive street.
Repairing and Replating. 23

PERSONAL.

ALL Cast-off Clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

BOSTON STEAM DENTAL CO.,
802 Washington Ave.
(Over Crawford's Drug Store.)

Best set of S. S. White's gum teeth	$7 00
A good set of teeth	4 00
Gold fillings from $1 50 to	2 00
Silver fillings	75
Composition fillings	50
Teeth extracted with gas	25

All work warranted. DR. CASE, Manager.

CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 803 Locust street.

CALF SHOES $3 50, to measure, at John Lottrup's, 614 North Fourth street.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

ILLINOIS MILK COMPANY,

1523 FRANKLIN AVENUE,

DEALERS IN PURE ILLINOIS MILK.

This milk is very highly recommended by our leading physicians for children. Orders from families, hotels, etc., will receive prompt attention. Deliveries made twice daily. 20

ICE CREAM FREEZERS, Gooch's patent, all sizes. Plain Freezers made to order, by Wilson & Sons, 414 Morgan street. 20

MARTIN'S SHORT-HAND INSTITUTE, 222 S. Twelfth street, established 1876. Get circular and catalogue.

MISS DIXIE CLAYTON: Call at the Post office for letter. Clyde Raymond, Carrollton, Mo. 21

MME. REID, a graduate of the St. Louis School of Midwives. Ladies in trouble call. Board during confinement. Letters confidential. Residence 1716 Chouteau avenue.

MRS. L. J. SIMPSON, 823 Morgan, New York dressmaker, is prepared to make ladies' and children's clothes in the latest style; patterns for sale at from 10c to 35c; hats shaped and trimmed for 50 cents

NICELY made and perfectly fitting wrappers and dresses cut by S. T. Taylor's system at 823 Morgan.

PERSONAL—Madame Camille, 716 S. Fifth st., Egyptian Fortune Teller. Tells by the hand.

PERSONAL—E. P.: Be not alarmed; you are mistaken entirely. One more opportunity and all will be satisfactory. Don Q. 20

PERSONAL—All the go. cheap as common paper, Linen Note heads, Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Account Sales and statements, elegantly printed.
MOUND CITY BAG & PRINTING CO.,
218 Market st.

PERSONAL—We are prepared to print Catalogues, Price-lists, Cards, Bill Heads, Statements, Posters, Dodgers and everything in the printing line, and save you from 20 to 50 per cent.
MOUND CITY BAG & PRINTING CO.,
218 Market st.

PERSONAL—Genuine Turkey Linen Note Heads, pink ruling, at $2 50 per 1,000, well printed and blocked.
MOUND CITY BAG & PRINTING CO.,
218 Market st.

PERSONAL—Just in, 200 reams genuine Turkey Linen Letter heads, pink ruling, $3 50 per $1,000, well printed and blocked.
MOUND CITY BAG & PRINTING CO.,
218 Market st.

PERSONAL—Beautiful tinted Bill Heads, fine paper, well printed and blocked, at $2 25 per 1,000, or $5 per ream of 2,000.
MOUND CITY BAG & PRINTING CO.,
218 Market st.

PERSONAL—To Mrs. Grundy, and she is profiting by it—The word "Singer" is the name of a very popular sewing-machine, and of all the machines sold, three out of every five are of this kind. You must know that since the patents expired in 1877, anybody has a right to make these machines; but until the United States Court decided that the name "Singer" is common property, the name Singer was arrogated by one company, thus preventing honest competition. And the fact is that Singer Sewing-Machines, far superior to those made by the Singer Manufacturing Company, have been on the market for five years, which have been grossly and maliciously misrepresented as "spurious and bogus imitations," etc., because they were offered for less money; and because canvassers and peddlers told them so, the people believed these machines really were inferior, without stopping to reason for themselves. I give my word for it that the Singer Machines manufactured by THE STEWART MANUFACTURING COMPANY are superior to the Singer Company's make. I know them both. I have sold 25,000 of the "Stewarts," with a guarantee in the drawer of each, and bearing no complaint I refer with confidence to those who use them. Having just gained a legal victory to the right to use the name "Singer," I propose to give the public the benefit of it. I invite them to see it, and to buy the $55 machine for $20 cash, until May; or on time, $10 down and $1 per month for balance. I will cheerfully refund the money to any customer not satisfied with the bargain. John L. Stanage. 114 N. Sixth st.

PERSONAL—To Bob: The tall is beginning to wag the dog, and proposes to keep it up so long as it is interesting
SINGER SEWING MACHINES,
manufactured by the Stewart Manufacturing Co., are the best, and now is the time to buy. Until May 10 $55 machine will be sold for $20 cash or on time, $10 down and $1 per month; warranted new and first-class in every sense. The price is in consequence of the United States Court decision, March 21. During the past three and one-half years I have sold 25,000 of these machines, and I do not know of a solitary instance where the purchaser is not perfectly happy. But the improved high-arm "New Stewart" will actually cure the most obstinate case of melancholy. It makes everybody smile but my competitors.
JOHN L. STANAGE, 114 North Sixth st.

PERSONAL—A gentleman forming a troupe for summer travel desires to add half a dozen ladies to his corps. Only the beautiful and accomplished need reply; amateurs preferred. Address Vicomte, this office.

PERSONAL—Summer cooking stoves and all appliances; every one warranted or no sale. Brainerd & Co., 12 South Fifth street.

PERSONAL—R. F. Adams, 215 North Fourth street, still takes twelve splendid carte photographs and two cabin

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

JOSEPH PULITZER : : : PROPRIETOR.
111 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 50
One month (delivered by carrier)	85
By the week (delivered by carrier)	20

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	90
Six months, postage paid	50

Specimen numbers sent free on application.

Money may be sent at our risk by Post-office order, draft, registered letter or in postage stamps.

Correspondence and news are always desired, but letters must be brief and must have the genuine name of the author to be considered.

Postmasters and agents may retain ten per cent of all subscriptions at above rates.

Terms—Cash, invariably in advance.

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed POST-DISPATCH, 111 North Fifth Street.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

The POST-DISPATCH has much the largest BONA FIDE circulation ever attained by any afternoon paper in St. Louis; it has a larger city circulation than any morning paper in St. Louis (except one); its receipts for circulation by carriers are ten times as large, and it sells twenty times as many papers on the streets, by news-boys, as all other afternoon publications combined.

MR. GARFIELD can now transfer the seat of Government to the Soldiers' Home, board, lodging and washing free.

A CHICAGO man has dedicated a poem to ROSCOE CONKLING and it is expected that public sympathy will rapidly crystalize itself on his side.

TWO million copies of the newly revised Testament have already been sold in London. It would pay the book-makers to overhaul the entire Bible biennially.

THE POST-DISPATCH has been awarded the City Printing, and in addition to being the best newspaper in St. Louis is now the most officially official organ in the land.

THANKS to Mr. CONKLING the Senate was enabled to adjourn *sine die* late yesterday afternoon. With it a lot of political tramps, such as GORHAM and RIDDLEBERGER, died and made no sign.

THE recent revision of the New Testament was a fortunate thing for BOB INJURESOUL. He is the most radical reviser in the land and he claims to have higher authority than the Canterbury Convocation.

A RESTLESSNESS is observed upon the part of the Utes, now that pony grass is abundant on the plains. If the army contractors are energetic they will probably be able to start a small war.

IT is not our custom to be patient in adversity, but still we think we could survive if New York's remaining representative in the Senate, CHESTER A. ARTHUR, should resign and climb a tree, so to speak.

THE President neglected to send in the name of a new Minister to Mexico and Mr. CAHILL can return to St. Louis and devote his surplus energies to the intellectual irrigation of his Spanish newspaper.

HAVING spent four months doing nothing the Illinois Legislature now threatens an extra session. It is questionable whether the suffering tax-payers of the State will stand a legislature and grasshoppers at the same time.

MR. HUNT, Secretary of the Navy, has gone to Hampton Roads to inspect the "Tennessee"—known by courtesy as a man-of-war. Every land-lubber appointed to this position owes it to himself to look at one war-ship at least so that he is able, in case of emergency, to distinguish a frigate from a fishing-smack.

WHEN STANLEY MATTHEWS was confirmed the other day Senator EDMUNDS stormed like a madman and threatened to resign the chairmanship of the Judiciary Committee. He cooled off, however, before he started for Vermont. It will be observed that Mr. EDMUND'S contemplated performance did not involve a separation from the Senatorial salary.

A NEW SPORT has become fashionable among the swells in the East—whale shooting. Cape Cod is the favorite ground, and one day this week twenty-five monsters of the deep were peppered with bomb lances and captured near Provincetown. How tedious and tasteless must bird shooting seem to a hunter who has bagged a dozen or two whales!

IF the police of St. Louis would address themselves to the suppression of the bands of drunken, roystering blades who prowl about the up-town streets at night, singing coarse madrigals and howling hideously, they would do much to destroy the provincial aspect of our expansive municipality. Bedouin Arabism is entirely too *rococo* for a city with modern appliances.

IT is not yet definitely known whether Mr. TILDEN will visit St. Louis on his way to Colorado this summer or will stop and spend a few hours with us on his return. It is safe to say, however, that Mr. H. CLAY CONDE will not be taken by surprise. He has thrown out his pickets, and if Mr. TILDEN shows his pre-Raphaelite face in St. Louis he will have to listen to a brass band and the reading of an address filled with roses, hollyhocks and sun-flowers. He will find that here our ways are ways of pleasantness and all our paths are peace—when properly sprinkled."

OUR highly-respected contemporary, the *Globe-Democrat*, is astonished that we should speak of Senators EDMUNDS and SHERMAN as standing out intellectually in the Senate Chamber "like Etruscan vases in a congregation of unwashed apes," and wants to know where we rate the Missouri genius, GEORGE VEST. Our recollection now is that at the time we drew our hasty sketch of the Senate Mr. VEST was over at SANDERSON'S getting some refreshments and consequently escaped our camera. Mr. VEST is a man of pre-eminent ability and he will be found swinging by the prehensile tail to the handle of the Etruscan vases, if we may be allowed to carry out the metaphor. In other words, he will size up closely to the men of big brains in the Senate.

THE approaching death of COL. TOM SCOTT, the great railroad chieftain, is another warning to the men who sacrifice themselves before the Moloch of business. He rose by his labor and executive genius to the head of the greatest railway corporation in the country, amassed a fortune and is dying almost before the frost has fallen upon his head and at a time when life should be the most attractive to him. He is fifty-seven years of age. Three years ago paralysis—the dread penalty of overwork—attacked him, and as in the case of the blasted oak in the forest the death processes were certain and rapid. His physique entitled him to the scriptural three score and ten, but he shortened his life to lengthen his fame as a railway manager, and who is there who will not say that he has paid dearly for his monument?

AT 10 o'clock this morning the jury in the KRING case rendered a verdict of "guilty of murder in the first degree," accompanied by a recommendation to the Governor that the punishment be fixed at life imprisonment. KRING, in a moment of absurd passion, cruelly murdered a married woman who had declined to reciprocate his unnatural and ill-conditioned affection. The act was that of a madman, and Justice has toyed with the slayer until the public has forgotten the cold, pale face of the murdered woman and has worked up a sort of sickly sentimentality for the man who wantonly tore her from life and happiness. It matters little now, since these years of delay, whether KRING be entombed in a living grave or is sent to expiate his crime on the gallows. When Justice takes a life the retribution must be visited with a terrible promptness, otherwise the moral lesson is not effective, Toss Mr. KRING into the heap of mortality in the charnel-house at Jefferson City and let us turn to the man on the calendar whose blood stains are fresh and whose crime has not been converted by the mold of time into a mere misfortune.

ALTHOUGH the extra session of the Senate closed in bad odor, its last act did much to sanctify it. We allude to the defeat of BILL CHANDLER, the machine politician with the shrimp face and pin-head conscience, who was nominated for the office of Solicitor General at the especial request of BLAINE. CHANDLER has had bad luck. During the electoral troubles of 1876 he busied himself to the best of his limited abilities in furthering the steal of the Presidency, and after covering himself with Florida dirt called at the back-door of the White House for his reward in the shape of official cold victuals. HAYES "sicked" a dog on him and drove him away. He retired to his farm in New Hampshire, and for six months used to rise at daylight, go into a vacant paddock near the barn and spend a couple of hours in pawing the earth, kicking the fence and cursing the HAYES Administration. He has divided his time since that between the Washington lobby and a little newspaper office among the stone piles of New Hampshire. When BLAINE, his master, became Premier and Assistant President he handed up his platter with promptitude and received the Solicitor Generalship, The Senate, being seized with the idea that a position of this character should be filled by a man knowing at least as much law as a country constable, quietly picked WILLIAM up on a fine tooth-comb and dropped him out of the back window upon the pavement beneath. If he survives he can adjust his eye-glasses and retire once more to the mountains of Hepsidam, "where the lion roareth and the whang-doodle mourneth." And Mediocrity sits weeping to-day amid the Persipolis-like ruins of Cheek.

IT is our great pleasure once a week to leave the dusty, beaten pathways of acrimonious journalism to browse along the cool, umbrageous columns of the verdant Kirksville *Democrat*, nipping a philosophical thistle here and there and now and then stopping to ruminate under the shadow of a transcendental rhododendron. Few people can realize the comfort that we derive from the efforts of Bro. JOHNS to compel man to know himself. In the current number of the *Democrat* we find an exhaustive editorial essay having this aim in view, from which we cull the following intellectual nosegay. In reading this care should be taken to inflate the lungs and to move slowly over the rough places:

> As the Universe of Cosmos moves, as of force of thought, so does all else move—and as man alone thinks that he thinks, he is thus enabled to know and feel his relationship to the All. All inorganic nature is moved by Force, and, as we ascend the scale to true Vegetative Life, force insensibly (and to us unapparent) falls into thought, when it ascends into the animal and thus finally terminates in Man as the only Thinker, that we actually know. Yet we always have present one Resource to fall back upon—that is, we both feel and know nothing only comparatively and relatively. This latter humbles our Pride and Vanity, and teaches us the importance of loving Mercy, Justice, Truth and all Things as best we can.
>
> As a Thinker who thinks that he thinks, but is not altogether certain about it, we must thank the editor of the *Democrat* for enabling us, a mere epitome of the Cosmos, to realize for once our relationship to the All. We do not recall a time when we felt more comfortable than at this extant moment. After communing with such elevated thoughts we feel like a poor boy sitting on a fence watching a circus procession moving by, and there are moments when we can almost imagine that every blade of grass on the face of the Cosmos is a jewsharp playing the farandole from "Olivette."

THE CROW Museum of Fine Arts is rapidly taking its proper place as one of the most interesting and valuable institutions of the town. The people are rapidly finding out what the gallery means, and what a wealth of art treasures it contains, and consequently it is more and more thronged with each opening. The committee has determined to open the doors every evening next week, except Wednesday, to accommodate the constantly increasing stream of visitors. The patronage is but a well deserved endorsement of the liberality and public spirit in which this beautiful memorial found its origin. In this connection we would suggest to the managers the propriety of opening the gallery to the public on Sundays. Thousands of people in the city have no week-day time for cultivating the æsthetics of life. It has been well said by a local contributor that this Museum is the Church of Art. It is a temple where the mind is lifted up and cultivated, and the hand-maiden of religion always resides where the beautiful and the artistic are found. People with religious prejudices must admit that good pictures are softening and humanizing and that a Sunday spent in communion with Art is neither wasted nor offended. Let the Art Museum be opened on Sundays.

PERSONAL.

—"Try me once; if I cry there will be some mistake."—[Princess Beatrice.

—Before starting for a long day's fishing rub a little soap on the ferrules of your rod.—[Exchange. Be sure to put $2 in your pocket—for fish.

—Mme. Hobart Pacha, the wife of the Turkish commander, is an artist of creditable ability, and has lately exhibited several paintings at Pera.

—Miss Mackey, the daughter of the gentleman known as the "Bonanza King," is engaged, it is said, to marry Count d'Harcourt, a kinsman of Marshal MacMahon.

—Mr. Jay Cooke has so far retrieved his financial disasters that he has paid all his creditors in full and has repurchased his magnificent country seat of "Ogontz," near Philadelphia.

—M. Renan is so conscientious a writer that, out of health as he is, he means, if possible, to go again to the Holy Land and Sinai before writing his History of the Jews up to the second exile.

—The Hon. L. S. Sackville-West is to succeed Sir Edward Thornton as British Minister at Washington. Comment on a man who comes to this country with his name parted in the middle is unnecessary.

—A person in New York has written a story entitled "The Soul of a Star." We are anxiously awaiting the announcement that "The Liver of a Comet," and "The Lungs of a Comet" will soon appear."

—Bismarck's son has deserted the woman who gave up home and friends and reputation for him. In the future Bismarck's claim that this young man is already one of the best diplomats in the world will never be disputed.

—Boston papers are telling about a gentleman in that city who recently made $50,000 in a mining speculation. A Chicago man recently made $100,000 in a mining speculation. He intended to invest that amount in the scheme, but was fortunately taken sick and died before the trade could be completed.

Shaw's Garden.

ST. LOUIS, May 21, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you please let me know through your paper if Shaw's Garden is open to visitors on Sundays? If it is, is it necessary to have tickets for admission? A READER.

[Shaw's Garden is not open to the public on Sundays. A letter from the Mayor would probably secure a private admission on the Lord's Day.—ED. P.-D.]

"Hazel Kirke" to be Married.

New York Special to Chicago Tribune.

An interesting event of the coming week will be the marriage of Miss Effie Ellsler to Mr. Frank Weston, both members of the theatrical profession. The regard of these young people, the one for the other, has been an open secret among their friends for a long time. The attachment dates from the season when Mr. Weston supported Miss Ellsler in leading parts while she played as star in such pieces as "The Daughter of the Regiment," "La Cigale," etc. There are few actresses who are held in more affectionate esteem by the public than Miss Ellsler. A most exemplary lady, as good and sweet tempered as she is pretty and intelligent, she has made friends rapidly, and her successful career as an actress is evidence of her ability. Though this young lady has been many years upon the stage—from childhood to the present time, and has been popular during those years, she has played no other part with such grace and artistic merit, such beauty of expression as have distinguished her performance of Hazel in "Hazel Kirk." This speaks well for her advance in her art. Mr. Weston is a gentleman of sterling qualities of heart and mind, well suited to Miss Ellsler in years. He is an actor of some merit. There is none could wish them other than complete happiness.

Matthews and Taney.

From the Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

Judge Matthews is at last secure in his place upon the Supreme Bench. No man since Taney's time has gone on the Bench against so general popular disapproval, and if Judge Matthews, like Taney, carries the opinions which make him objectionable into a decision in the great case slowly being made up between the people and the corporations, the people will reverse Matthews', decision as they did Taney's.

A Truly Good Rebuke.

From the New York Sun.

Deacon Richard Smith admonishes Col. Bob Ingersoll to cherish intellectual honesty as a pearl of greater price than smartness or wit. The Colonel should not forget it. Better is the rebuke of one truly good man than the flatteries of many wicked.

Hayes Looming Up.

From the Chicago Times.

There is a glorious future still in store for Mr. Hayes, who has just been elected President of a Board of Trustees of a new academy in the woods of Ohio.

A Famous Nobody.

From the New York Tribune.

Mr. Conkling did succeed in doing one thing—in making Judge Robertson almost as famous as George Washington.

Brief But Brilliant.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Tom Platt had a very short experience in the United States Senate, but there is not much promise that it will be longer.

A Good Feature.

From the Chicago Times.

One of the good fortunes of this Administration is its complete failure to satisfy Grant.

A Big Real Estate Sale.

At twelve o'clock to-day Messrs. Booth, Bgrada & Co. began their great sale of real estate at Shamburg Place, on Vandeventer avenue, near Hogan avenue. Eighty-six lots were sold at high figures by Judge Lanham, who officiated as auctioneer. It is the first time this property has been offered either at private or public sale, and the desirability of the grounds attracted a great crowd of bidders.

"HAVE YOU A CIGAR?"

Murderer Kring's Exclamation as He Heard the Verdict.

The Sixth Trial of the Murderer of Dora Broemser Results in a Verdict of Guilty.

The Jury Sign a Recommendation for Executive Clemency.

At 10:45 o'clock this morning Charles F. Kring, the murderer of Dora Broemser, was convicted for the second time of murder in the first degree, for which the law recognizes no other punishment but death. The trial was begun on the 10th instant, and the taking of testimony last Monday morning. From 8:30 a.m. yesterday until 6 p. m. the attorneys occupied the time arguing the merits and phases of the case. At that hour the case was given to the jury when Clerk Lambert gave the foreman those blank verdicts reading "Not Guilty," "Guilty" and "Not Guilty on the grounds of Insanity," which gave the judge the right to consider the sanity of the defendant and deal with him accordingly. After the jury returned a ballot was taken when it was found that ten of the jurors were in favor of conviction for murder in the first degree. The exact status of the other two jurors is not known; though not in favor of a conviction in the first degree, they were not in favor of acquittal. When the second ballot was taken one of the jurymen who did not vote for conviction changed his vote, making it eleven for conviction and one against. The jury returned to their beds about 9 o'clock after carefully discussing the case, and this morning the final ballot finding him guilty of murder in the first degree was found. The foreman requested the Deputy Sheriff in charge to procure some legal cap paper. The purpose of this was guessed by those about the court. It meant an appeal for executive leniency. When the blank and filled verdicts were handed to the clerk Mr. Hagan stepped over to Mr. Seward and handed him the following paper:

To His Excellency, T. T. Crittenden, Governor of the State of Missouri:

We, the jury in the case of the State of Missouri vs. Chas. F. Kring, most respectfully petition you to commute the sentence of death to that of imprisonment.

Respectfully yours,
[Signed] JAMES B. HAGAN,
ALEX HEBURN,
EDWARD P. FOX,
HENRY TIEGENS,
EDWARD A. DIPPOLD,
JAMES FITZGERALD,
H. P. RAD,
PHILIP FATH,
JOS. W. WHITE,
THOMAS SHEA,
FRANK C. BROD,
A. B. MCINTIRE.

St. Louis, May 21, 1881.

Before the verdict was read Judge Burckhardt said:

"Before the verdict is read we must have perfect quiet in the court room. All the court proceedings must be quiet and orderly and any attempt at a demonstration will be punished, Mr. Sheriff, you will pay particular attention and see that no one makes any demonstration whatever. Read the verdict." Mr. Andrew J. Clabby, Clerk of the Criminal Court, here took up the papers which had been handed him by the foreman of the jury, the first of which was a verdict reading as follows: We, the jury in the above entitled cause, find the defendant "not guilty" on the ground of insanity." Just as he concluded reading this Mr. Clabbey turned to the Judge and said: "The verdict is not signed by the foreman." Mr. Fox then arose and said that the paper read was not the verdict, that he thought it proper to forward all papers to the Judge. The correct verdict was then taken from the bundle of papers and read, finding Charley F. Kring guilty of murder in the first degree. Dr. Bauduy and a POST-DISPATCH reporter sat a few feet in front of Kring, who was attended by his counsel. When the jury entered he turned and calmly looked towards them as they took their seats. He heard the verdict read without the slightest perceptible motion of any kind whatever. His hands were in his pockets and his elbows leaned back easily on the arms of the prisoner's chair.

Not the least evidence of emotion was evident on the convicted murderer's face. His cold, gray eyes retained their accustomed dull look, while his face that has become sallow from confinement was not touched with a flush or faint. His gaze was changed slowly from place to place without any quick, interested or troubled manner. There was not a sign of fear or even interest that was so noticeable when Kotovsky, Baber, Banks and a dozen other murderers who had less cause to hope and who heard their conviction announced there. Kring was dressed in the clothes he has worn since the beginning of the trial, viz: a long, black broadcloth coat and vest, and pants of the same material. With his head slightly thrown back he looked as it he heard or saw nothing, but was in a reverie. "Is this your verdict?" asked Judge Burckhardt of the jurors. "It is," they answered in one voice. "You are now discharged." said the Judge, and then a hum of conversation arose in the audience and among the members of the bar. The jury was not polled as is the usual practice in the Criminal Court, but Judge Burckhardt said it was not necessary unless the defense asked for it. Mr. Seward was the only one of the defendant's counsel on hand at the reading of the verdict. A POST-DISPATCH reporter approached Kring, who sat between his counsel and Deputy Sheriffs Kirby and Herbert, who thought it best to be in close proximity to the defendant in case of any excitement, but the precaution was entirely unnecessary, for no man ever heard his conviction more disinterestedly than Kring did the verdict of the jury this morning.

"Well, what do you think of the verdict?" asked the reporter.

"Oh, well," replied Kring, as an absent smile broke over his face, "I will be a free man yet."

"You are still hopeful, then?"

"Oh, yes; that verdict will not stand."

"Do you know enough of law to discover errors already?"

"That is all nonsense. I never studied any law, but I know that that verdict will not stand."

"You are not afraid of death, then?"

"No; I am afraid of nothing."

"Did you expect a verdict of this kind?"

"I expected nothing. I did not look into their minds, and didn't expect anything."

"You are so hopeful that you seemingly should expect something."

"No; I did not expect anything about the verdict."

Turning to Mr. Seward, Kring asked, "Have you a cigar, Mr. Seward?" When it was handed to him he lit it with a calm, thoughtful air that a man might assume before answering some simple question. The Deputy Sheriff then led Kring back to jail. Mr. Seward took the petition to the Governor and read it over. When he finished Kring asked for the paper, which was given him. He held it by the corners, diagonally opposite, but not a sign of tremor and excitement was visible; and after carefully reading the request he glanced down the list of names, and folding the document handed it back to his attorney without any remark. Mr. Seward said they would move for a new trial in the early part of next week, as Judge Burkhardt was anxious to go home.

"Are there good grounds for a motion for a new trial?"

"Yes; we think that there is and will move next week."

Judge Burckhardt was seen after he left the bench and his opinion of the trial asked: "I think," said the Judge, "that everything has gone on all right in the trial, though I can't tell until I hear the motion for a new trial next week. As every other Judge does, I often reverse my own decisions on any point. I don't know of any now, though it isn't right for me to express myself on this subject, yet I can't say what they will point out to me when the arguments are made."

Circuit Attorney Harris and Mr. Charles Joy, who so ably assisted him in the trial were well-pleased with the result of the trial. "The man is not insane, and I think," said Mr. Joy, "that the verdict is according to the evidence and a just verdict."

"Do you think the defendant's counsel have grounds for a new trial?"

"I don't think they have, for whenever there was a doubt Judge Burkhardt, without exception, ruled in favor of the defendant."

"What about the petition to Gov. Crittenden?"

"That, I think, was the idea of a few men on the jury who do not like the idea of hanging a man. The other jurors signed it, I have no doubt, at the request of these."

The conviction of Kring after so many trials is a great compliment to Circuit Attorney Joseph R. Harris. The way in which he conducted this case elicited unqualified praise from the members of the bar who heard it, while his closing speech was logical and forcible and undoubtedly the best he has made during his term of office. The unexpected way in which he sprung the defendant's father at a critical point was a shrewd and decisive piece of work.

If the motion for a new trial is overruled next week sentence will be passed at once.

BUYING A BARGE LINE.

Rumored Consolidation of the Gould Line and the Mound City Co.

A rumor was circulated on 'Change to-day that the long talked of consolidation between the St. Louis and New Orleans Transportation Company and the Mound City Transportation Company had been effected. The matter has been talked about for some time and the news this morning created quite a breeze as it spread around among the merchants. The two lines have been negotiating for some time, but have been unable to come to terms. On the 1st of March the St. Louis and New Orleans Line, which is also known as the Louery Line, and the Gould Line was seriously cramped for transportation, and it is stated on good authority that Mr. Louery made strenuous efforts to absorb the Mound City or the Lucas Line, as it is also called. Sixty thousand dollars was the price offered, but the Mound City people refuse to come in and stood out for $75,000. Negotiations fell through just then, and soon after the Gould Line got its barges up from the South and the sale was not talked off. The Mound City Line has but one boat, the Iron Monntain with a fleet of barges. The object has been to get it out of the way, and thus do away with the competition. The little line was organized about a year ago and the first cargoes it took out netted to it $70,000, more than enough to pay for the whole outfit. It has since been regarded as somewhat unreasonable in its charges, and business has fallen off considerably. The rumor of consolidation this morning was very rife, but it proved to have little foundation. Henry Louery, President of the St. Louis and New Orleans Transportation Company, Web. M. Samuel and other persons well-posted were consulted and they all declared that there was no foundation for the story. Mr. Louery said that his company had no desire to consolidate at present and he did not think they would do so in the future. By other parties it is asserted that negotiations are still going on, but that no terms have been arrived at just at present.

IF you want to enjoy the comfort of a perfect fitting shirt, call and leave your measure at A. MCELRATH'S, 509 N. Sixth street.

RELIGIOUS PREJUDICES.

A Habeas Corpus Conflict Arising From Difference of Faith.

Judge Thayer to-day granted a writ of habeas corpus returnable next Wednesday morning at the petition of Mrs. Augusta Lehndorf, who seeks to recover possession and control of a ten-year old boy, Edward Arthur Goedeke, alias Lehndorf. It appears that after the death of the lad's mother some years since the father gave him into the custody and control of Henry Lehndorf, a son of petitioner, who subsequently transferred the care of him to the petitioner. The boy remained with Mrs. Lehndorf, was washed, dressed, fed and educated by her, and became attached to her. A few weeks since, however, Mr. Henry Lehndorf, against the wishes of his mother, got possession of the boy, and the petitioner alleges that it is the intention of her son to place the lad in some Catholic institution. She is a Prostestant and objects strongly to this.

WORKERS IN SILVER.

An Establishment to Which Visitors Are Always Welcome.

From the Globe-Democrat.

It is the aim of the E. Jaccard Jewelry Company to make their establishment a great repository of artistic things, to which visitors may come in perfect freedom, whether they desire to purchase or not. They invite attention to some beautiful pieces of silver from their own works, which challenge comparison with the best silver work of the country. A soup-tureen, covered with vine leaves, flowers, butterflies, etc., is a fine example of "repousse chasing." A strawberry bowl shows the peculiar marks of the hammer, relieved by the application of other metals, and rendered more attractive by the contrasts in color. The visitor will find that a half hour can be very agreeably spent in this house.

JUST open under the Southern Hotel on Fifth street, in connection with Randolph & Smith's Tonsorial Palace, the most complete bath in the country. It is thoroughly ventilated, and perfect in all its appointments.

Masonic.

The celebration of Ascension Day—May 26—will be a grand affair this year by the Knights Templar of this city. Postlethwaite's band of twenty-two pieces has been secured to furnish the martial music. Prof. Kunkel, with a double quartette of the best singers, will furnish the church music.

The Rev. John Fulton, D. D., Past Grand Prelate of Wisconsin, an eminent divine and enthusiastic Mason, the present rector of St. George's Church, will conduct the services, assisted by Dr. Mackay, Grand Prelate of Colorado, Drs. Wm. V. Tudor, W. W. Boyd, Geo. C. Betts, John Gierlow, J. D. Vincil and other reverend gentlemen.

The committee on arrangements composed of officers of the four city commanderies will meet this p. m. at the office of the Grand Recorder and complete the programme in all its details which will be published in the Sunday morning papers.

Discharged.

When the habeas corpus case of Geo. Dayton, arrested on suspicion of working a gold brick trick in Hot Springs, was called before Judge Cady this morning, Dayton was discharged, as the police did not make any legal return.

A FAST green mare, 2:40, and some fine single drivers, at 910 Chestnut.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. John W. Norton returned from Louisville this morning.

Gen. John F. Phillips, M. C., is in the city to-day, fresh from the virtuous precincts of Sedalia, where politics do not trouble and where every prospect pleases.

The marriage of Mr. Geo. A. Eberle, cashier of the Empire Milling Co., to Miss Amelia M. Reichard, will take place next Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock at St. Vincent's Church, Ninth and Park avenue.

Miss Belle S. Foster, the accomplished pianist, returned home last evening from New York City after an absence of nearly two years, where she has been to complete her studies under Prof. Mills.

Col. Will Nave, of the Hornet, is developing great talent as a journalist. He writes the essays on the beaux and belles of St. Louis, and furnishes the designs for most of the cartoons of the Hornet.

C. M. Power, Kansas City, F. Erb, Jr. St. Joseph, Mo.; W. J. Van Allen, Chicago; T. L. Slocum, Iowa; S. D. Martin, Ohio; J. Meyers, Ohio; N. A. Barnard, Chicago, and J. L. Raymond, New York, have rooms at Hotel Barnum.

Young Mr. Reavis, of the Spectator, is succeeding quite well in raising a fund for the sprinkling of Page and Lindell avenues. It is possible that one will be able to ride to the park in a few weeks without converting his lungs into a lime kiln.

To Those Who are Affected by the Boiler-Makers' Strike.

Charles O'Brien, Boiler Manufacturer, 904 and 906 North Main street, would respectfully call the attention of the public who want boiler patching and sheet iron work done to the fact that having met the demands of the men, he would most respectfully say that he is running and in full blast, ready to do any kind of boiler and sheet iron work.

A COUPLE OF BAD BREAKS.

The Minions of Uncle Sam Score a Brace of Blunders.

The arrest of Simon Levy last night by the police, and his lodgment in the Four Courts calaboose, puts the cap-sheaf on the worst bungled piece of work which the United States authorities in this city have yet blundered over. The case, as stated in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH, was made against Levy for refusing cigar boxes and defrauding the revenue thereby. It was made by Officer Dillon, of the Central District, and from that patrolman a POST-DISPATCH reporter obtained some additional particulars of the case and how it was mismanaged. Dillon's suspicions were aroused about the beginning of this month by the unusual accumulations of cigar boxes made by several enterprising gamins, and putting all the facts in the case together he arrived at the conclusion that something crooked was going on, and accordingly he went to work on the case. He marked several boxes and pushed them through on the levees by means of the woman who appears to have been the purchasing agent of the firm. He also got a great deal of information from one of the workmen in the store who was willing to see the plot broken up. When he had fully made the case, not alone against Levy, but against two other manufacturers, by Capt. Kennett's orders he communicated the facts to Mr. Drummond, the Assistant Attorney for the United States, as is the custom or rather the comity between the State and the Federal Government. Mr. Drummond promised to notify the Police Department before the collar was made on Levy's establishment, and to permit the police officers who worked the case up to have the credit of co-operating in the arrest. For some reason, however, this was not done, and at an early hour yesterday morning a couple of deputy marshals dropped in on Levy and overhauled part of his establishment. They found three boxes of crooked cigars and one workman, while there were nine other cigarmakers at work on the upper floor of the house and several hundred old boxes which were not found for the simple reason that the deputies did not know enough about their business to search the whole house. Of course when the marshals came back at 3 o'clock to arrest Levy the bird had flown and the house was in a perfectly straight condition. The police claim that there was a direct breach of faith with them in the fact that they were not notified that the arrest was to be made yesterday morning. And they say further that the case would have been a great and far reaching success had not petty jealousy stepped in and tried to hog the case. Officer Dillon is of the opinion that somebody in the United States employ is trying to get the credit of his work and the Government reward given for conviction in such cases.

FISHER'S FLIGHT.

Deputy United States Marshals John Bertram and George Stevens started from the City Jail between 9 and 10 o'clock this morning with John Fisher, Ed. Williams, John Knox, Sr., and John Connelly, four United States prisoners, in custody. The marshals had no shackles. The four prisoners walked along quietly until they reached Eighth and Clark avenue when Fisher broke from his partner and darted up Eighth street. Deputy Bertram gave chase while Stevens guarded the other prisoners. Fisher ran rapidly up Eighth street with Bertram well in the rear. The latter drew his revolver and fired one shot at the fugitive but without effect. Fisher then turned south and entering the Union Depot through the lumber yards was soon lost between the cars, and the chase was given up. Bertram returned to the Four Courts and furnished Capt. Kennett with the following description of the man: Five feet and five inches high, full beard, cropped, wearing a brown suit of clothes. Fisher was arrested a few months ago on St. Charles street, it was claimed, for circulating counterfeit quarters. The prisoners were on their way to the United States District Court when he made the bold dash for liberty.

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS.

Nearly $200,000 Invested in New Buildings During the Week.

From Friday, May 13, up to noon to-day the Fire Department issued permits for the erection of frame and brick buildings to cost $182,435. Of the brick buildings thirty-two are to be of two stories, two of three stories and fifteen of one story. Of these thirty-one are to be dwellings, five stores and dwellings, three stables, five kitchens, one foundry, one file factory, one warehouse, one feed store, three offices, and an armory for the St. Louis Light Cavalry to cost $8,000. In the brick buildings there will be a total of twenty rooms. Of the frame buildings thirteen will be for one stories, one of five stories and two of two stories; four will be for dwellings, two for offices, one for an oil-house, two for stables, one for meat shop, one for a boiler house, one for a kitchen, and one for an elevator. In addition to the building permits were issued for repairs, to cost $1,635; for alterations, to cost $1,000; and for additions, to cost $3,675. The largest permit during the week was issued to the Union Depot Storage and Shiping Company, for an elevator, to be five stories, with 400 bins, and to cost $100,000. Since January 1 permits have been issued for buildings to cost $2,128,975.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE St. Louis Kennel Club have decided to have its bench show at the Fair this year as usual.

A POCKET book containing several finger rings was either stolen from Mrs. Thomas K. Carlin or lost by that lady.

J. D. FAY & CO.'s light spring wagon was badly broken up yesterday by the horse running away from the front of 520 Locust street. Damage $15.

THE St. Louis Gun Clubs held a practice shoot at Compton Avenue Park this afternoon, beginning at 2 o'clock. This is practice for next week's tournament.

THE German part of the German-English examination of candidates for positions in the grammar grades in the public schools occurred to-day at Superintendent Long's office.

REV. DR. BRANK will preach in Central Presbyterian Church, Garrison and Lucas avenues, to-morrow at 10:30 a. m., on "Christ at the Door," and in the evening on "Christ in the Ship."

Mr. D. Castleman Webb who graduated last June at Washington University with distinction, has gained the prize offered by Professor Snow for proficiency on the Constitution of the United States as illustrated by his recent course of lectures.

THE Emerald Social Club will make its annual excursion down the river on the Chas. P. Chouteau, on Sunday, June 12, instead of the date previously announced. The steamer will be lighted by electricity, and will run down to Harrisonville.

GROVE COUNCIL No. 12, Legion of Honor, held an election at their hall at Webster Grove on the 16th inst. to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of C. Drew, Jr. M. B. Williams was elected Worthy Chancellor by a unanimous vote.

HENRY WILSON, a laborer, employed at De-Barr's Opera House, was digging under a bank of clay this morning, when a mass of earth tumbled down upon him, fracturing his collar bone. An ambulance was sent for and his injuries dressed at the dispensary.

THE agent of the St. Louis Kennel Club, now in England, has just shipped three fine dogs to St. Louis via Boston. So great has been the tide of emigration from Liverpool to New York this spring that the authorities would not allow the dogs to come via New York, hence they were sent to Boston.

THE Rev. Dr. C. A. Van Anda of Minneapolis, Minn., will preach to-morrow morning at the usual hour at Union M. E. Church, northwest corner of Eleventh and Locust streets. Dr. Van Anda was pastor of that Church a few years ago, and is well known in this city and throughout the West. He expects to visit Eureka Springs, Arkansas, before his return to Minneapolis.

CITIZENS living on Papin street complain of the gangs of rowdies, white and black, who congregate on that thoroughfare from Twenty-third street west on Saturday evenings and during Sundays and convert the neighborhood into a veritable pandemonium by cursing, fighting and insulting ladies and young girls who are compelled to pass that way. The aforesaid citizens ask the police department to give the locality a little attention.

THE members of Irving Council, L. of H., are requested to be present next Wednesday evening in force, as nominations for another delegate to the Supreme Council, which our present membership entitles us to, will then be made. Election of same will take place June 8. The council will entertain St. Louis, No. 6, on Wednesday evening, June 1. Twenty applications for membership in this council are now in various stages of progress and blanks for same are in brisk demand. Modesty forbids our mentioning the primary cause, but the advance in initiation and medical examiner's fees to take effect June 1, no doubt, furnishes a secondary one.

BAD BREAKS.

Sam Score a Brace of ...lers.

...Levy last night by the ...nt in the Four Courts ...p-sheaf on the worst ... work which the ...thorities in this ... over. The case, as ... Post-Dispatch, was ... re-filling cigar boxes ...nne thereby. It was ... of the Central Dis... ...at patrolman ... a ... obtained some addi... ...e case and how it was ...s suspicions were ... beginning of this ...nusual accumula... ...es made by several ...d putting a'M the facts ...rrived at the conclu... ...ooked was going on, ...to work on the case. ...es and pushed them ...ees by means of the ...ave been the purchas...

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...street complain of ...e and black, who ...dfare from Twenty... ...day evenings and ...t the neighborhood ...nium by cursing, ...gs and young girls ...s that way. The ...police department ...attention.

...Council, L. of H., ...t next Wednesday ...ptions for another ...Council, which our ...as to, will then ...ne will take place ...ntertain St. Louis, ...ng, June 1. Twen... ...ership in this coun... ...es of progress and ...demand. Modesty ...primary cause, but ...nd medical exami... ...e 1, no doubt, fur...

THE CITY'S ASSETS.

Mr. Powers' Views About the Assessed Valuation For the Present Year.

Assessor Powers presented his report to the Mayor this morning, setting forth the assessed valuation of property taxable for the year 1881. The figures are as follows: Within the old limits, real estate, $126,190,370; personal property, $25,959,410; total, $152,149,780. In the new limits, real estate, $13,678,730; personal property, $1,508,090; total, $15,186,820. The totals in the old and new limits are: real estate, $139,869,100; personal property, $27,467,500. The grand total of assessed valuation for the present year is therefore $167,336,600. Real estate amounting to $13,080, which escaped taxation in previous years, has been counted in this list.

A reporter called upon the Assessor and found him busy over the figures. He said that he thought that the showing was a good one, all things considered. Last year's grand total was only $160,634,840. Mr. Powers said that there were several valid reasons why the assessed valuation had fallen off, and that they could be easily given. "In the first place," said he, "a large number of banks which were doing business in 1877 have since gone out of existence and have decreased the assessment very much." A reference to the books showed that nineteen banks in existence when the assessment was made on the 1st of August, 1877, had since gone out of existence, and that these banks were assessed in the year mentioned at $3,864,700."

"Are there any other causes?" the Assessor was asked.

"Plenty of them. By a law passed in 1877 manufacturers were put on the same basis as merchants, and they report to the Collector instead of being assessed through this office. The Assessor previously put a valuation upon all the machinery, tools, and other appliances of manufactories, the horses, wagons, etc., as well as upon the raw material and finished product. The Collector does this now, which fact causes a decrease in our figures of at least $5,000,000 per annum."

Mr. Powers further claimed that the depreciation of real estate ought to be allowed for in looking at the figures, and that large numbers of deeds of trust and mortgages were closed in during the hard times of '77, and the notes, which were taxable property, have gone out of existence.

Notable Suits Filed To-Day.

Jerry Fruin, the contractor, has brought suit against the City of St. Louis and the St. Louis Gaslight Company, claiming $13,109 for lighting, cleaning and repairing the public street lamps during the period of the works being in possession of Receiver Newman.

Patrick Mylan and Sarah Butler, owners of a lot in Calvary Cemetery, have brought suit against the Cemetery Association and Monahan & Rogers, the undertakers, for breaking into their lot and placing therein the remains of John P. and William P. Griffin.

Alvina Fischer, the widow of George Fischer, has filed a petition seeking to set aside the will of her deceased husband on the ground that he was unduly influenced by his sister and Lena Fischer. He left property of the value of $10,000 to the children, Lena, George, Fritz, Emilie and Willie, and the widow claims that she is entitled to the proceeds of a life policy.

Several suits have been filed against the Anchor Line by passengers who lost their baggage on board the James Howard, which burned at the wharf on Sunday evening, March 13.

The Youngest Soldier.

Washington Correspondence Cincinnati Gazette.

A paragraph has been going the rounds of the press stating that a 13 year old boy was the youngest recruit enlisted in the rebellion. The Post heard that the District of Columbia had produced a smaller soldier still in person of Wm. O'Mearn, and a reporter called on that gentleman, who now keeps a grocery store on D street, near Thirteenth. He exhibited his discharge dated July, 1861, stating that he had on April 18, 1861, been enlisted for three months in Capt. John McDermott's company of Jackson Guards, forming a part of the 5th Battalion of District of Columbia Volunteers. He is put down on the discharge as 12 years old, but sohwed the reporter the record in evidence of the fact that he was born August 27, 1849, being thus 11 years and 10 months of age when enlisted. Mr. O'Mearn claims to have seen the first man killed in a regular engagement in the war, and to have been among the first Union soldiers who crossed from this District into Virginia. The discharge is signed by Charles Everett, Lieutenant Colonel commanding the 5th Battalion of District of Columbia Volunteers.

THE
Indiana, Bloomington
—AND—
WESTERN RAILWAY
(EASTERN DIVISION)
FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT
40-YEAR GOLD BONDS.

Total Issue of $3,000,000.

PRICE, 105 AND INTEREST.

$500,000 of the above Bonds were allotted to St. Louis and less than $75,000 remain unsold.

We offer the same for sale with privilege of advancing price without notice.

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U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
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And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Robert E. M. Bain, Foreign Exchange, 206 Chestnut street, reports: May 21.—Prime bankers' sterling, 4 84@4 86¼ per cent; commercial, 60-days sterling, 4 83@4 83½ per cent; do demand sterling, 4 84½@4 84⅞ per cent; do 60-days francs, 5 52@5 52 1-2; do demand do, 5 23½@5 20¾; do 60-days reichs marks, 93½@93⅝; do demand do 94¼@¾; do 60-days guilders and florins, 39¼@⅜. Market weaker.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street, city.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due	Interest payable	Bid.	Ask
6's of 1881	1881	Jan. & July	103½	104
New 5's	1881	M. A. N. & F.	104	104¼
4½ per cent bds.	1891	J. S. D. & M.	116	116½
4 per cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	117½	117⅝

ST. LOUIS AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1893-'94	Various	113	115
City 6's, gold	1898	May & Nov.	116	118
City 6's, c'y	1886-'87	Various.	109½	110½
City water 6's	1887	June & Dec. 25	109	110
City water 6's	1890	June & Dec. 25	112	114
City water 6's	1892	Apr. & Oct.	112	114
City 5's, gold	1900	Jan. & July	108	110
County 6's, gold	1895-'96	Jan. & July	114	116
County Park	1905	Jan. & July	116	120
County 7's c'y	1885	Jan. & July	109	111

*Interest to seller.

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	109	110
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	118	119
N. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. & July	123¼	.....
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. & Aug.	115	115½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June & Dec.	115	116
K. P. D. Ex. 7s	1899	May & Nov.	109	.....
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	106	107
St. L. & I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	120	122

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1882	Jan. & July	104¼	105
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July	111	113
Mo. 6's	1888-'89	Jan. & July	112	114
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	115	.....
Mo. 5-20's of 1875 and '76	1895-'96	Jan. & July	103	104
Mo. 5-20's of 1877	1897	Jan. & July	104	106

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$184	.....
Land warrants, 120 acres	135	.....
Land warrants, 80 acres	91	.....
Land warrants, 40 acres	44	.....

Clearings to-day	$ 2,428,517
Balances to-day	464,780
Balance this week	3,071,780
Clearings this week	15,433,129
Clearings last week	1,573,813
Same week 1880	12,862,883

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Money 3@3½; prime mercantile 4@4½. Bar silver 112¼. Exchange steady; 84 long, 86 sight. Governments quiet and steady; 6s are now quoted as extended under the Secretary of the Treasury's plan at 3½ per cent. States dull. Railroads in light demand. Stock speculation strong up to noon, when advance from yesterday's closing prices ranged ½ to 4¼. Houston and Texas, C.C.C. and I., Marietta and Cincinnati, Kansas and Texas and Central Pacific leading. '81 coupons extended 103¾; 5s, 104⅝; 4½s, 116½; 4s, 117¾; Pacific 6s '95, 131 bid.

Rock Island	146¾	A. & T. H.	72
Panama ofd	†260	prfd	142½
Fort Wayne	140	W., St. L. & Pacific	53⅝
Pittsburg	141½	prfd	94½
Pittsburg ofd	....	Hannibal & St. Joseph	32
Illinois Central	142½	prfd	114½
C. B. & Q.	166½	Iron Mountain	81¾
prfd	....	St. L. & San Fran	48
Chicago & Alton	145	prfd	74
Chi'go & A pfd	145	first pref'd	108¼
N. Y. Central	151	C., St. L. & N. O.	81
Harlem	245	Kansas & Texas	28
Lake Shore	133½	Union Pacific	124⅜
Canada Southern	59½	prfd	....
Michigan Central	115⅞	Central Pacific	95
Erie	50⅞	Texas Pacific	68¼
prfd	92	Northern Pacific	45¾
Northwestern	131½	prefd	81¼
pref'd	144¼	Louisville & Nash	108¼
St. Paul	122½	Nashville & Chat	91
prfd	131	L. & N. A.	96
St. Paul & Minnesota	....	Houston & Texas	87⅜
St. Paul & Sioux City	....	Denver & R. Grande	108¾
St. P. & S. C. prfd	....	St. Paul & Omaha	46½
Del. & Lack	126¾	prefd	107¼
Morris & Essex	129⅜	Boston Air Line. pfd	....
Del. & Hudson	114¼	Oregon Navigation	....
N. J. Central	104¾	Montauk Coal	....
Reading	61	Buffalo, Pittsburg & W	44
Ohio	47¾	American Union	....
prefd	126	Memphis & C	77
Chesapeake & Ohio	32⅜	Western Union	122⅜
first prfd	47¾	A. & P. Telegraph	57⅜
second pref'd	35¼	Pacific Mail	57⅜
Mobile & Ohio	38½	Adams	130
Cleve'd & Col	101⅝	Fargo	118½
C., C. & I.	31⅝	American	87
Ohio Central	38⅜	United States	68
Erie & Western	57½	Canton	....
Peoria, D. & E.	47	Boston Water Power	....
Ont. & Western	39	Boston Land	....
Ind., B. & W.	new 55⅜	Canton	....
Marietta & Cin	....	Consol. Coal	....
first prfd	22½	Quicksilver	19½
second pref'd	15	prefd	†86½
S. C. R. & N.	78½	Central Arizona	....

*Bid. †Offered.

COMMERCE.

Receipts and Shipments of Wheat and Corn at Leading Points.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	74,412	113,950	89,329	27,927
Chicago	32,296	180,813	374,953	262,771
Milwaukee	29,840	4,500	79,700	800
Baltimore	83,890	1,21.	7,107	.....
Toledo	37,000	85,000	149,000	35,000
New York	235,600	407,808	125,329	72,431

Chicago inspections: 81 cars wheat, 369 cars corn, 115 cars and 7,000 bu oats, 3 cars rye, 22 cars barley.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis.

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING at 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

	City	R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat	4,522	5,537	83,830	93,889
Corn	23,071	13,763	25,499	62,333
Oats	4,906	.....	.....	4,906
Rye	.....	.....	.....	.....
Barley	.....	.....	.....	.....

Elevator Withdrawals.

FOR WEEK ENDING MAY 21.

	City.	R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat	28,019	16,402	440,745	334,077
Corn	89,465	91,985	289,656	662,595
Oats	33,395	9,158	.....	42,553
Rye	.....	.....	.....	.....
Barley	1,479	.....	.....	1,479

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business To-Day.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
Total	134,573	473,874	28,382	3,473	1,484
Total yesterday	195,273	458,429	32,352	3,473	1,484
May 22, 1880	214,656	264,062	79,758	13,958	17,806

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—3 cars rejected spring, 2 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 1 car No. 3 Mediterranean, 2 cars No. 1 red winter, 88 cars No. 2 red winter, 5 cars No. 3 red winter, 1 car No. 4 winter, 3 cars rejected winter. Total, 105 cars.

Corn—36 cars No. 2 white mixed, 14 cars rejected white mixed, 44 cars No. 2 mixed, 44 cars rejected, 25 cars no grade. Total, 163 cars.

Oats—5 cars No. 2. Total, 5 cars.

Barley—None.

Rye—None.

Total, 273 cars.

Comparative Closing Prices at 1 p. m. To-Day.

	To-day.	Yesterday.
Wheat, No. 2 red	111¼	111¾
Wheat, May	111¾	111¾
Wheat, June	109⅞	110
Wheat, July	104¾	104¾
Wheat, August	101¾	101⅜ ask
Wheat, Year	100⅛	100½
Wheat, No. 3 red	105	105¾
Wheat, No. 4	100	101
Wheat, No. 2 Med	110½	110½
Corn, No. 2 mixed	44¾	44¾
Corn, May	44⅛	44⅛
Corn, June	42⅝	42⅝
Corn, July	42½ ask	42⅝
Corn, August	4¾ ask	42⅝@43
Corn, September	42¾ ask	43⅛
Corn, Year	38⅞	39⅛
Corn, No. 2 wh. mixed	48¾@⅞	49
Corn, Rejected	34@35¾	36¾@35¾
Oats, No. 2	38⅜	37⅞
Oats, June	36⅜	37 ask
Oats, July	33½	37⅛ ask
Oats, August	26⅜ ask	26⅜ ask
Oats, Year	25⅝ ask	25⅝ ask
Oats, Rejected	36	.....
Rye, No. 2	120 ask	120
Rye, Rejected	.....	.....
Pork, Standard	16.40 ask	16 50
Pork, June	16.40 bid	16 30 bid
Pork, July	.....	.....
Lard, Prime Steam	10¾	10⅜
D. S. Shoulders	5.60	5.60
Clear Ribs	8.40	8.40
Short Clear	8.60	8.60
Bacon Shoulders	6¾	6.40
Clear Ribs	9¼	9¼
Short Clear	9¾	9.35

The Markets.

MORNING BOARD.

Flour—Firm and full 5c higher, with the demand improving. We quote: Fancy $5 50@5 80; choice $5 15@5 30; family $4 85@5 05; XXX $4 45@4 65; XX $3 80@3 95; X $3 45@3 65; superfine $3 20@3 35; fine $2 80@3 00; extra fancy and patents held higher.

Wheat—Irregular. Grade No. 1 red: sold higher to a miller at $1 13, but No. 2 red declined to $1 11¼, at which it was taken by millers and speculators, and No. 3 red went down to $1 03¼@1 05; No. 4 was dull at $1 this side; No. 2 Mediterranean steady at $1 10¾, but No. 3 do offered at $1 04 (yesterday's rate), bid $1 03¾; for rejected 89 was paid. Futures very much unsettled, but generally higher, closing at advances of ⅛c on May, ⅜c June, 7-16c July, ⅜c August and year. May sold at $1 11¼; June at $1 09¾@1 10, closing at $1 09¾; July at $1 03¾@1 05¼@¾; closing at $104¾August at $1 01¼@1 02¼, closing at $1 01¾; year at 99¾@$1 01¼, closing at $1 00¾.

Corn—A decline in grades No. 2 mixed selling steadily to order dealers and speculators at 44¼@44½, and No. 2 white mixed to a short at 48¾@48¾ for "spot" and strictly fresh to another speculator at 48¾; rejected do was dead dull and lower at 40 in St. L; rejected was dull and declined to 35½, in St. L, 35@34½ in E, 34 in V; no grade was in shipping demand at 23½ in E, but dull at 23½ this side. Futures opened higher but declined later, closing unchanged for June, July and August and ¼ for September; May sold at 44¾ to 44½; June at 42⅝ to 42¾; July at 42⅝, late 42¾ asked; September at 43¼ to 43¾@⅞, late 42¾ asked; year at 39⅜ to 38⅞; for August 42½ asked at close. No. 2 white mixed sold for May at 48¾@48⅝.

Oats—Lower. Grade No. 2 was slow, with sales of "spot" at 37¾c to a short and 37¾@37⅝c in St. L., to feeders and order buyers and speculators; No. 2 white was salable at 38c; rejected at 36c in St. L. Futures dull and weak. July sold at 33⅝@33½c and August at 26⅜c; for May in settlement 37½c bid; June offered in settlement at 36½c, but that bid regular; for year 25½c asked.

Rye—Grade No. 2 was offered at $1 20 without a buyer, white rejected was neglected.

Millfeed—Bran dead dull with small sales of bulk at 40@41c E. track and sacked at 51 f. o. b. E. side.

Hay—Offerings moderate but no demand to speak of. We quote: Outside prices representing this side, inside rates East side: Prairie $11 00@13; mixed $13@14 00; prime timothy $14@15; choice $16@17 00; fancy $17@19.

Provisions—Firm, but slow. Mess pork sold in a small way at $16 50 cash, but offered in round lots at $16 40, at which 250 brls sold for May, bid $16 25 for former; June offered at $16 47½, bid $16 40. Prime steam lard was worth 10¾. Loose dry salt shoulders sold up country at 5¼ and clear ribs at 8.10; spot held at 5.60 for shoulders, 8.30 for long clear, 8.40 for clear ribs, 8.60 for short clear. Packed bacon still scarce and firm, with sales at 6.45@⅓ for shoulders, 9.05@⅓ for clear ribs, 9.30@¾ for short clear. Hams 10½@11⅛ for s. c. canvased; small size fancy higher. Tallow 5¾@6¼ according to quality. Breakfast bacon 10¾@11¾c. Grease 4@4¾ for brown, 5@5½c for yellow, 6@7c for white, 8@9c for manufacturing lard. Beef—Extra mess $12 per bbl.; prime mess $9 50 per bbl.; family $7 per half-bbl.. dried 12@14c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 per doz. Salt $1 30@135 per bbl. for lake; $1 for old, $1 15 for new Ohio River; $1 25 per sack for G. A.

Highwines—Steady. Sales 164 bbls. at $1 06; Cincinnati $1 04; Chicago $1 08; Peoria $1 05.

Lead—Soft Missouri very dull and entirely nominal at $4 25.

The Cotton Market.

Spots steady at 10¼ for middling, with sales of 756 bales. New York firm and 1-16 higher. Liverpool advanced 1-16d.

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSES.

	Bales.
Stocks to-day	36,290
Same day last year	48,418

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Date.	Receipts, bales.	Shipments, bales.
To-day	1,166	1,731
Same day last year	343	968
Total for season to date	375,138	355,465
Same time last year	470,736	428,557

NEW YORK.

Middling 10¾. Futures steady; May, 10.67@10.69; June, 10.72@10.73; July, 10.76@10.77; August, 10.82@——; September, 10.50@51; October, 11.09@11.10; November, 9.95@9.97; December, 9.96@9.99; January, 10.09@10.10; February, 10.19@10.21.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands, 5 15-16d. Orleans, 6d. Futures closed firm. May and June, 6d; June and July, 6d; July and August, 6 3-32; August and September 6 3-16d; September and October 6d; October and November —d; November and December —d, December and January —d.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery—Choice to fancy 22@23 to 24c; seconds 20@21. Dairy choice to fancy 17@18 to 19@20; medium to low grades (fresh made but off flavor, etc.,) 6@10c; choice fresh ladle-packed 14@16; choice sweet grass (fresh made) 9@14; lowgrade 6@7.

CHEESE—We quote: Fancy full cream 12@13½; Western part skim 8½@9; hard 3@5.

EGGS—9½c for guaranteed; boxes and barrels ½c less; goose eggs 15c and slow.

POULTRY—Live chickens $3 00 for cocks, $3 25@3 50 for mixed, $3 50@3 75 for hens, ducks $2 00@2 50; turkeys $8@12 ₩ doz; spring chickens sell $1 75@4 00; top rate for choice large; tame pigeons $1 75.

GAME—Quote—Selected stock only—Ducks: teal $2 00; mixed at $1 00; mallard $2 50; snipe $1 50.

BEESWAX—Prime 21; dark 2c.

WHITE BEANS—Quotable: hand picked Eastern medium $2 52½; screened do $2 45; hand picked navy, $2 60—all from store. Western scarce and wanted at $1 75@2 25.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote: Green salted pelts and lamb skins 50@$1,25; dry 30@70; Green salted shearlings 25@30; Dry flint do 10@30; bug eaten unsalable.

GRASS SEED—We quote clover $4 10@4 40; timothy at $1 65. German millet $1 50@1 60; common do $1 10@1 15; red top 45@50; Hungarian 70@80c.

PECANS—Western 4½@5c; Texas 6½@7½.

PEANUTS—White 3@3½; red 2@3.

MAPLE SYRUP—80@90 ₩ gallon.

BERMUDA ONIONS—$2 00@2 10 ₩ bu box.

BERMUDA TOMATOES—Sell at $1 25@1 50 per peck crate.

SNAP BEANS—Mobile $2@2 25 for flat; $2 50@2 75 for round per bu, by express; round by freight $2@2 25.

MAPLE SUGAR—Selling at 9@13; Vermont 16@18c.

SQUASH—$2 00@2 50 ₩ brl, as in size.

NEW BEETS—Southern $2 50@3 00 ₩ brl.

NEW POTATOES—$6@6 50 ₩ brl for choice; $7 for fancy.

SPINACH—In shipping order at $2 ₩ bbl.

CUCUMBERS—Sell at 50@70c ₩ doz, outside for express.

NEW GREEN PEAS—Home grown $9 ₩ brl; Arkansas $1 ₩ ½ bu box.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 56@57, outside for small sks; No. 2 do 50@53; mixed 35@42; old 5@15. Tare 3 per cent, on large, 10 on small sks.

SWEET POTATOES—On orders: Red nansemond $2 00; yellow nansemon $3 00@3 25; Southern Queen $3 25@3 50.

HOPS—We quote New York, first quality, at 24@25. Seconds, do 19@20.

HIDES—Quote: No. 1 green salted 8½; damaged do 6¾@6¾; uncured 6½@7; damaged 5@⅝; bullsand stags—green salted 5@5½; green 4¾@⅝; green salted calf 11@11½; damaged do 8@⅛; No. 1 dry salted 12; damaged do 10; No. 1 dry flint 16½; No. 2 do 13. Branded 10 ₩ cent off.

HEMP—We quote common to good undressed hemp, $80@90; choice $95@100; dressed hemp, $145@155; shorts $115@125; hackled tow, $50@55 per ton.

HEMP SEED—Quotable at $1; for prime.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples—Dark 3@3½, fair halves 3¾@½; choice 3¾@⅞, fancy 4. Peaches—mixed 5¾@½, fair halves 5¾@⅝, choice halves 6.

CARROTS AND PARSNIPS—$1 75 ₩ brl del on orders.

COOPERAGE—Flour brls, city elm, 35@38; country 29@31; city oak 38; country do 33. Pork brls 90c@$1 del; lard tierces $1 05@1 10 del, lard kegs 35@45; bacon casks $1 70@1 75; half-casks 85@95; nam tierces, small, 60; large 70. Whisky brls, fron bound, 6 hoop, $1 40@1 60; 8 hoop $1 65@1 80; half brls $1 25.

HONEY—Dark comb 16; fancy bright 17c; strained and extracted 11@12½.

SCRAP, ETC.—We quote ₩ 100 lbs: Wrought 75@$1 heavy cast 75@80c; stove 60; plows 75; burnt 20. Brass—Heavy $14; light $8. Copper—Light $12@13; heavy $15. Bones—$15@16; dry buffalo $19.

RAGS—Country mixed $1 60@1 75.

TROPICAL FRUIT — Oranges — Messina $5 50; Palermo $3 50@4 ₩ bx; Imperial $6 00 Lemons $3 50@3 75 for Messina, $3 25@3 50 for Palermo; cocoanuts $22@25 ₩ 1,000; Pine Apples $2 50@2 75 ₩ doz; Bananas on orders $2 50@3 50 ₩ bunch.

POTATOES—Quote: Peerless 70@75; Ohio River varieties 70@75; Eastern Burbanks 85@90; Rose 35@45.

ONIONS—$1 25@1 50 ₩ brl, as in condition.

VEALS—Live at 6½@7 ₩ lb; for choice small aeretics 5.

LAMBS—$1 50@2 50 as in size.

ROOTS—We quote: Old Ginseng $1 50, new do $1 25@1 40; Seneca 5c@35; blue flax 4½; blood roots 2½@3; golden seal 5@6; snake 9@10; black 4½; May appie 2½.

BROOMCORN—Crooked 2@2½; fair straight 3½@4; prime to choice green 4½@5½.

HORSERADISH—Sells on orders at $3 50@4 ₩ brl.

RUTABAGAS—On orders, $1 50 ₩ brl.

RAGS—We quote: Country mixed $1 60@1 75.

DEERSKINS—We quote: No. 1, 40@42; damp, meaty, etc., 27@30.

FLAXSEED—Nominal at $1 05 on basis of pure.

APPLES—We quote: Prime to choice stock $3 50@5 00; off stock not wanted.

CABBAGE—Quote choice Mobile $4 50@5 00; leafy $3@3 50 as in condition; rotted and slack cratesnot quoted.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 90; coal oil $1 20; whisky 90@95.

CASTOR BEANS—Salable at $1 22½@1 25 for prime to choice.

STRAWBERRIES—Missouri—Wilson $5 00 ₩ 6-gal case; Monarch $4 00; Illinois—Choice $4 50; fancy 5 00@5 50; sandy, small and green $4 00 ₩ 6-gal case; Kentucky—Wilson $4@5 00 ₩ 6-gal case; green $4 00, Monarchs $4 50@5 00; Tennessee—Small to choice $3 50@5 75 ₩ 6-gal case; Arkansas—Soft Wilson $2 50@3 ₩ 6-gal case; choice $3 50.

CHERRIES—Sale of about 7 gals Mississippi at $5 for lot.

GOOSEBERRIES—Arkansas $2 ₩ 6 gal case.

WOOL—We quote: new clip—Tubwashed—Choice 33@35; dingy and low 28 @30; unwashed medium combing 23@23½; medium 22@22½; coarse 18@20; light fine 14@15; heavy do 12@12½; burry, black and cotted 5@10 less: Southern burry 10@10½; choice old tub 3@5 above new.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops, country flour brl, $6 00@6 50; choice cooper shaved $7@7 50 pork brl $11@12; lard tierce do $12@13; cases $20@25; half cask $13@15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl, oak $8; elm $7 25. Heading (car lots East side), soft wood 5¼@5¾; hard do 6@6¼. Whisky brl (with heading) green $15; dry half $22; casks $10 50@12; nnd $24@28; dry half hnds $15@18; green tierce $14; dry $16; dry beer keg $24@28; green $18@2..

MISCELLANEOUS.

RYE FLOUR—$6 00@6 50 del; in small lots on orders 25@30c higher.

CORNMEAL—City on orders at $2 75 del for guaranteed kiln-dried.

TOBACCO—We quote: Old style—common dark factory lugs $3 25@3 50; fair to good, do $3 75@4; common to fair smoking lugs $4@5 00; inferior nondescript dark leaf $3 50@4; common dark leaf $4 25@4 75; medium do do $6@7; medium to good dark red leaf $6 50@7 50; good do $8@10. Burley—Common to fair lugs at $4@4 50; good do $5 50@6 50; common leaf, $7@8; medium do $9@11; goodto fine do $12@16. Wrapding leaf—common half bright $10@12; medium po $15@18; medium bright $20@25; good bright $30@40; fine bright (nominally) $50@60. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds, sell at about 25@50c ₩ 100 lbs less.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote in job and order lots; Jutes bagging at 10@10¼, according to weight, flax and mixed flax do 9¼@10. Hemp twine 14¼@15. Iron cotton ties at $1 50@1 75 ₩ bundle.

LIVE STOCK.

The following indicates the movement for 24 hours, ending at 11 a. m. to-day:

	Receipts. 1881.	1880.	Shipments 1881.	1880
Cattle	231	283	1,932	1,117
Hogs	495	3,264	2,662	4,320
Sheep	140	503	.....	600

CATTLE—Supply insignificantly small and sales not worth mention. Demand fair. The prospects for the coming week quite flattering both as regards demand and prices. Stock and feeding steers were scarce and in urgent inquiry. Milch cows with calves in fair supply and slow; veal calves in liberal supply and dull at $4@8 per head. Ruling quotations firm.

RULING QUOTATIONS

Exporters	$5 60@6 00
Heaving shipping steers	5 00@5 50
Light shipping steers	4 50@4 90
Medium to choice butcher steers	4 20@4 90
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,100 lbs	4 90@5 15
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 950	4 00@4 75
Good to prime native cows and heifers	3 25@4 25
Common to native cows	2 50@3 90
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	4 25@5 40
Fair to good Colorado steers	4 00@5 35
Milch cows with calves	20 00@45 00
81 clipped sheep	107 4 10

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description	Av.	Price
19	native steers	994	$5 00

HOGS—Offerings limited and not enough to make a market. Shippers and packers were on hand and exhibited some urgency to operate, but could not. Values may be quoted firm. Yorkers, $5 75@5 85; mixed packing, $5 75@6 00; butcher and select, $6 10@6 30; pigs of 110 to 140 lbs, $5@5 35.

SHEEP—Shipping and local butcher demand quiet urgent. Supply scant and mainly of common clipped sheep which sold at sight at strong prices.

Common to fair clipped $2 75@3 25; fair to good clipped $3 25@4; good to choice clipped $4@4 50; stock sheep $2@2 50; wooled sheep not wanted.

Horses and Mules.

Business dull for want of offerings. Shipping and local demand quite urg

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT BY

M. A. WOLFF & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
105 NORTH EIGHTH STREET.

HOUSES.

1318 Pratt av., 5 rooms and yard, $15.
1005 N. Fifth st., $20.
3414 Washington avenue, 10 rooms, all modern improvements, $83 35.
1628 Lucas Place, $150.
2811 Easton av., $60.
2810 Easton av., $35 00.
3054 Easton avenue, $6..
3006 Easton av., $50.
2806 Dickson st., $47 50.
1928 St. Ange av., $30.
1440 Dodier, 6 rooms, gas, yards, etc., $20.

STORES.

206 S. Levee, $50.
116 N. Eighth st., $45.
706 North Fifth street, three stories, $125.
1127 North Sixth street, store $25.
1021 North Fifth street, $20.
1125 North Sixth street, store $20.
409 Wash street, $9.
2813 Easton avenue, store, 2 rooms and cellar, $30.
1318 Broadway, $30.
1425 Broadway, $15 50.

FOR RENT—
2217 Biddle st., 6 rooms, etc. $18 per month.
2712 Chestnut st., 8 rooms, bath and laundry. $62 50 per month.
2009 California av., 8 rooms and bath, $45 per month.
1102 Morrison avenue—12 rooms and bath; $1,000 per annum.
722 Garrison av., 8 rooms, bath and laundry, $800 per annum.
No. 1 Nicholson place—Large, fine residence, 10 rooms, bath and all modern improvements, 100 feet of ground; $1,200 per annum.
3521 Laclede av., 3 rooms, bath and laundry; stone front; $600 per annum.
Oak Hill av., 2 story double frame house, 10 rooms and 4 acres of ground; $35 per month.

STORES.

619 Poplar street—Store, $10 per month.
CAVENDER & ROWSE,
219 North Eighth Street.

FOR RENT.

DWELLINGS.

1833 Lucas av., 2-story brick, 6 rooms, gas, bath.
1430 Buel st., 2 story brick 7 rooms, gas, bath, etc.
616 St. Charles, two-story brick, 8 rooms, hall, gas, water, etc.
Several suburban residences.
Family rooms in all parts of city.

ROOMS.

2104 O'Fallon st., 3 rooms, 1st floor.
2104 O'Fallon st., 3 rooms, 2d floor.
2106 O'Fallon st., 3 rooms, 1st floor.
1348 Linden st., 2 rooms, 2d floor.
1305 Linden st., 2 rooms, 2d floor.
317 S. Fifth st., 2 rooms, 2d floor.

BUSINESS PLACES.

ICE-HOUSE—Labadie street, between Fifth and Sixth; capacity 2,300 tons.
2702 N. NINTH—Small store and rooms.
JOHN BYRNE, JR., & CO.,
603 Pine street.

Dwellings.

916 GARRISON AVE.—For rent, handsome 3-story stone front, 11 rooms, modern conveniences. Rent $1,000 per annum. Possession May 1.
F. J. COMSTOCK,
402 North Fourth street.

1522 OLIVE STREET.—Delightfully cool rooms furnished; comforts and reliability of a nice home; strictly private family. 18

2331 OLIVE ST.—For rent—Cool, nicely furnished room for one or two gents; gas and bath.
21

3818 WASHINGTON AVENUE—Eight-room house, furnished, from 15th of June to 15th of Sept., for rent.

COTTAGE and large lot, 45 minutes' ride by rail; situation high and healthy and 5 minute from depot. To a good renter, with references, the rent ($8) allowed on purchase. C. M. Seaman, 623½ Olive st., up stairs.

FOR RENT—Small house of 5 rooms, between Vine and Stein, South St. Louis.

Rooms.

20 SOUTH Sixteenth street—Furnished rooms en suite for light housekeeping or sleeping rooms. Private family.
20

102 NORTH SEVENTH.—One large unfurnished front room, southern exposure; large closet; a desirable summer location; private family. Also nicely furnished front rooms for gentlemen.
16

803 CHESTNUT ST.—Lee House. First-class board. $2 per two meals; $3, three meals.

803 NORTH Jefferson avenue—One nicely furnished room, very cool and pleasant, for rent reasonable to prompt paying parties, suitable for two. Reference expected.
20

1206 WASHINGTON AVENUE—Third floor front for rent, with board.
21

1522 MORGAN ST.—New house and newly furnished rooms; one or two gentlemen; with modern conveniences.
19

1954 CASS AVENUE—Two rooms and kitchen with all conveniences, completely furnished for housekeeping; comfortably furnished second floor, cheap.
21

A NEATLY furnished room for rent to a couple of nice gentlemen; rent $8 a month. Address H. G., this office.
19

A LADY leaving the city for the summer would like to rent her large front room, handsomely furnished, to a good tenant. Price $15 a month. Room adjoining, furnished for light housekeeping, can be had if desired. Address S. S. W., this office.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms at 1505 Chestnut street.
18

FOR RENT—2304 Olive street. Furnished rooms, single or en suite.
21

FOR RENT—A pleasant furnished room, suitable for gentlemen. Southern exposure, private family; near Garrison and Easton avenues. Reference required. Address R. H., West End P. O.
19

FURNISHED rooms for rent in private family, to gents only. Address M. B. 10, this office.
19

FOR RENT—A neatly furnished front room, suitable for 1 or 2 gentlemen; ground floor; convenient to three lines of cars; good neighborhood; by an elderly lady without family. Please call or address 1539 N. Fourteenth street.
18

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room, 1205 Washington avenue.
21

FOR RENT—A furnished room; southern and eastern exposure; $10 50 a month. Address L. A., this office.
21

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished front room for gentlemen. No. 1504 Franklin ave.
18

FOR RENT—A nice physician's office, downtown; cheap. Ad. R., this office.
18

FOR RENT—An unfurnished room to one or two gentlemen at 823 Morgan street.
18

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished front room, 1504 Franklin avenue.
20

NEATLY furnished rooms at 609 North Seventh. Rent moderate.

TWO rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for light housekeeping; also small bed-room; 1132 North Sixth st.
19

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN MAGUIRE,

Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.

Houses, lots and stores for rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.
519 Walnut st., Office bet. 5th and 6th.

FOR SALE.

A General Country Store

In Washington County, Ill., ten miles from the railroad, in the center of a large settlement of German farmers; church and good school, drug store and physician. Stock worth about $5,000; good brick house, barn and stable. Forty acres of cultivated land belongs to it. Satisfactory reason given for selling. Address W. C. 15, this office.

FOR SALE.

A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE
—OF—
ELEVEN ROOMS,

Which has been used as a Hotel and Bar Room, in a thriving town in Missouri. The proprietor is compelled to sell on account of sickness. The town is situated on a railroad, has several Churches and Schools, and a large Rolling Mill will be erected there pretty soon. Good chance to make money. Please address, for particulars, H. B., this office.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Attention, Real Estate Buyers

Those wishing to buy Real Estate will do well to call and examine our list before buying, as we have Property for Sale in All Parts of the City.

DYER & RUTLEDGE

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
707 Olive Street.

FOR SALE—A new stone front house, south s'de Thomas st., near Glasgow av.; will be sold at a bargain.
DYER & RUTLEDGE,
Real Estate Agents,
707 Olive street.

FOR SALE—A beautiful building lot 63x134, north side Sheridan avenue, between Glasgow avenue and Garrison avenue.
DYER & RUTLEDGE,
Real Estate Agents,
707 Olive street.

FOR SALE—2623 Penrose street. New six-room house at a bargain.
DYER & RUTLEDGE,
Real Estate Agents,
707 Olive street.

FOR SALE—2720 Thomas street, 7-room stock brick front house; lot 25x118; stable for four horses.
DYER & RUTLEDGE,
Real Estate Agents,
707 Olive street.

FOR SALE—Two fine stone front houses with all modern improvements, Dillon street, near Park avenue.
DYER & RUTLEDGE,
Real Estate Agents,
707 Olive street.

FOR SALE—Six-room house on Dickson street, near Clay avenue; at a bargain.
DYER & RUTLEDGE,
Real Estate Agents,
707 Olive street.

FOR SALE—Eight-room house on Easton avenue near Grand avenue, at a bargain.
DYER & RUTLEDGE,
Real Estate Agents,
707 Olive street.

FOR SALE—A lot of ground, 65 feet front by 194 feet deep, fronting on Second street and Risley, north of Chouteau avenue, in city block 44. Address M. F. 14, this office.

E. G. OBEAR,

REAL ESTATE AGENT,
310 NORTH SIXTH STREET.

Has for sale among others, the following:

IMPROVED PROPERTY.

Olive st., 3018—2-story brick, 8 rooms.
Garrison ave., 1420—2-story brick, 8 rooms, stable.
Gamble st., 2917—2-story stone-front, mansard roof; lot 50 ft.; fine order.
Pine st.—3 large stone-front residences with large lots.
Washington ave., 3645—Frame house, splendid lot; 50x150.
Lafayette ave., 1554—2-story stone-front; a bargain.
A fine 2-story stone-front on Chestnut street; house new and in splendid condition; easy terms.
Garrison and Lucas aves.—3-story brick, 10 rooms, stable, etc., large lot; can be bought cheap.
Locust st.—2932, 2-story, mansard roof, brick, at a bargain.
Washington av., 3645—Frame, fine lot 50x150.
" 3701—Cottage built house, lot 60x150.

UNIMPROVED PROPERTY.

Delmar ave.—Several choice lots near Grand; 800 ft. deep.
Franklin ave, A.—150x134—S. E. cor. of Compton.
Grand ave.—50x160—E. side, near Lindell.
Laclede av.—75x128, n. s., east of Channing.
Locust st.—Several choice residence lots between Beaumont street and Compton ave.
Lucas ave.—50x134—S. s., west of Garrison.
Leffingwell ave.—50 ft. W. s., near Washington.
Morgan st.—75x134—Northeast cor. Cardinal.
Olive st.—100x150—Northwest cor. Grand ave.
Pine st.—25x150—N. s., east of Compton.
" 50x150—N. S. west of Garrison.
Washington ave.—150x134—S. s., east of Compton.
" 100x150—S. W. cor. of Grand.

AUBERT PLACE—20 choice lots at prices ranging from $10 to $25 per foot.
VANDEVENTER PLACE—A few lots remaining unsold in this beautiful subdivision on easy terms.
Several large lots suitable for manufacturing purposes.
Business property east of Twelfth street at good rental.
Money to Loan in sums to suit on City Real Estate at 6 and 7 per cent.

FOR SALE.

No. 3035 Morgan street, an elegant 10-room

STONE FRONT AND MANSARD.

Lot 37.6x134.8. For particulars and card of admission apply to
EDGAR MILLER,
716 Chestnut Street.

BUDD & WADE,

612 OLIVE STREET.

We can offer for sale on three, four or five years time, at 6 per cent interest for deferred payment, the following property:

LOTS.

$30 to $35 per foot for lots on Delmar avenue, west of Vandeventer.
$20 to $25 per foot for lots on Forest Park Boulevard, west of Cabanne.
$100 to $125 per foot for lots on Lindell avenue, between Grand and Cabanne.
$75 per foot for lots on Franklin avenue, between Ware and Grand.
$25 per foot for lots on Cass avenue, 200 feet west of Webster avenue.
$100 per foot for lots on Chestnut, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets.
$40 per foot for lots on Rutger and Hickory streets, near Lafayette Park.
$30 per foot for lots on Baker avenue, between Sarah and Boyle streets.
$60 per foot for lots on Olive, between Channing and Compton.
$40 to $45 per foot for lot on Jefferson and Scott avenue, 259x167.
$45 per foot for lot on Olive street, between Grand and Cabanne.
$40 per foot for lot on Olive street, just west of Cabanne.
$250 per foot for lot on southwest corner Fourth and Spruce, foundation, etc.
$60 per foot for lot on Second street, between Bates and Cass avenue.
$35 per foot for lot on Washington avenue, near Boyle.
$140 per foot for the best lot around Lafayette Park, high ground, 75x200.

DWELLINGS.

$1,400 will buy on monthly payments, 6 per cent. interest, two-story bricks, 6 rooms, water and gas.
$6,500 will buy 2-story 10-room house, laundry, hall, gas, hot and cold bath, marble mantles. No. 1214 St. Augie avenue.
$5,000 will buy two-story brick, 9 rooms, all improvements; stable, carriage house, etc.; lot 50x145; on northeast corner Sixteenth and Papin.
$3,500 will buy any one of Nos. 14, 16, 20 Compton avenue. Two-story mansard, eight rooms, hall and gas.
$2,520 will buy 2132 and 2134 on Carr street.
Also fine property on Third, Second and Main streets, centrally located and renting well. Call and examine our list.

CHAS. A. DYER. WM. A. RUTLEDGE.

DYER & RUTLEDGE,

REAL ESTATE

AND

FINANCIAL AGENTS,

707 Olive Street.

Loans made on City and Country Real Estate.

Property for sale in all parts of the City.

Large Sale of Attractive Lots.

Richard J. Morgan and others } In partition in the
vs. } Circuit Court for
Henry Harris Wilson and others. } the city of St. Louis

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the city of St. Louis, in the above entitled cause, the undersigned will expose for sale to the highest bidder, at public auction, on Thursday, May 26, between the hours of 10 in the forenoon and 5 in the afternoon of that day, during the session of the Circuit Court for the city of St. Louis, at the east front door of the Court House in said city, the following described property, that is to say, twenty-nine (29) lots of ground or parcels of land in North Stoddard Addition to the city of St. Louis, more particularly described as follows: Lots twelve, thirteen and fourteen (12, 13 and 14) in block thirteen (13) of said addition, which is block nine hundred and seventy-eight (978) of the city of St. Louis, each lot having a front of twenty-five feet one hundred and eighteen feet three inches to an alley fifteen feet wide. Lots thirty and thirty-one (30 and 31), in block fourteen of said addition, which is block nine hundred and seventy-nine (979) of the city of St. Louis, each lot having a front of twenty-five feet on the south side of Stoddard street by a depth of one hundred and eighteen feet three inches to an alley fifteen feet wide. Lots twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three and thirty-four (21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34) of block thirty-six (36) of said addition, which is block one thousand and one (1001) of the city of St. Louis, lot thirty-four (34) having a front of thirty feet, and each of the others a front of twenty-five feet on the south side of Dickson street by a depth of one hundred and eighteen feet three inches to an alley fifteen feet wide. Lots thirty-two, forty, forty-one, forty-two, forty-three, forty-four, forty-five and forty-six (32, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45 and 46), in block forty (40) of said addition, which is block one thousand and five (1005) of the City of St. Louis; each lot having a front of twenty-five feet on the south side of Thomas street, by a depth of one hundred and eighteen feet three inches to an alley fifteen feet wide, and lots forty-two and forty-three (42 and 43) in block six-ty-three (63) of said addition, which is block one thousand and twenty-eight (1028) of the City of St. Louis, each lot having a front of twenty-five feet on the south side of Dickson street, by a depth of one hundred and eighteen feet three inches to an alley fifteen feet wide.

Terms of sale: One-third of the purchase money in cash and the balance in one and two years with six per cent interest from one day of sale, secured by deed of trust on the property sold.

THOMAS S. RUTHERFURD,
Special Commissioner.

P. S. LANHAM, Autioneer.

Plats showing the situation of the respective lots have been prepared and are for inspection at No. 219 North Eighth street. The property is unusually attractive for residences, the situation is high and healthy, the streets and alleys are all paved, and gas and water pipes laid. The neighborhood possesses every advantage and the title is unimpeachable. The sale will commence at 12 m. precisely.

THOMAS S. RUTHERFURD.

St. Louis, May 3, 1881. 13T

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

IN PARTITION.

BY SHERIFF—In pursuance of an order of the Circuit Court of St. Louis City, Missouri, in cause No. 53,686, in partition, wherein David D. Dannals, Mary A. McLean and William McCullough, are plaintiffs, and Henry F. Dannals, Thomas S. Dannals, Mollie Kate Dannals, minor, George B. Dannals, minor, Frank L. Dannals, minor, and James Dannals Tillinghast, minor, are defendants, the undersigned, Isaac M. Mason, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis, Special Commissioner appointed by said Court, will, on

MONDAY THE 23RD. DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1881,

sell for cash at public auction to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, the following described real estate situated and lying in the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, and described as follows, to wit:

1. A certain parcel of land situated in city block number three thousand and sixty-three (3063), and being lot number five (5) in John C. Ivory's subdivision of the southern part of block ten (10), survey Carondelet, said lot containing a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the west side of Fifth street, and running westwardly of equal width one hundred and forty (140) feet to a fifteen (15) foot alley, and being bounded north by lot number six (6) of said subdivision, east by Fifth street, south by lot number four (4) of said subdivision, and west by said alley, said lot having improvements thereon of small value.

2. A certain parcel of land situated in city block number nineteen hundred and eighty-four north (1984 N.) and being lot numbered nine (9) in block two (2) of Easton's subdivision, a plat of which subdivision is on file in the Recorder's office for St. Louis City, in plat book number six (6), page eighty-seven (87), said lot having a front of twenty-seven (27) feet eleven and one-half (11½) inches on Vineyard street, and running back with that width southwardly one hundred and eight (108) feet and one-half (½) inch, more or less, and being bounded north by Vineyard street, west by lot number eight (8), east by lot number ten (10) and south by lot number thirty-two (32) in block two (2), as designated on said plat of Easton's subdivision.

Sheriff of the City of St. Louis, and Special Commissioner.

ISAAC M. MASON,

St. Louis, April 28, 1881. 6S

FOR SALE

An 8-Room Cottage Residence,

With lot 50x118 feet, fronting on south side of Page avenue, east of Grand avenue. Price $7,500. Apply at No. 404 North Second street.

A. F. BROWN. P. SULLIVAN.

ANDREW F. BROWN & CO.,

BOARDING,

SALE AND LIVERY STABLE,

105 South 11th, Cor. Walnut.

We have just received a large supply of undertaking materials, and are now prepared to deal with our friends on as liberal terms as any other firm in the city, and would be pleased to have you call and investigate. Funerals and party orders promptly attended to.

105 S. ELEVENTH STREET.

WANTED—BOARD.

WANTED—Between Twenty Sixth, Grand avenue, Chestnut and Morgan streets, first class rooms with board for gentleman and wife. Address, with terms and references, No. 1, this office.

WANTED—Nicely furnished room with board for a young lady, in a quiet part of the city; one who will give no trouble; charge must be moderate. Ad. Mary A. Emerson, city Post Office.
19

WANTED—Small furnished room without board for single gentleman; state terms and location. Address A. B. W., this office.
17

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A gent and wife or two gents can have a nicely furnished room with board in a good, Christian family. New stone front house near Grand av.; Washington av. cars pass door. Finest view and coolest retreat in the city. For full particulars inquire at 402 N. Second st.
19

ALL SORTS.

FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, STOVES, CARPETS, and other household goods sold on monthly payments.
619 and 621 Market st.

DO YOU know what magnetism is? Are you sick of any disease and wish to prolong life? Call on Dr. Goodwin, 623 Locust street.

A. BANCHEREL,
Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks, Corner Main and Spruce streets. Painting and Repairing.

JOHN B. BLYHOLDER,
Horseshoer and Farrier. Road and track work a specialty.
2717 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

JOHN L. DEASE,
Book-Binder and Paper Edge Gilder,
518 Pine Street.

I am prepared to do all serial publications in styles equal to the best produced in New York or Boston. Magazines, Music, etc., in styles not equaled in this city.
☞ Old books gilt in the cover.

PERSONAL—Aramantha Jane and everybody else gets Greenwood's Ready Mixed Gloss Paints, Brushes, Varnishes, etc., at 1722 Franklin ave.
10

SELL YOUR cast off clothing, old gold, silver, carpets and feathers to Prof. Speelman, 2619 Franklin avenue, who pays the very highest price. Send postal card.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 513 Walnut st
Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced. Loans large and small amounts.

S.S.S.

Is purely vegetable, contains not one grain of any mineral substance *and will cure any case of Syphilis in the world.*

"Have never known it to fail to cure a case of Syphilis when properly taken."
H. L. DENNAR, } Perry, Ga.
ELI WARREN, }

"The above signers are gentlemen of high standing."
A. H. COLQUITT,
Governor of Georgia.

Ask the druggist or write for the little book. Swift Specific Co., Prop'rs, Atlanta, Ga.

Health is Wealth!

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse, or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only when the treatment is ordered direct from us or Meyer Bros. & Co., wholesale druggists, St. Louis.

JOHN C. WEST & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
181 & 183 West Madison street, Chicago, Ill.
Sold by all Druggists.

DR. WHITTIER

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer located than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones cured Safely, Privately. Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-Abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or over brainwork, producing nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, or night losses. Consultation at office or by mail free. Invalids permanently cured, rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured. One stamp. Medicines sent by mail or express. Pamphlet free. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE GUIDE! 280 PAGES

Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry; How life and happiness may be increased; Effects of celibacy and excess, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it then keep under lock and key. 25 cts., by mail in money or postage. Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, Mo.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST.—Whereas, Frederick Ahrens and Louise, by their deed dated the 28th of September, A. D. 1870, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis city, (now city), in book 406, page 553, conveyed to Robert Barth in trust the following described lots or parcels of land lying and being in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lots numbered twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) in block numbered ten (10) of Lamont's addition to the City of St. Louis, said block number ten being now known as block number one hundred and forty-eight (148), a plat of which addition is filed in the office of the Recorder of St. Louis county, (now city); said lots twenty-one and twenty-two having each a front of twenty-five (25) feet by a depth of one hundred and seventeen feet and six inches (117 ft and 6 in.) to the dividing line through said block, and being the same property acquired by Fred. Ahrens by deed dated April 30th, 1870, and recorded in book 406, page 140, of the St. Louis county (now city) records; which said conveyance was made to secure the payment of five certain promissory notes in said deed described. And whereas, one of the said notes remain due and unpaid, and the said Robert Barth, said trustee, has departed this life without having completed the performance of the duties imposed on him by said deed of trust, and the Circuit Court of St. Louis city having made an order on the 9th day of May, 1881, appointing the Sheriff of St. Louis city trustee, to execute said deed of trust in lieu and place of the original trustee, now therefore, notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and by virtue of the said order of court, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will on

THURSDAY, the 9TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, the above described real estate, to satisfy said notes and the costs of executing said trust.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff and Trustee.

St. Louis, May 16, 1881.

Assignees' Notices.

IN MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT of Fred. Fischer. Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, assignee of Fred. Fischer, will on Monday, the 30th day of May, 1881, apply to the honorable Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis for a final discharge as assignee of said Fischer.

WILLIAM A. HUDSON,
Assignee of Fred. Fischer.
7Q

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—Public notice is hereby given that on the first day of the next June term, 1881, beginning Monday, June 6, 1881, the undersigned, assignee of Louis Wagemann, will file in the Circuit Court in the city of St. Louis a full and final account of said trust, and apply to said court for a discharge from said trust.

41R LOUIS F. ENGEL,
Assignee.

NOTICE OF SALE—By virtue of an order of sale made by the St. Louis Circuit Court, in the matter of the assignment of Frank Estel & Co., of date May 14, 1881. I, the undersigned, assignee of said firm will, on Thursday, May 26, 1881, at 3 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the office of Baur & Bonle, No. 207 South Second street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell to the highest bidder, for cash, all the uncollected book accounts, notes, and judgments to me assigned by said firm, and appraised as doubtful or worthless by appraisement on file in said assignment case in said Circuit Court.

LOUIS S. BAUR, Assignee.
92N

NOTICE—The first and final dividend of fifty-five per cent will be paid on all allowed claims against the firm of Potthoff & Behnken on Friday, May 20, 1881, and on the three consecutive days thereafter, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. of each day, at the office of Zelle Bros., 702 Broadway.

F. E. ZELLE,
St. Louis, May 17, 1881. Assignee.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Alexander B. Walsh that on Monday, the 20th day of June, A. D. 1881, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, I shall apply to the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for a discharge from my trust as assignee of said Alexander B. Walsh.

CHAS. CLAFLIN ALLEN,
Assignee of A. B. Walsh.
23V

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of Eugene Capelle, of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, that I will, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 13th, 14th and 15th days of June, 1881, at the office of Samuel Halliday, 305½ Olive street, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed publicly to adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects of Eugene Capelle, assigned to me by him for the benefit of his creditors.

HENRY BARTHOLOW,
Assignee of Eugene Capelle.
87W

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Catherine Graham,

that I, the undersigned administrator, with the will annexed, of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of June, 1881.

R. GRAHAM FROST,
Administrator of the estate of Catherine Graham, deceased.
St. Louis, May 6, 1881. 18V

No. 13,923 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Margaret Kronester, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Margaret Kronester,

deceased, and that I did so on the 1st day of April, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office S. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust Sts., Insurance Building.
St. Louis., Mo., April 30, 1881. 46S

No. 13,933 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Charles H. Rohrer, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Charles H. Rohrer,

deceased, and that I did so on the 9th day of April, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against the same are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., April 30, 1881. 49S

No. 13,939 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Caspar Greber, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Caspar Greber,

deceased, and that I did so on the 14th day of April, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., April 30, 1881. 52S

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Henrietta Klosterman,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.

FREDERIC W. LANGEWISCH,
Administrator of Henrietta Klosterman, deceased.
St. Louis, April 7, 1881. 30

No. 13,927 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—In re estate of Kate Hession, alias Gibson, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Kate Hession, alias Gibson,

deceased, and that I did so on the 4th day of April, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., April 30, 1881. 47S

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, guardian of the person and estate of Albert Kuepfert, a minor, has made a just and true exhibit of the account by himself and his said ward, and filed the same with the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, and that on the first day of the next September Term, 1881 thereof, he intends to apply to said Court for leave to make a final settlement of his guardianship accounts and for his discharge as such guardian.

KONRAD BREIDENBACH,
Guardian of Albert Kuepfert, a minor.
St. Louis, Mo., April 29, 1881. 56S

ESTATE of Christian F. Kammerer, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Christian F. Kammerer,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the first day of December, 1879.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1881.

LOUIS G. KAMMERER,
Administrator of Christian F. Kammerer, deceased.
58S

No. 13,943 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Thomas Coffey, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Thomas Coffey,

deceased, and that I did so on the 26th day of April, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., April 30, 1881. 53S

No. 13,935 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Henry Hoylenberg, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Henry Hoolenberg,

deceased, and that I did so on the 11th day of April, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., April 30, 1881. 50S

No. 13,945 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Charles Schules, alias Girard, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Charles Schules, alias Girard.

deceased, and that I did so on the 27th day of April, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., April 30, 1881. 54S

ESTATE of Johanna Pabst, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration, c. t. a. on the estate of

Johanna Pabst,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 22d day of April, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., April 30, 1881. 51S

ESTATE of Magdalena Spaenle, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Magdelena Spaenle,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the twenty-ninth day of April, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 30th day of April, 1881.

JOSEPH SOHLER,
Executor of the estate of Magdelena Spaenle, deceased.
75S

Assignees' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the co-partnership estate of the late firm of

A. M. Leslie & Co.,

that I, the undersigned, surviving partner of said late firm, intend to make a final settlement of said estate at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of June next.

EDWIN G. LESLIE, Surviving Partner.
St. Louis, April 30, 1881. 57S

No. 13,936 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of William H. Fisch, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

William H. Fisch,

deceased, and that I did so on the 11th day of April, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., April 30, 1881. 51S

ESTATE of Magdalena Spaenle, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Magdelena Spaenle,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the twen

AN ELECTRIC LIGHT.

Proposition to Place One on the Terrace of the Water Tower.

North St. Louis to Be Lighted With a Powerful Lamp.

The question of the practicability of lighting large districts and cities with electricity has excited wide spread interest. In several cities experiments with a view of illuminating with the electric lamps have been successfully made. An extensive experiment or exhibition of this kind will be given at the Water Tower, situated on Grand avenue and Fourteenth street, by the enterprising managers of the Benton-Bellefontaine Street Railroad Company within the next two weeks. Application was made to obtain the use of the Water Tower for the purpose of displaying a powerful electric light from the top. On recommendation of Col. Flad, President of the Board of Public Improvements, and Water Commissioner Whitman, Mayor Ewing extended the privilege to the Benton-Bellefontaine Street Railroad Company. The managers of this line have closed contracts with the Brush Electric Light Company to furnish a powerful four-point electric light with all the required apparatus and machinery. The lamps will be placed on the terrace of the Water Tower and will be connected with the stables of the Benton-Bellefontaine Company by wire running from the Tower to the stables, a distance of two blocks, along which the current will flow. At this latter place the machinery and generator will be located.

The company now has a fine fifty-horse-power engine used for cutting food, hoisting and various other purposes. This is not run after 7 p. m., and can be used to generate electricity for the lamp. The Water Tower is the highest pure Corinthian column in the world, measuring 225 feet from the foundation to the terrace. The ground on which it is located is 110 feet above the high water mark on the levee, which will place the lamp more than 300 feet above the larger portion of North St. Louis. It will be visible from St. Charles, Edwardsville, Ill., Alton, Belleville and at surrounding towns within a radius of fifty miles. The Electric Light Company with which the contracts have been closed propose that the light shall, when burning at full, enable one to see the second hand on a watch dial at a distance of one mile from the tower. The Fair Grounds, situated half a mile distant, will be thoroughly illuminated. The managers would hope to throw a few rays to Chicago if it were not that the sinful city by the lake is a little below the tangent line on account of the spherical shape of the earth. Hyde Park and the tracks of the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific railroad will be lighted up from North Market street to Calvary Cemetery bridge. It is a common impression with people who are just wise enough to get all tangled up and mixed up beyond salvation on the subject of the electric light that a large percentage of the power is wasted by going skywards; this is not the fact with the late improved lamps. If the carbon points ran horizontally and were but the broken parts of a horizontal straight line, then the light would be distributed skyward and down in equal parts, but of late the points are placed parallel so that only ten per cent of the rays goes up while ninety per cent are sent to the ground.

The cost of the lamp and machinery will be about $5,000, and will be shipped to the company over the Wabash road in about ten days, so that in two weeks the light will probably be in running order. When once prepared the expense of running it will be but $10 a night. This expensive experiment, which will be continued for some time, is characteristic of the enterprise of this popular road and its managers.

Municipal Assembly.

The Council met last night. A communication from the Mayor announced the appointment of Theophile Papin and John Schnell as members of the House of Refuge Board. The bond on the slop contract was approved and the contract for the city printing awarded by the City Register to the POST-DISPATCH was referred to the Ways and Means Committee. A list of the officials and employes who draw salaries from the city treasury was submitted, and 200 copies were ordered printed. Mr. De Menil offered a resolution providing that the St. Louis Gas Light Company be compelled to repair Fifth street, between the east curb and the railway tracks throughout the entire distance that the street is being excavated by gas pipes. Mr. Rowse moved that the resolution be made to cover all other streets, and it was passed in this form.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Mr. Marriott introduced a bill providing that the railroad companies having a right of way through Forest Park be compelled to fulfil the agreements with the city to build a tunnel 100 feet in length along Barnes avenue, to contribute $2,000 to build a depot, and to construct side tracks at the depot. Mr. Slevin introduced a resolution similar to that in the Council relative to the repair of streets by the St. Louis Gaslight Company. Mr. Zelle introduced a resolution providing that the Board of Public Improvements report how the South St. Louis Railroad can be operated without laying a double track on Decatur street, and that pending the answer the company be prohibited from laying tracks on that street. The resolution was referred to the Railroad Committee. The House adjourned to Tuesday night.

Knights of Honor.

The regular proceedings of Laclede Lodge, K. of H., were varied last evening by a visit from the members of Olive Branch Lodge No. 812, of the same order. "Laclede" is a new lodge, situated in the southwestern part of the city, and has shown surprising activity and signs of improvement in the last two months. The officers and members were highly complimented for their work by the older members of the order present, and the opinion was freely expressed that "Laclede" would soon become one of the leading lodges in the city. A most enjoyable hour was spent in the lodge room, after which the visiting brethren were invited to partake of a splendid collation prepared for their refreshment. Several short and happy speeches were made, the best of fraternal feeling prevailed and another link added to the already strong bond of brotherly love which exists between the two lodges named.

"Our Boys Got the Drop."

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PIEDMONT, Mo., May 21.—The two men who shot Sheriff Davis and Collector Hatten, of this (Wayne) county yesterday, and who shot and wounded the Sheriff of New Madrid county and some of his posse last week, were riddled with buckshot this morning at daylight at Campbell's Switch, on the Iron Mountain Road in this county. They had two double-barrelled shot-guns and seven new Colt's army revolvers. Our boys got the drop and kept it. Davis and Hatten are in a precarious condition. Davis is not expected to live and Hatten is speechless from paralysis.

Almost a Murder.

A negro named William Overton made a desperate attempt to murder his wife last night at their residence on Centre street, between Market street and Clark avenue. Coming home from work shortly before 10 o'clock he began a quarrel with his wife which wound up in his catching up a table knife, rushing upon his wife, throwing her down and sawing viciously at her throat with the dull blade. The woman screamed and an officer who was passing by rushed in. He found the woman bathed in blood sitting on the floor. In the inner room he found Overton, who defied him to arrest him. He was collared, however, and taken to the station. The woman resisted the interference of the officer and tried to prevent the arrest. She refused to prosecute. Her injuries are very painful, but with care she will recover. Oberton is a railroad man and is said to have been actuated by jealousy.

Ice Cream Garden.

Mohr's Ice Cream Garden, the handsomest in the city, is open to the public every day and night till 12 p. m., where the best ice cream and sherbets are constantly dished. He is prepared to fill all orders, wholesale and retail, at short notice. Give him a call, corner of Fifteenth and Chouteau avenue.

THE HUMANE SOCIETY.

Organized for Active Work—A List of Memberships.

The executive committee of the Humane Society met last evening at the office of the society, the following members being present: Mr. Munson, Dr. Todd, Capt. Evans, Dr. Comstock, Capt. Fox and H. B. Pettes. The special subject under consideration was the selection of a special agent for active service on the streets. After careful deliberation the committee appointed Police Officer Edmond P. Creecy to that position and agreed to furnish him with a fine horse in order to put him in the best position to accomplish the most satisfactory results. The public and the society are to be congratulated on having secured the services of such an efficient and gentlemanly man to represent them in this work. Mr. Creecy has been upon the police force for the past five years, and for the last two years and a half has been in charge of the sub-station at the Fair Grounds, where he has won the esteem and respect of all who have had occasion to come in contact with him, and has the reputation of being cool, discreet and possessing rare qualities which specially fit him for the new position that he is to occupy. He will resign from the force and enter upon his duties at once. To correct an erroneous impression which exists in the minds of many persons regarding the expenses of the society, we are requested to state emphatically that no officer of the society receives one dollar for services rendered, either directly or indirectly, except the special agent referred to above. The money received for membership subscriptions is to be used only for such necessary expenses as stationary, postage, printing circulars, of which a large number are to be issued upon various subjects bearing upon cruelty to animals, the purchase of a horse, his stabling, the establishing of drinking fountains from time to time in public places, and such other judicious expenses as become necessary to forward the best interests of the society—so that persons desiring to become members may feel fully assured that no officer of the society is to "make any money out of it," and that it will be carefully and faithfully applied in a manner to do the most good. The list of members is rapidly increasing, as will be seen from the report of the secretary of those entered since the last publication, given below.

The following letter, received yesterday, explains itself:

OFFICE OF G. & W. TODD & CO., 917 AND 919 NORTH SECOND STREET, ST. LOUIS, May 20, 1881.

Hon. Jas. E. Yeatman, Treasurer:

DEAR SIR—Believing that the Humane Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is engaged in a work of great importance to the community, I send enclosed a check for $100 as a testimonial of my sincere wishes for its success. Yours truly,

GEORGE TODD.

The subscriptions received so far are as follows:

Wm. Brown, $100; John Whittaker, $100; N. C. Chapman, $100; Geo. Todd, $100; J. H. Louderman, $10; A. B. Filley, $10; Jos. Franklin, $10; D. Crawford, $10; Geo. Wright, $10; F. A. Waters, $10; W. S. Stuyvesant, $10; Geo. F. Durant, $10; Byron Sherman, $10; Jas. S. Garland, $10; Wm. Taussig, $10; J. A. Bartlett, $10; T. T. Richards, $10; A. A. Paton, $10; Chas. E. Fowle, $10; S. H. Laflin, $10; C. C. Carroll, Jr., $10; M. H. Forbes, $10; J. R. Holmes, $10; E. C. Simmons, $10; H. T. Simon, $10; W. H. N., $10; Dr. Charles A. Todd, $10; R. Everett, $5; F. G. Cochran, $5; G. L. Joy, $5; E. C. Chamberlin, $5; Wm. G. Bartle, $5; Henry Amelung, $5; E. S. Abadie, $5; E. S. Warner, $5; D. R. Haynes, $5; W. L. Wickham, $5; John Snyder, $5; W. F. Cozzens, $5; J. Swallow, $5; Robt. S. MacDonald, $5; H. Schulz, Jr., $5; Ed. Scheele, $5; M. W. Willis, $5; C. W. Baxton, $5; H. B. Pettes, $5; J. W. Teasdale, $5; G. J. Kinsky, $5; D. W. VanHouton, $5; Geo. W. Campbell, $5; M. Bernheimer, $5; Geo. F. Crane, $5; A. E. Peters, $5; Wallace Delafield, $5; C. B. Carter, $5; Dr. A. J. Steele, $5; Dr. J. R. Kingsley, $5; Prof. M. S. Snow, $5; Prof. F. E. Nipper, $5; Jno. W. Munson, $5; W. H. Fox, $5; F. Brooks, $5; Mrs. F. Brooks, $2 50; J. A. St. John, $5; Newton Crane, $5; D. T. Jewett, $5; Isaac H. Sturgeon, $5; S. H. Knight, $5; J. H. Pottenger, $5; Walter J. Blakely, $5; T. B. Edgar, $5; Geo. T. Hulse, $5; J. W. Hulse, $5; Matt Hastings, $5; Dr. W. A. Hardaway, $5; E. G. Callahan, $5; I. R. Adams, $5; E. K. Holton, $5; P. F. Fletcher, $5; Geo. C. Robinson, $5; J. C. Browning, $5; Charles Evans, $5; T. G. Comstock, $5; L. Chauvenet, $5; Miss E. A. Peter, $5; Eddie Peter, $1; Jennie Peter, $1; Georgie Peter, $1; Blanche Peter, $1.

It is earnestly requested that persons desiring to join as members will please send postal card to Mr. Leo Ebrliet, secretary, northeast corner Fifth and Olive streets, and they will be called upon by the authorized collector in order to secure a substantial fund.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Gen. J. W. Banes, of Burlington, Ia., died on Friday at Danville, Ill.

Jno. Matthews, a farmer of Barkley, Ill., was drowned on Friday while fishing at Round Lake.

The Illinois Legislature still hangs on. An extra session may be called for making appropriations.

The Chickasaw Guards, of Memphis, have carried off the honors at the New Orleans military contest.

An uprising of the Utes and Navajoes is expected. Orders have issued for additional troops for Fort Lewis.

The League base ball scores on Friday were: Cleveland 7, Troy 4; Providence 5, Detroit 4; Chicago 5, Boston 4.

H. Von Blarcom, postmaster and savings bank agent at Annapolis, N. S., has disappeared, his accounts showing a deficit of $70,000.

Sheriff John T. Davis was shot and killed in Wayne county on Friday by the New Madrid desperadoes who killed a deputy in that district last week.

The United States Senate adjourned sine die at 6 o'clock on Friday evening after an adverse vote on the nomination of Chandler for Solicitor General.

Lotta Maloney, a young girl of Smyrna, Del., went to Philadelphia to enter domestic service and was ultimately adopted by Dr. J. M. Leon, who has settled $300,000 upon her.

Three young scoundrels of Rosehill, Va., went to the home of D. Rozier during Thursday night, and, overpowering him, committed a shocking assault upon his young stepdaughter.

THE TURNFEST.

Further Preparations for the June Celebrations—The Parades, Exhibitions, Etc.

The various committees appointed to make arrangements for the approaching Turnfest are working with might and main. The festival, which begins on the 4th of June, seems likely to eclipse any celebration of the kind ever given in the city. The gentlemen in charge are doing everything to make the affair a grand success. Secretary Barrett has already distributed 10,000 season tickets among the representative merchants and manufacturers. All branches of business and industry are contributing very liberally, and the financial standing of the fest is assured.

The arrangements for decorating the streets are perfected, and the processions will march along a route decorated in the most splendid manner. The erection of the triumphal arch at the corner of Fourth and St. Charles streets will be begun immediately. Other decorations will be put up along the route, and fireworks exhibitions will be given at the various points. At least twenty-five magnificent floats will figure in the parades and the Turners will parade in their splendid uniforms and carry torches. The first parade will take place on the evening of Saturday, June 4. The route selected will be as follows: North from the starting place at Lucas Market to Washington avenue, east to Fourth street, south to Chestnut, west to Fifth street, south to Elm, thence via Fourth street and Chouteau avenue to Schnaider's Garden. At the garden the festivities will be on a grand scale. The "Bundes banner" will be presented by the visitors, and an "Italianishe Nacht" will be celebrated. The second procession on the fourth day will start at 9 a. m. The route will be from Lucas Market to Tenth street, north to Franklin avenue, east to Fourth street, south to Market, west to Twelfth, and south to Union Depot. Here the Turners will take the cars for a monster excursion to Forest Park, where the day will be spent in picnicking. It is expected that at least 20,000 people will visit the park on that day. The various cities are sending in their notices of the number of Turners who will attend. Free quarters for 600 delegates have already been provided, and arrangements are perfected for opening a free Turners' restaurant at the Fair Grounds when the athletic exhibitions will take place. It has been determined to add a shooting tournament to the exercises. The tournament will occur on the 6th of June and will bring together a number of crack shots from all the cities in the Union. Large numbers of visitors will accompany the Turners from their respective places, and the city will be full to overflowing with guests. The hall at the Masonic Hall and the promenade concert at the Merchants' Exchange will also be grand affairs. The citizens of St. Louis will do everything in their power to make the tournament a success. Milwaukee, the last meeting place of the Bund, covered itself with laurels, the population turning out en masse, feasting, balls and illuminations being the general rule. St. Louis will not be behind. A Committee on Guarantee Fund has been appointed, composed of fifty of the most prominent and wealthy citizens, these gentlemen pledging themselves to raise a fund out of which any deficit which may occur will be paid. The fete will be of national interest and will reflect great credit upon the city.

THE favorite champagnes, Monopole, Louis Roederer, Pommery Sec, G. H. Mumm & Co., Pepier and Charles Heidsieck, Greseler & Co., Krug & Co., Island Queen and Cook's Imperial, cold as ice, at C. Conrad & Co.'s, No. 411 and 419

JOSEPH H. DEPREZ & CO., originators of $5 pants to order, removed to 914½ Olive street.

THE Ladies' Department at C. Conrad & Co.'s, No. 419 North Sixth street, is reserved exclusively for ladies and families, and contains a beautiful display of Budweiser beer, wines and champagnes.

PERIHELION PERILS.

The Planets Swerving the Sun Off His Center Nearly a Million Miles,

Producing a Marked Decrease in the Terrestrial Temperature,

And Playing Havoc With Human Health.

The conjunction of the planets with the sun, it is reasoned by those who have made it a careful study, is having a very marked effect on that luminary. It is estimated that the sun has been drawn from its place 700,000 miles. If this is so, the effect on the earth must be marked. As a matter of fact it is said by meteorologists that the average temperature during the past winter has been several degrees lower than for many years, and the effect upon humanity has been seen in a great increase of mortality. The winter has been a long one and a cold one. The summer promises to be a long and hot one. This means increased mortality. It is therefore of the greatest importance that the health should be carefully guarded. Do not permit the slightest approach of disease. It has become an admitted fact that nothing so thoroughly restores and keeps the body in perfect health as Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

D. W. Bartine, M. D., D. D., who resides in Orange, N. J., after a careful experience, has given the following facts to the public:

Some three months ago I found myself suffering from Bright's disease—Albuminuria. By the use of a reliable test I found albumen in the urine, and in some slight degree in a few instances in a coagulated state. I suffered from dropsy, particularly about the ankles, slight pains about the kidneys, a derangement of digestion, great dryness of the skin, at times much thirst, and of course a gradual failing of strength. This was about the state of things when I commenced using Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. I took about six tablespoonfuls every day for a week, when I found all my symptoms decidedly improved, and at the end of two weeks it was difficult to detect any trace of albumen. Having imprudently taken cold, I had a slight relapse some two weeks ago, when I began again using the medicine, and am now as well as ever.

The conclusion from the above statement and the facts which accompany it must be evident. Disease is in our midst, and we must guard ourselves in time. A little precaution may save severe sickness, perhaps death.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ **Pilgrim Congregational Church,** corner Washington and Ewing avenues.—Rev. C. L. Goodell, D. D., having returned from New York, will occupy his pulpit at 10:30 a. m. and at 8 p. m. Bible school at 12 m. Prayer meeting at 8 on Wednesday evening. Welcome.

☞ **Lafayette Park Presbyterian Church** (opposite western gate of the park).—The pastor, D. C. Marquis, D. D., will preach on Sunday morning at 11 a. m., evening at 8. Sunday-school meets at 3 o'clock p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Teachers meet for the study of the lesson Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend all meetings.

LODGE NOTICES.

OLIVE BRANCH LODGE NO. 812, K. of H., will meet at their hall, corner Benton and Broadway, on Monday evening, May 23, at eight o'clock, sharp. A full attendance is requested. Visiting brethren will be cordially welcomed. VICTOR T. COLE, Dictator.
E. S. HILL, Reporter.

BOOKS.

F. ARCHER has removed his large stock of new and second-hand books from Seventh and Olive to 906 N. Sixth street. Globe Edition Shakespeare, 75c

GLENN'S

SULPHUR SOAP

CAUTION!—See that you get the above bearing both the name and design on the packet which encloses each cake, as this famous remedy has been counterfeited.
C. N. CRITTENTON, Sole Prop., N.Y.

THE LEADING EXTERNAL SPECIFIC FOR
SKIN DISEASES
A Beautifier of the Complexion.

It renders the Cuticle Healthful, Clear, and Smooth, and is the best possible substitute for expensive Sulphur Baths. It will heal Ulcers and Sores.

Persons employing it have no need to resort to Sulphur Springs for bathing purposes.

It is a desirable DISINFECTANT of CLOTHING or BED LINEN, and a capital remedy and preventive of Obnoxious or Contagious Diseases. It is also valuable as an injection.

As an adjunct of the TOILET, it is far more desirable than any cosmetics.

TAN, FRECKLES, PIMPLES, and BLOTCHES yield to its influence; and it is the very best soap to shave with, leaving the skin smooth. It also ERADICATES DANDRUFF. The article is endorsed by the Medical fraternity.

PRICES:
25 cts. a Cake
A BOX WITH
3 Cakes 75 c.
Sent by Mail Prepaid.

All respectable Druggists, Fancy Goods Dealers and Grocers keep on hand GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP; and will on demand for it supply the genuine.

FAMOUS REMEDIES.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR, for Coughs and all Lung Diseases.
HAIR REVIVUM, for Restoring Gray Hair to Original Color (Unequaled), 50 Cents.
PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS, which Cure in One Minute, 25 Cents.
HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE (Instantaneous), 50 Cents.
JAPANESE CORN FILE, for Removing Corns, Bunions, &c., 35 Cents.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Edward Butler's Goodenough Horse-Shoeing Shops.

SHOP NO. 1, 106 S. TENTH ST. SHOP NO. 2, CASS AVE., BET. GLASGOW AND GARRISON. SHOP NO. 3, GRAVOIS ROAD AND PRAIRIE AVE.

NO FROG, NO FOOT! NO FOOT, NO HORSE!

The Curing of Lame Horses from Improper Shoeing a Specialty.

All Foot Diseases, such as Corns, Contractions, Quittors, Bent Knees, Pumiced Foot or Drop Sole, Stumbling, Interfering, Toe Cracks, Quarter Cracks, Thrush, Speedy Cut, Seedy Toe, and Lameness in General, arising from the maltreatment of the foot, which in the course of two or more shoeings we entirely cure or no charge.

The following well-known gentlemen, whose horses are now being shod with the Goodenough Shoe and System, are respectfully submitted for reference:

Hon. Erastus Wells, President Mo. R. R. Co.
Mr. Julius S. Walsh, President Citizens' and Union R. R. Cos.
Mr. John D. Scullon, President Union Depot and Mound City R. R. Cos.
Mr. W. R. Allen, President Cass Avenue and Fair Grounds R. R. Co.
Mr. Daniel E. Walsh, President People's R. R. Co.
Mr. E. C. Sterling, President Hydraulic Press Brick Co.
Mr. E. Hayden, Manager American Express Co.
Mr. J. H. Crane, Wholesale Furniture Dealer.
Messrs. Fruin & Co., Contractors, 803 Pine street.
Hon. Thos. Allen, President I. M. & S. R. R. Co.
Mr. Gerard B. Allen.
Mr. Sylv'r H. Laflin, Director Laflin & Rand Powder Co.
Chandler, Smith & Co., Commission Merchants.
Hon. R. P. Tansy, Pres. St. Louis Transfer Co.
Wm. Bosbyshell, Livery Stable, Third street and Washington ave.
Messrs. Rosher & Schaefer, Livery Stables, 813 Hickory and 3228-30 Locust sts., and others too numerous to mention.

Being the Sole Agent in the West for the Goodenough Shoe and System, all orders to be addressed to
ED. BUTLER, 106 S. Tenth St., St. Louis, Mo.

A. OAKES, PROPRIETOR.

Trade Mark Recorded.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS
Offered to any Charitable Institution that the
ONLY GENUINE OAKES
HOME MADE
CANDIES,
Manufactured by
P. OAKES,
Wholesale and Retail,
CAN BE HAD ONLY
—AT—
412 Olive Street,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE,
NORTHWEST COR. FIFTH AND OLIVE STS.
PURE MEDICINES, FINE PERFUMERY,
Sponges, Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Soap and other Fancy Toilet Articles.
ALEXANDER'S UNRIVALED COLOGNE WATER.
Prescriptions Accurately Prepared by Competent Apothecaries under the supervision of
M. W. ALEXANDER,
Graduate Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

LAFLIN & RAND POWDER COMP'Y,
205 NORTH SECOND STREET,
Manufacturers of Electric Blasting Apparatus, Magneto Batteries, Fuses, etc
Western Agents for Repauno Chemical Company, Manufacturers of Nitro-Glycerine, Atlas Powder Nitric and Sulphuric Acids.
ATLAS POWDER.

Put up in Cartridges of either 6 or 8 in. in length, and from ⅞ of an in. to 2 in. in diameter and packed in 25 lb, 50 lb short and 50 lb long boxes (the last for convenience in handling, contains the powder in five 10lb paper boxes placed inside of the wood box).

E. Powder containing 20 per cent Nitro-glycerine; EX. Powder containing 25 per cent Nitro-glycerine; D. Powder containing 30 per cent Nitro-glycerine; DX. Powder containing 35 per cent Nitro-glycerine; C. Powder containing 40 per cent Nitro-Glycerine; CX. Powder containing 45 per cent Nitro-glycerine; B. Powder containing 50 per cent Nitro-glycerine; BX. Powder containing 60 per cent Nitro-glycerine; A. Powder containing 75 per ct Nitro-glycerine.

S. H. LAFLIN, Resident Director.

WM. H. CRAWFORD,
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
800 Washington Avenue, and 2800 Olive Street
The Latest Novelties in Elegant Perfumery and Fine Toilet Articles.
Large and Complete Stock of Strictly Pure Drugs Pharmaceutical Preparations and Family Medicines.
The Careful Dispensing of Physicians' Prescriptions is the Leading Feature of the Business.

"THE LIFE OF THE FLESH IS IN THE BLOOD."
Maguire's Quinine and Iron Cordial.
Pleasant to the taste. Vitalizes, purifies and enriches the blood, acts gently as a tonic, nourishes diseased spinal nerves, acts as a brain tonic, invigorates the whole system, allays nervous irritability caused by over brainwork, mental anxiety and loss of rest, produces appetite and healthy digestion, stimulates nerve power. If your brain is overworked, your nerves unstrung, and you suffer from nervous or general debility, and feel a want of vigor or vitality, try this Great Remedy and it will soon restore you to health and strength. Sold by A. HARLESS & CO., Druggists, S. W. Corner of Fifth and Market Streets.

DRUNKENNESS and the OPIUM HABIT CURED with Dr. L. E. Keeley's Double Chloride of Gold Remedies. P. D. Corbell, General Agent, 414 N. Seventh st., St. Louis, Mo. Books free.

BATHS, ELECTRIC, SULPHUR and every other bath. Health and comfort assured. Under Lindell Hotel.
J. P. THOMAS, Proprietor.

WILLIAMSON'S
DRUG STORE.

Smith's Tonic	69c	Hostetter's Bitters	69c
Carboline	69c	Cocoaine	69c
Allen's Hair Rest	69c	Ayer's Hair Vigor	69c
Hall's Hair Rene'r	69c	Harter's Iron Tonic	69c
Cut Resolvent	74c	Jayne's Expectorant	74c
McLean's Cordial	74c	Bull's Sarsaparilla	74c

WILLIAMSON'S

Pierce's Medical Discovery	74c	Ayer's Sarsaparilla	74c
Ayer's Ague Cure	74c	Clifford's Febrifuge	74c
Sanford's Catarrh Cure	74c	Vinegar Bitters	74c
Hop Bitters	74c	Hall's Lung Balsam	74c
Jayne's Alterative	74c	Cundurango	59c
Radway's Resolvent	74c	Allen's Balsam	74c

PRESCRIPTION.

Simmon's Liver Invigorator, large & small	74c and 39c	Chamois Skins	15c to $1
		Pozzoni Powder	35c
Brown's Troches	19c	Lemon Elixir	39c
Patent Pills	14c	Porous Plasters	9c
Bull's Worm Confec	19c	Cuticura Salve	39c
		Maguire's Expt	34c

DRUG STORE.

St. Jacobs Oil	34c	Hamburger Drops	34c
Stratena Cement	19c	Hambu'r Brust Tea	15c
Malarion	49c	Hamburger Tea	9c
Sponges		Bull's Cough Syrup	19c

These are only samples of our prices. All our Drugs, Perfumeries, Soaps, Patent Medicines, Prescriptions and all Goods generally kept by Druggists, Wholesale or Retail, sold at prices that defy competition.

Dr. E. J. Williamson's office at Drug Store, Cor. of Franklin ave. and Ninth st., and 2631 Wash st.

Franklin Ave. and Ninth.

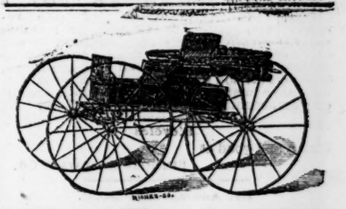
We are now operating THREE of the LARGEST CREAMERIES in Southern Illinois, and are better prepared to make a pure Article of Full Cream

ICE CREAM

In larger quantities than any firm in the city.

BOWMAN & CO
Dealers in Dairy Products,
818 AND 820 MORGAN ST.,
ST. LOUIS.

BUGGY TOPS; best qualities; low prices. Wagon Umbrellas cheap. Brown and White Canvas, all weights and widths. Tents, Wagon Covers, Tarpaulins, Awnings, etc. Orders received by telephone. THOS. MORRISON, 111 Pine Street.



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COMPANY,
ST. LOUIS.....MISSOURI.
FINE CARRIAGES,
BUGGIES, PHAETONS,
SURREYS.
Vehicles of all kinds for city and livery use. Moderate Prices.
Catalogues mailed to any address. Factory corner of Seventh and Cass avenue.

W. F. LAMBE & CO.,
Plumbers,
Gas and Steam Fitters,
and Sewer Builders,
NO. 813 MARKET STREET.

JUST PUBLISHED,
THE OFFICIAL DIRECTORY of MISSOURI
Compiled by the
Hon. M. K. McGrath, Secretary of State.

A perfect compendium of statistical information; showing the roster of the State Government, County Officers, United States Civil Officers, full election returns by Townships and Precincts in each County of the State and in the City of St. Louis; Biographical sketches of Senators and Members of Congress, the Judiciary and members of both branches of the State Legislature; a list of State Banks and Bankers, with the official statement of their financial condition. Also a complete and official statement of the bonded debt of the State, when due and how paid.

Mailed free on receipt of price, 50c.
JOHN J. DALY & CO.,
Publishers. 211 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is the intention of the Union Savings Association, located in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri to reduce its capital stock to one hundred thousand dollars, such reduction to take effect on the 24th day of June, 1881, and that such reduction is made in conformity with the provisions of article 7, chapter 21, volume 1, of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, and a resolution of the Board of Directors of said Association adopted May 4, 1881; and that the owners of more than two-thirds of the capital stock of said Association have consented in writing to said reduction.

Dated May 4, 1881.
PETER NICHOLSON, Pres.
EMILE KARST, Cashier.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Stockholders' Meeting.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—St. Louis, May 19, 1881.—Notice is hereby given to all shareholders in the Bell Telephone Company of Missouri that a special meeting of said corporation and of the several shareholders therein is hereby convened by order of the Board of Directors of said company, to be held on Monday, the 30th day of May, A. D. 1881, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the principal office of said company, No. 417 Olive street, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, room No. 17, fourth floor, for the purpose of adopting such amendment to the existing by-laws of said company, if any, and of making and adopting such new by-laws for said company as may be deemed expedient.

By order of the Board of Directors.
E. A. HITCHCOCK,
Vice and Acting President.
Attest:
E. A. SMITH, Secretary. 61X

Anthracite Coal.

Best Lehigh and Wilkesbarre, Indiana Block, Big Muddy, Blossburg and Piedmont Blacksmith Coals.

J. J. SYLVESTER, Agt.,
416 Olive Street.

13 Pounds of brown sugar for one dollar; eleven pounds of clarified sugar $1; teas and coffees ten per cent lower than can be had elsewhere. Ten pounds granulated $1. ST. LOUIS TEA CO., 106 North Fifth street.

LOCAL NEWS.

SUPERIOR EAU DE COLOGNE, equal to the imported, in pint bottles. Pozzoni, 507 N. Sixth street.

BOSTON ART FURNITURE.

See advertisement on eighth page. Six rooms plainly furnished for $201 50.

GUERNSEY, JONES & CO.,
500 North Fourth street.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicine sent to any address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 North Seventh street.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

Dr. E. C. CHASE.
922 Olive street, set of teeth only $8.

BUCKEYE Lawn Mowers, Ice-chests and Ice-Cream Freezers—cheap. Semple, Valle & Burchard Cutlery Co., 804 North Second street.

Ecker's Restaurant,
12 South Fifth Street, now open for business.

LAGGING LITIGATION.

A Slim Showing for the Approaching Term of the Circuit Court.

This is the last day for filing new suits in the Circuit Court, returnable to the June Term, and consequently the last opportunity for reaching a hearing in the courts prior to adjournment for the long summer vacation. But few trials are had as a rule at the June term, and the bulk of the business goes over to October when the courts settle down for the winter's work. The new cases are not tumbling in with the rapidity or in the number that the profession would desire, nevertheless the rush incidental to the last issuing day is observed in the Clerk's office and the Sheriff's deputies are kept busy serving writs until midnight.

The following new suits were entered this morning referring to matters of no special public interest, suits on notes, partition, etc.:

Dwight Treadway vs. St. Louis Commercial Agency.

Henry Lucking vs. John B. Beckemann.

Mary E. Tanner vs. Thos. H. Peabody, Harriet Gleason et al.

Frederick William Dreyer vs. Mina Dreyer.

State, to use of Marcus A. Wolff, vs. I. M. Mason, Edwin Harrison and Joseph M. Branch.

State, to use of Walter F. Johnston, receiver of State National Bank, vs. same.

W. W. Zimmermann vs. Henry Bartling and L. A. Picot.

Mary E. Tanner vs. Thos. H. Peabody et al.

Charles Whittaker vs. George Fresch.

Sophia Hartmann et al. vs. Fred W. Kralemann.

John R. Callender and Otto Magnus vs. Hoosac Tunnel Line.

Wm Meinecke vs. Eugene Reno, Maria Fagley et al. vs. Andrew Mackay, Jr., et al.

THOSE who desire the very best lawn mower at a moderate price should get the "New Excelsior." This implement has been time tried and never fails to please. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. L. M. Rumsey Manufacturing Co., 810 to 820 N. Second street.

Swallowing the Oyster.

Receiver Clubb, of the Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company, this morning filed in Judge Lindley's court an account of receipts and disbursements since the property came into his hands. The statement shows a balance in the hands of the receiver amounting to $16,801. He remarks parenthetically that the compensation of the receiver has not yet been fixed, and that no fixed sum has been allowed his attorneys, Messrs. Pattison and Crane, but those gentlemen have in an accommodating spirit accepted "on account" for their services $2,500.

Bicycles
Cheap and good at
SIMMONS HARDWARE CO.

Dr. Adams' New Book.

The Turkish Bath hand book has been issued by the doctor at a most opportune moment for the public good. With the approaching hot weather and the almost certainty of a sickly season in prospect, no better reading or advice can be found than that contained in this work. Although a medical book, yet it is intended for the lay reader as well as for the professional. It teaches you not only how to get well, if sick, but how to *keep well*, and no family can afford to be without it.

Hugh R. Hildreth Printing Co., Willie Gray and all book stores have it on sale; also at the office of the author, 311 North Seventh street.

A Brakeman Injured.

John Ryan, a brakeman on the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern road, accidentally fell from a train of freight cars while uncoupling a link, between Union and Vine streets, at 5:30 this morning. He fell to the ground so that his left leg was thrown over the track. Between the knee the leg was badly hurt.

THE finest native wines, such as Kelley's Island Catawba and California selections; also the finest brands of French, German and Spanish wines always on hand at C. Conrad & Co.'s Bremer Rathskeller, No. 411 and 419 North Sixth street.

Hotel Personals.

Wm. Morrison, Lexington, Mo., is at the Laclede.

R. H. McHies, of Detroit, is at the Everett House.

A. J. Hall, Lamonte, Mo., is at the Everett House.

H. T. M. Harris, Dubuque, Iowa, is at Barnum's.

Capt. C. A. Robinson, U. S. A., has rooms at Barnum's.

C. D. Smith, Esq., Potosi, Mo., is registered at Barnum's.

Horace Whiston, Savannah, Ga., is at the Everett House.

B. F. Adams and son, Atwater, of Chicago, are at Barnum's.

R. E. Butler and Miss A. E. Butler, Louisiana, are at the Lindell.

John H. Bahnsen, Consul to Mexico, is stopping with his family at the Southern.

E. D. Sargent, Chicago, and Ed. Bramble, Decatur, Ill., are at the Everett House.

Judge J. C. Thompson and party, New York, en route for California, are stopping at Barnum's.

M. A. Casey and bride, of Mt. Vernon, Ill., occupy the bridal chamber at the Everett House.

Wm. James, Portsmouth, O.; Dr. Sicard, New Orleans, and W. Latimer, Ottawa, Kans., are stopping at the Laclede.

George W. Reynolds, New York; George E. Stevens, Cleveland, and J. H. Harris, Indian Territory, are at the Southern.

Julian Schleg, Savannah, Ga.; A. R. Week, Stevens Point, Wis., and E. B. Newton, Grand Rapids, have rooms at the Planters'.

John F. Williams, Macon, Mo.; John P. Sebree, Jr., Jefferson City; R. H. Whitelaw, Cape Girardeau, and Wm. S. Davis, Little Rock, are at the Planters'.

S. C. Alexander and wife, Kansas City; A. M. Guild, Scotland; J. H. Catlin and wife and Wm. H. Simms and wife, Gibson, Ill.; A. G. Berggen and wife, Galesburg, and Dr. W. Woodruff, Jacksonville, are stopping at the Lindell.

Refrigerators and Water Coolers
In great variety very cheap at
SIMMONS HARDWARE CO.

THE COLOR LINE AT BAXTER.

A Public School Building Fired by Dissatisfied Patrons.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

BAXTER SPRINGS, KAN., May 21.—Last January an attempt was made to burn the $40,000 public school building at Baxter Springs. The stairway from top to bottom was saturated with coal oil and the train fired. Abundant draft was provided, but this latter precaution probably defeated the plan of the incendiary. The flame formed by the draft burned so fiercely that the oil was consumed before the woodwork became fairly ignited. The building was saved. The people of Baxter Springs have been using every endeavor to locate the criminal. There had been a good deal of trouble over the color question. By the law of Kansas negro children were entitled to sit in the same rooms with white pupils. There was a great deal of feeling in Baxter Springs over the matter. Some of the negroes insisted that though the law was enforced yet their children were discriminated against. Some white people, on the other hand, objected to the presence of negro children in the fine building. After the incendiary attempt suspicion fell on a negro and a white man. Detective Bennett, of St. Louis, has been engaged in working up the case and the present week the negro has been on trial. Bennett succeeded in getting evidence which satisfied him of the guilt of the negro. The latter's wife was a pupil in the school and he had been very bitter in protesting that she was not treated properly. He had threatened to burn the school house for revenge.

At the conclusion of the trial in which the color line was broadly marked, the jury stood seven for conviction, but the five friends of the negro won them over and the defendant was acquitted. The white man is yet to be tried.

The Man and His Two Wives.

"In a country where men could have more than one wife a certain man whose head was fast becoming white had two, one a little older than himself, and one much younger. The young wife being of a gay and lively turn did not want people to think that she had an old man for a husband, and so used to pull out as many of his white hairs as she could. The old wife on the other hand did not wish to seem older than her husband, and so used to pull out the black hairs. This went on until between them both they made the poor man quite bald." In those days had Mellier's Cinchona Hair Dressing been known there would have been one less of Æsop's Fables.

DEFRAUDING UNCLE SAM.

A Batch of Cases Disposed of in the U. S. Court.

Judge Treat this morning in the United States District Court disposed of the following revenue cases:

United States vs. Harbot Williams, charge of peddling tobacco without license. The offender a gray-haired farmer of Wayne county, was permitted to make a statemen. He said that he was a very poor man and had been visited with much domestic affliction, having lost three children within a year. Being much reduced in circumstances he tried to sell some tobacco to make a little money, having raised a small crop of it. The Court ordered a fine of $100 to be entered up. It will not be collected, however.

United States vs. John Knox, charge of illicit distilling. This was an aggravated case, the defendant having been arrested in Boone county, after some show of resistance and an attempt to escape. The Court passed sentence of six months' imprisonment.

The case of John Connelly, charge of attempt to pass a counterfeit dollar on a saloonkeeper, was disposed of with a sentence of two months' imprisonment. The offender claimed to be a cook from the Bates House, Indianapolis, who came here in search of employment at the new Southern Hotel. After lying around several saloons on Fifth street he alleged that he changed a $5 bill at the Monkeys' Saloon and received the spurious coin in that way. His next step was to pass it off on another saloon, where he was arrested.

Bald Heads.

Millions are born bald-headed, many achieve or crave bald heads, and many have bald heads thrust upon them. The latter by keeping fever from the scalp by the use of Mellier's Cinchona Hair Dressing will avoid this consequence.

PROFITABLE LEAD MINING.

Capt. Henry A. Burgess Strikes a Bonanza.

Detective Charles D. Bennett has just returned from a Southern trip. In his travels he met Capt. Henry A. Burgess, formerly of the St. Louis police force. The Captain was engaged in milling for a year and a half not far from Baxter Springs, but a few weeks ago he engaged in lead mining and has struck a bonanza, which is yielding a handsome return. The mine is on land owned by Col. Stone, Captain Burgess' brother in-law. The Captain operates the mine and has a half interest. He has struck what is conceded to be one of the finest bodies of mineral in the lead country. The location is near Galena. From twenty-five thousand to thirty thousand pounds are being lifted daily, and the ore is so pure that the net profit is nearly $50 a ton. Chunks weighing as much as sixty pounds are found so pure as to need no washing. The indications are that the yield will continue for a considerable time to come. As at present operated the mine yields Captain Burgess an income of over $2.0 a day.

REV. S. I. FERGUSON, Superintendent of the Five Points Mission, New York City, thus emphatically indorses the St. Jacobs Oil: I know it to be an excellent remedy for rheumatism.

The Polytechnic Pickle.

Somewhat of a circus performance took place this morning in connection with the Polytechnic Iron Works imbroglio. A writ of replevin was sued out by Britton A. Hill, as officer of the Polytechnic corporation, against August Loebnert and A. B. Bowman, for possession of the company's books. The proceedings came up before Justice Young, and it was represented by counsel that the books were in the hands of an officer of the Circuit Court and therefore could not be delivered to any one. Justice and counsel and parties in interest all engaged in a lively discussion, everybody talking at once, but nothing was accomplished and the matter was laid over.

Our Milk Bread
Is the best; 5c per loaf. Vienna Model Bakery, Eighth and Walnut. Delivered fresh twice daily. J. C. SNODGRASS & Co., Proprietors.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

About 7 o'clock this morning a freight train was passing Miller street at a lively rate of speed. John Kennard was passing the tracks about the same time with a load of furniture, and failed to see the approaching train till he had gained the center of the track. The result was that the rear of Kennard's wagon was struck by the engine and hurled off the track. The wagon and part of the furniture was demolished, but the horses and driver escaped unhurt.

Another serious accident occurred on the Iron Mountain and Southern Railroad about 6 o'clock this morning. Engine No. 122 attached to a freight train was making the run between St. Louis and Carondelet. When it arrived between Union and Vine streets John Ryan, the brakeman, endeavored to disengage the coupling pin and while in a stooping position lost his balance and fell between the cars. In his descent he was struck by the brake-rod and knocked crosswise across the track. The train was running at a moderate rate of speed, and he managed to partly scramble from his perilous position. His left leg was caught by the front wheels and horribly lacerated between the knee and ankle. He managed to drag himself off the track before the rear wheels caught him. He was conveyed to the company's hospital, where he lies in a critical condition. Amputation of the leg will be necessary to save his life.

A sewing machine agent and a balky horse were the cause of a little excitement in the southern part of the city this morning. The horse it seems was very reluctant to proceed with his load and bracing himself in the middle of the street refused to move an inch, much to the inconvenience of the driver and amusement of about twenty little boys who had assembled on the sidewalk. After vainly endeavoring so coax the rebellious horse to move the driver descended from the wagon and used his whip freely over the horse's head. The horse soon tired of this manner of procedure, and shying to one side threw the driver into the gutter and started up the street on a dead gallop. When he had proceeded about two squares the wagon struck the curbstone and capsized. The horse continued on his wild career about another square, dragging the wagon and machine after him. He was finally captured, and the remnants of the rig and machine were loaded into a furniture car and sent to St. Louis. The horse was bruised and bleeding from where the wagon came in contact with his hind legs and sides. The driver was covered with mud and slightly scratched around the hands and face but was otherwise uninjured.

HEALTH is better than wealth. Try C. Conrad & Co.'s Budweiser, at Nos. 411 and 419 North Sixth street, and be convinced.

THE assortment of men's jewelry at McElrath's, 509 North Sixth street, surpasses all others in the city.

The Cigar Box Frauds.

Simon Levi was arrested at an early hour this morning by the United States Deputy Marshals upon the charge referred to in the POST-DISPATCH yesterday, viz: Selling cigars in boxes hitherto used, thereby defrauding the revenue. The defendant's place of business is 320 North Eighth street. He will have a hearing this afternoon before United States Commissioner Selby, when evidence will be offered in support of the charge. The cigars have been sold to many of the little divans scattered over town and conducted by women.

New Spring Styles in Furniture.

Our magnificent new spring stock surpasses in beauty of design, extent of variety and beauty of finish anything ever shown, while our prices are more reasonable than ever before. BURRELL, COMSTOCK & Co.

New Buildings.

Henry Luking is to have a two story 8-room dwelling, to cost $2,500, on Seventh street, between Gate and Wall streets.

The Missouri Pacific Railroad Company has contracted for a one story 1-room iron-clad freight depot, to cost $7,000, on Poplar street, between Seventh and Eighth streets.

Mary E. Roberts to-day closed contracts for the erection of four two story brick buildings with 24 rooms, for dwellings, to cost $10,000, on the northwest corner of Compton avenue and Rutger street.

THE druggists say there is no proprietary article that sells better than Glenn's Sulphur Soap.

'CHANGE GOSSIP.

S. W. Cobb and Ed. Samuel left this morning for Southwest Missouri, where it is their intention to thoroughly examine into the condition of the wheat crop. They will take a buggy at Marshfield and travel throughout that section and around Springfield. If there is a chinch bug in that section they will run it to earth and bring it to St. Louis to paralyze the bears.

Charles H. Albers, the well-known commission merchant, and one of the sharpest, shrewdest speculators on 'Change, leaves Monday for New York, where he has engaged passage for himself, wife and child on the fine new steamship Furnessia for Europe. Mr. Albers will put in several months across and visiting all points of interest, besides some of the "old roads and fields of Germany" where he played as a boy.

The stock of grain in elevators and warehouses this morning shows a decrease from last Saturday of 159,710 bu. wheat and 219,548 bu. corn, most of this having been shipped out by river. There is only 93,758 bu. No. 2 red wheat, 186,162 bu. No. 2 mixed and 117,787 bu. (latter a slight increase over last week) No. 2 white-mixed in stock here now. It is a good thing for the wheat and corn shorts that there are few if any contracts out for May.

The Merchants' Exchange Mutual Benefit Society have obtained their new charter. This action was done to place themselves under the new law, which was passed at the last session of the Legislature. This society has been very fortunate in its death rate, having lost only thirty-eight members since its organization, March, 1876. There has not been a death since December 23, 1880. They have a surplus invested in bonds amounting to about $12,000.

Mr. John M. Cain, of Cain Brothers, has lately returned from an extended trip through Kansas on busines connected with his firm. Mr. Cain made dilligent inquiry concerning the wheat crops in that State and his report is exceedingly favorable for bountiful yield. In the eastern part of the State a large portion of the crop was winter-killed, but this damage is confined entirely to the two river counties. Outside of this section and all the way west the crop looks elegant, and without exaggeration Mr. C. says the yield will be full three times as large as last year's, which, by the way, was a poor crop. So sure are the farmers and grain dealers throughout the State of a large crop that they are free sellers of old wheat now in their possession. A case is cited of one party who has been holding something like 20,000 bushels for the past two years in the hope of an advance that would enable him to sell at a profit, but he was glad enough to let Messrs. Cain Bros. have the lot at a pretty low figure with the prospects of such a big harvest as the State will have. Mr. Cain traveled through Missouri by daylight, both going and coming, and thus had an opportunity of examining the fields along the line of the Missouri Pacific. Only one field of wheat did he see plowed up, and the wheat looked excellent all the way. Not once did he hear a report of chinch bug while on his trip, and is inclined to think the report a bugbear got up to frighten the shorts.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, BACKACHE, GOUT, SORENESS OF THE CHEST, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, SWELLINGS AND SPRAINS, FROSTED FEET AND EARS, BURNS AND SCALDS, General Bodily Pains, TOOTH, EAR AND HEADACHE, AND ALL OTHER PAINS AND ACHES.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a SAFE, SURE, SIMPLE and CHEAP External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 CENTS, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. DIRECTIONS IN ELEVEN LANGUAGES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

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BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT in the CITY OF MEN'S, YOUTHS' and BOYS'

LOW SHOES
At the Lowest Prices.
One Price Only.
ABER'S.
217 North Fifth St.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Why Suffer Needlessly

With the convulsing, spasmodic tortures of fever and ague and bilious remittent, when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, acknowledged to be a real curative of malarial fevers, will eradicate the cause of so much suffering? No less effective is this benignant alterative in cases of constipation, dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, and in general debility and nervous weakness. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

NICOLL,
THE TAILOR.
Pants to Order, from $4 up.
Suits to Order, from $15 up.

"To be well dressed
Will ofttimes supersede the rest."
—[Byron.

Largest and best selected stock west of New York.
Perfect fit and workmanship guaranteed.
ALL SPECIALTIES IN STOCK.
9 S. FOURTH STREET
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Samples and Self-measurement rules sent free.

J. A. POZZONI'S Poszoni's Complexion Powder Imparts a brilliant TRANSPARENCY to the SKIN, FLESH COLOR JP TRADE MARK removes all pimples freckles and discolorations, and makes the skin delicately soft COMPLEXION POWDER

J. A. POZZONI'S
Medicated Complexion Powder

The most exquisite of Toilet Preparations, the virtues of which have caused it to be in demand in all civilized countries, stands pre-eminent for production

Soft and Beautiful Skin.

It is acknowledged by thousands of ladies who have used it daily for many years to be the only preparation that does not rough the skin, burn, chap or leave black spots in the pores, or other discolorations. All conclude by saying:

"It's the best preparation for skin I ever used."
"It is the only article I can use without making my skin smart and rough."
"After having tried every article, I consider your Medicated Complexion powder the best preparation I ever used, and can not do without it."

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EAU DE COLOGNE
Has all the exquisite flavor of the imported Farina Cologne. In Pint bottles, Price $1.
Sold by All First-Class Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.
If your merchant does not keep them, send direct to
J. A. POZZONI,
607 N. Sixth St., St. Louis, Mo. (Lindell Hotel)

"Trash to the Right of You,
Trash to the Left of You,
Daily the Beauties of Trash are Thundered."

If your pecuniary condition is such that you are absolutely FORCED to buy a worthless garment, why we have nothing to say, but experience teaches all who have tried it that TRUE ECONOMY lies in purchasing A GOOD ARTICLE of CLOTHING. Brown paper and mosquito netting Suits are DEAR at ANY PRICE. We don't keep them, and don't want them.

If you desire a serviceable garment; if you want full value for your money; if you want something that will be CHEAP in the end, you can find it at

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.'S
Northeast Corner Fifth and Pine.

BOSTON ART FURNITURE IN ST. LOUIS,
Absolutely the Most Attractive Stock We Have Ever Shown.

PARLOR SUITS Made to order from $40 TO $650 In Ebony Walnut, Mahogany and Amaranth.

BED-ROOM SUITS FROM $33 TO $500 In Walnut, Mahogany, Ebony, Maple and Brass.

We employ skilled workmen in each department. If our goods prove unsatisfactory, they will be exchanged, or money refunded.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue of Barber Chairs, Piano Stools and Gynecological Chairs.

GUERNSEY, JONES & COMPANY,
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CINCHONA HAIR DRESSING

Named from that Class of Barks out of which Quinine is made, Cinchona Extract being chief ingredient.

The Proprietor of this article would not put it upon the market without personally knowing its virtues.

COOLING TO THE HEAD.
EXHILARATING AND CLEANSING.
NO OILS OR DISAGREEABLE ODORS.

If your nearest Druggist will not get it for you, call at 711 Washington avenue.

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DECKER BROTHERS.
PIANOS!
In New and Elegant Designs of Cases. Also a Complete Stock of CHICKERING, HAINES and FISCHER PIANOS and ESTEY Organs at WHOLESALE PRICES
Terms of payment to suit purchaser.
STORY & CAMP,
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GLASSWARE,
China and Crockery, Lamp Stock, Bottles, &c.
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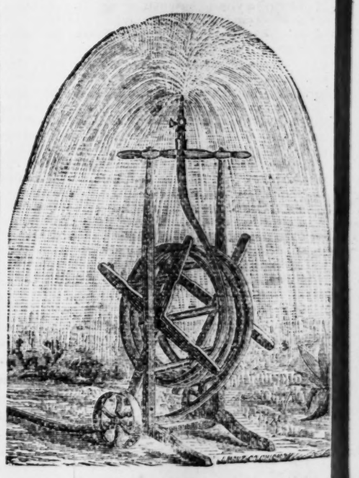

50 Feet of Hose fitted up ready for use for $5.
Goulds & Ostrander,
S. E. CORNER
EIGHTH and ST. CHARLES STS

Cheffoniers | LARGEST STOCK EVER SHOWN.
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GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL

SEVENTH AND POPLAR STS.
Newly Furnished Throughout.
First-class in All Particulars.
TERMS:
$1 50, $2 00 and $2 50
PER DAY.
Only three squares from Union Depot. Every modern convenience. W. U. Telegraph Office in the Building.
J. A. & J. H. ROBERTSON
Proprietors.

New Fire-Proof Hotel
THE SOUTHERN
Will be Open for Business, Thursday, May 12.

Rates to permanent boarders the same as prevail at "The Old Southern." Day board, $50 per month. Appointments unsurpassed by any hotel in the country. Attached to the hotel will be a restaurant of superior excellence.

W. M. BATES,
Gen'l Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

Sprague's Celebrities at the Olympic.

Dramatic and Musical Gossip—Beethoven's Conservatory—Notes.

The attention of the amusement world has been held during the week by the performance of home opera at the Olympic. Wayman McCreery on Monday evening submitted to the judgment of his friends and the public a satirical comic opera "L'Afrique," and the bright little work entered at once upon an undisputed lease of popularity. The verdict of favor was unanimous. It could not well have been otherwise, for the production has strong claims to merit, and men of the highest musical culture have acknowledged its many superior qualities. The melodies which have appealed irresistibly to the public ear during the week have marked the musical talent of a young composer who has blended care and thought in a most finished effort, and he will be assuredly encouraged to go on to higher things of an original character. "L'Afrique" might perhaps be classed among the school of opera bouffe. It is bright, melodious and catching throughout. Some pretty work is provided for the soloists, and the choruses lack nothing in point of effect. The composer was happy in the selection of voices for every department, and the new opera was presented under the most favorable circumstances. All the leading roles were admirably filled, Misses Cora Carpenter and Pauline Schuler, Messrs. Phil Branson, Poindexter, Dierkes and W. G. Smythe contributing much to the success attending the performances throughout the week. Their excellent voices and dramatic abilities were exhibited to all advantage, and the well trained chorus did exceeding well. Mr. A. G. Robyn was a most efficient chief of the orchestra, and no exception could be taken to the work of that department. A thorough success for home effort can be scored for the production of "L'Afrique" at the Olympic.

Next Week's Attractions.

The attraction for the coming week at the Olympic will be Sprague's Celebrities. This is a strong combination of variety talent.

Henry Ward Beecher will lecture at the Mercantile Library Hall on Tuesday evening. His subject is, "The New Profession."

The camera exhibition is open daily opposite the Planters' House on Fourth street. This little show is well worth a visit.

BEETHOVEN CONSERVATORY.

The third musical soiree of the Beethoven Conservatory is announced for Tuesday evening next at the Association Hall. The pupils appearing on this occasion are not brought out as artists, but merely as scholars exhibiting the progress made under the system taught at the Conservatory. Prof. Waldauer has engaged Carl Richter, the eminent vocal teacher and pianist, who will join the faculty in June. The following is the programme for Tuesday evening:

1. Overture, Semiramis.....Rossini
Misses Martha Brashler, Lulu Sloss, Mamie Clark and Lillie McEwing.
2. Nocturne (for violin and piano).....
.....Composed by Mr. Geo. A. Kissel
Messrs. A. Waldauer and Geo. A. Kissel.
3. Soprano Solo: "The Flower Girl".....
.....Bevignani
Miss Lillie Edgerton.
Violin Obligato, Mr. A. Waldauer.
4. Concert Polka: "Satellite".....J. C. Alden
Miss Mamie Clark.
5. { Andantino, E Minor Concerto.....C. Reinecke
Mr. Geo. A. Kissell.
6. Allegro Brilliante, E Minor Concerto.....
.....C. Reinecke
Miss Kathleen Henry,
with piano and string quartet accompaniment.
7. Soprano Solo: "The Kerry Dance".....
.....Molloy
Miss Flora S. Whitney.
8. Duo, for Piano and Violin.....De Beriot
Miss Lulu Sloss and Mr. A. Waldauer.
9. Grand Concerto, C Major, op. 11.....Weber
Adagio and Presto.
Miss Lillie McEwing,
with piano and string quartet accompaniment.

DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL.

Leading musicians of Baltimore have recently organized an oratorio society in that city and contemplate annual May musical festivals.

Alfred Cellier is going to arrange the music for Webb's new version of "Twelfth Night," to be played next season by Robson and Crane.

Venie Clancy, who gave up the stage when she went into marital retirement, is suffering from extreme ill health. She is now sojourning in Florida.

Prince George of Prussia, who is known as an author under the pseudonym of "Conrad," has sold his latest drama, "Katharina von Medici," to a Berlin theater, where it is shortly to be produced.

"The White Slave" is the name given by Bartley Campbell to his new southern play, which deals socially rather than politically with the life of the country. It will be produced in New York early next season.

Mr. Henry Leslie, the great choral leader of England, is laboring for the education of the villagers about his home, by using his efforts to organize local singing societies in all the villages.

London opera-goers have caught the desire for novelties, and both Manager Gye and Manager Mapleson are made uncomfortable by demands from their patrons for the production of new operas.

The New York critics cut up "All the Rage" without mercy when it was produced at Daly's on the 4th inst., but the size of the audiences began to increase on the second night, and now the theater is filled at every performance.

Beside the "Banker's Daughter" Combination, J. W. Collier will next season take out a company to play a new local domestic comedy by George Macdonald called "Ethel," which will be first brought out at the Union Square in New York on August 25.

The adoption of a revolving stage, such as is seen in Japanese play-houses, is contemplated by several European theaters. While one scene is being acted, the scenery for the next is being arranged behind it, and, when wanted, wheeled round to the front, and so on.

The profits from the New York festival will probably be below $10,000. Of the amount paid to the soloists, Mme. Gerster received nearly one-half of the whole sum; her charge was $6,000 for five concerts. Campanini was paid $3,000 and Miss Cary came next on the list.

"The Mystic Isle: or, the Laws of Average," in two acts, is the title of a comic opera which Manager E. E. Rice has in contemplation as one of his attractions for the summer season at the Boston Museum. The libretto is by Sydney Rosenfeld, and the music by John B. Grant.

"Mother-in-Law," George R. Sims' new comedy, produced in Liverpool, England, on April 25, has met with remarkable success. The author has refused an offer of £1,000 for the provincial right alone. Mr. Sims' latest farcical comedy, "The Member for Slocum," was to be brought out at the London Royalty on May 3.

"An Amateur Benefit," the new piece written for Salsbury's Troubadours by Bronson Howard, and brought out at Milwaukee on the 6th inst., proved an utter failure. The two first acts are rehearsals for an amateur benefit performance, which in the third act proves a burlesque on Indian civilization called "The Faun of the Glen."

Anna Dickinson is said to be meditating the production of her "Crown of Thorns" in England, if she cannot get a chance that suits her in this country to play Macbeth and Claude Melnotte. She says the chief cause of her refusal to fulfil her engagement with Manager Stetson was the discovery that Miss Marie Prescott was to be forced upon her as Pauline.

The production of an original comic opera, with its scenes in the days of the province of Massachusetts Bay, will be one of the ventures of the D'Oyley Carte management during the coming season. The composer and librettist are favorably known to the public, and the work already done by them give reason for the brightest anticipations in regard to their success.

"The Modern Crœsus" is the title of a new play which B. E. Puseley, an English author, is writing for John E. Owens. Mr. Owens' company recently refused to perform at Trenton, N. J., because the manager did not pay salaries. Mr. Owens, who was not responsible to the company, footed the bill, but subsequently the "Man from Cattaraugus" combination disbanded.

Mr. G. W. Smalley cables to the New York Tribune that the Irving-Booth performance is the best tragic representation in modern times. Since the visit of the Comedie Francaise company no such interest has been created in London theatrical circles, and no piece has ever been placed on the stage with such magnificent fixings. The two chief actors are splendidly supported by the company.

The Tourists will have, next season, a new piece called "The Hot Springs." In the first act all the characters are invalids, but, after trying the celebrated springs and the mud baths, they become rejuvenated, and, in the second act, do all sorts of queer things. The variety portion of the company will be entirely eliminated. The party will open its next season in Philadelphia early in August.

"Castles in Spain," the new spectacular production at Niblo's Garden, is commended for its magnificent scenery, but the performance is severely handled by the New York critics. The chief trouble seems to be that Pauline Markham appears in long skirts. Jose Todoy, of San Francisco, is adopting another spectacular piece from the Spanish, called "Magic Powders," which will be produced in the East next season.

"Le Monde ou l'on s'Ennuie," the new three act comedy by Edouard Pailleron, author of "L'Etincelle" and L'Age Ingrat," brought out at the Theater Francais on April 25, has proved a brilliant success. Like Burnand's "Colonel" and Gilbert's "Patience," it satirizes modern "æstheticism" and the pretensions at scientific knowledge made by certain classes. A correspondent adds that "it is a play which mothers may bring their daughters to see."

Collier's "Banker's Daughter" combination next season will include Miss Adele Belgarde, Joseph E. Whiting and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wolcot. Besides James O'Neill and Ben Maginley, Manager Hill has engaged for his "Deacon Crankett" company next season E. J. Buckley, W. J. LeMoyne, Harry Eytinge, Miss Mary Loduski Young and Miss Lisette Ellani. E. K. Collier, John Lane, Harry Vance, Charles Kidder and Miss Kate Forsythe will be members of John McCullough's company next season.

The character of the music to be played between the acts in future by the orchestra of the Court Theater, London, is shown by the first programme, which includes the introduction and allegro from Schubert's octet, the slow movement from a quintet by Raff, a movement from the "Rosamunde" music, the funeral march from Schubert's quintet, the scherzo and the trio from Schubert's octet, and adaptations of the allegretto from the eighth symphony, and of the "Promentheus" overture of Beethoven.

"Juana," the new play written for Mme. Modjeska by W. G. Wills, and brought out at the Court Theater, London, on the 7th inst., is said to be too gloomy to be popular. The scene is laid near Ledo, about 1496, and the plot is briefly described as love, jealousy, murder and madness, relieved only with somewhat questionable fun, consisting of allusions to Joseph and Potiphar's wife. Modjeska's part shows her at her best. She represents a jealous wife who slays her miserable and worthless husband, and then loses her reason.

FEMALE BAROMETERS.

A New Use for Sweet Girls Too Young to Marry.

From the New York Times.

A great discovery in the field of weather prophesy has recently been made by Professor Macgregor, of the Royal Society. The published record of his experiments is extremely interesting, and they certainly give us good reason to believe that a satisfactory substitute for the barometer has at last been found.

Professor Macgregor tells us that his attention was attracted to the use of girls for scientific purposes by overhearing a young lady remark that her "bang would not keep crimped in damp weather." Upon this hint he immediately began a series of experiments, stretching over a period of eleven months and involving the use of 397 girls. He began by taking a red-haired girl with a luxuriant bang, which he caused to be crimped with great care on an evening when the atmosphere was particularly dry. The next morning the bang presented a beautifully "frizzed" appearance, but as toward the afternoon the air grew perceptibly foggy, the professor expected that the bang would lose its crimpidity—to use a scientific term. It did nothing of the kind and so far as he could see the state of the atmosphere had no effect upon it.

Instead of being discouraged by this failure, Professor Macgregor persevered. It occurred to him that the color of the hair might be an important factor, and that red hair might retain its crimpidity in circumstances where other hair would lose that quality. He therefore ordered from a charity school three dozen orphaned girls from 12 to 16 years of age, and of assorted colors in point of hair. Twelve of these were black-haired, twelve were brown-haired and twelve were red-haired. All of these girls wore bangs, and were in every way well adapted for scientific investigations. By a long series of careful experiments he proved that on the approach of wet weather the bangs of the brown-haired girls, without exception, become limp and straight, that a like effect was produced upon the bangs of ten of the twelve black-haired girls, while the red-haired girls were not a particle influenced either by the humidity or the dryness of the atmosphere. Further experience upon ladies of every age from 16 to 45 gave like results, and the conclusion that the bang of a brown-haired girl as an infallible indicator of the approach of the wet or dry weather may be unhesitatingly accepted. The Professor also discovered that red-haired girls show a peculiar susceptibility to electricity. When a thunderstorm is brewing their bangs become stiff and bristling, and in three instances, when the Professor tried to smooth down a bristling bang, he received a violent shock in the region of the ear. He is not as yet prepared to say that the presence of an unusual amount of electricity in the air can always be detected by the use of red-haired girls, but he is strongly inclined to think that further investigation will prove that such is the fact.

In view of this important discovery, Professor Macgregor recommends that brown-haired girls shall be substituted on board all vessels, whether naval or mercantile, for the present untrustworthy barometer. He points out that, in the mercantile service, where a stewardess is at present carried, she should be required to be a brown-haired woman, with a bang, and that any neglect on her part to crimp her bang every night while at sea should be punished as a misdemeanor. In the navy peculiarly sensitive brown-haired girls should be employed, and the Professor suggests that they should be kept in glass cases open, of course, at the top, so that they would run no risk of being injured. The first cost of a girl is, of course, rather more than that of a barometer, and it is expensive to keep her in order, but this is no consequence compared with her value as a weather indicator. We can now understand why nature created girls with bangs, and it is to be hoped that there will be an end of the foolish opposition which so many thoughtless men have made to the present style of banged hair.

BOSTON GOSSIP.

The Greek Play at Harvard—College Boys at Home—The Tourjeeans.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

BOSTON, May 17, 1881.—There is an entertainment of a novel and interesting nature going on over at Harvard to-night, being no less than the performance of the ancient Greek tragedy "Œdipus," given in the original by students of the University under the general direction of Mr. George Riddle, an actor of well-known merit and Professor of Elocution at Harvard. The music is the work of Paine, the famous composer, and is remarkably fine. A full rehearsal of the tragedy was given last Friday evening, which was itself a finished performance, so complete were all concerned in their parts. The play is given in Sanders' Theater, which is one of the many halls of the University Buildings—an elegant little theater which is not very little either; with a spacious stage, on which was disposed the simple scenery required for the play, and which amply accommodated the large orchestra, the large accessory chorus and the dramatic chorus, which latter chorus takes up the action of the drama when the actors are all off the stage, singing strophes and antestrophes. The principal parts are finely taken, Mr Riddle acting the King and students filling the other parts to perfection, that of the Queen being particularly difficult and particularly successful.

It is certainly rather a remarkable performance, being in every respect as exact a reproduction of those of Ancient Greece as it is possible to get up. The costumes were very rich and in perfect imitation of the older dress, and the student actors managed their sandals and togas with more grace and ease than would have been supposed possible, considering the very limited amount of experience which they can have had in getting used to these difficult garments. The effect of the dramatic chorus was very marked, it being so utterly different from anything which we ever see on the modern stage, and reminding those who were fortunate enough to be at Oberammergau last summer of the chorus which forms so effective a feature of the "Passion Play." The play is full of dramatic situations, and the action is so great that ignorance of the Greek language does not make it at all unintelligible.

The two little daughters of Œdipus were acted by little boys, no members of the other sex, of course, being admitted to these Harvard theatricals. Harvard boys have been quite given to amateurish stage performances and have given many "shows" that have called forth big audiences. A few years ago, some of them gave the comedy, "School," a number of times at one of the city theaters, acting the parts of the frolicsome school-girls in a manner quite irresistibly funny. In fact they have been quite famous, time out of mind, for enacting the female character to perfection.

But so important and difficult a performance as that to-night has never before been attempted at Harvard, I think, and is of marked interest to a great many people.

I was at Memorial Hall the other day to see the Harvard men eat their dinner. This sounds a little odd, but it is really quite a sight. There is a very large club of the students—I don't know how many hundreds of them—not only from the academic department, but from the professional schools as well, take their meals together in this splendid great Memorial Hall, with its grand stained glass windows and beautiful architecture. Eating in such a place ought to be a very æsthetic sort of an affair; but it looked, after all, to be only an ordinary arrangement, enough of soup and ice cream, with the usual intermediate courses. Tables almost innumerable filled the great hall, and to us, looking down from the loft balcony at one end of the hall, the hundreds of men who were busily employed in the important business before them, and who were going in and out of the hall, looked rather like the important and industrious occupants of a lively ant-hill.

Theirs is a pleasant life at Harvard, and one to be quite envied. No end of fun and excitement, even for those who keep within the bounds of reason and common sense. The glorious old building, the quiet, quaint old city, the big modern Athens just across the river, the jolly companionship of genial fellow-spirits for four years, or even longer if a profession be studied—all the associations and habits are charmingly pleasant, and to the studious it is a perfect haven of delightful opportunity, while for those who are not lovers of books and works there are opportunities enough of other kinds, but when the last months of the four years come round, as they inevitably do to every student sooner or later, alack and alas there is trouble at once.

There are no end of funny stories apropos of these fellows who try to go through college "on cheek" which never get into the press. A senior was telling me the other day a pretty rich one concerning the son of a gentleman who holds a very high official position in Boston, and who went through his four years in the jolliest fashion, but to whom the day of reckoning finally arrived, casting him into doubt and despair. Some of his class resolved to "put up a job" on him, and sent him word that on the receipt of a large sum of money — two or three hundred dollars—he should be put into possession of an advance copy of the examination paper on a certain very difficult and dreaded subject. The would-be graduate consulted with some friends who were in his class, and in much the same fix as he was, and they decided to make up the money between them, and he replied that he accepted the offer. Another letter came to him, saying that at midnight before the day of the examination he was to be in his room with the money and the paper would be brought him. Accordingly he and his friends were ready at the appointed place and time, and on the stroke of midnight there was a knock at the door, which, opened, disclosed a man in full cavalry uniform, booted and spurred and masked, and bearing the coveted paper on the point of his sword. Not until he got the money did he yield up the paper and take his departure. The friends gathered over the prize, which bore the unmistakable stamp, in appearance, of the genuine paper, and spent the rest of the night in working it out, but lo! when they went into the examination room next morning not a question on the paper corresponded to those of the bogus paper with which they had been served. The fellows who worked up the joke had bought type exactly like that used for the papers which are of late years printed on the College grounds, and generally just before examination, in order to secure them, for some of the men used to buy them up almost every year, tempting the printers with sums that seemed to them too fabulous to resist. One year they actually bought up the very instructor who prepared the paper on a certain subject by giving him ten or fifteen hundred dollars, but the thing leaked out and the unworthy servant of the institution was summarily discharged. But to return to the scion of one of Boston's best families, who was raging with anger, especially as the comically solemn faces of many of his classmates showed that not a few knew of the practical joke that had been played on him. His revenge was sweet and of the modern order of things. He hired a private detective to discover the ring-leader of the hoax and then hired a bully to horse-whip him. But he hasn't yet taken his degree at fair Harvard.

The middle of May begins to start people out of the city to their summer abodes, while others are packing their trunks for Europe. The Tourjee party start in less than a month from now—on the 14th of June—Dr. Tourjee going himself with the party, a fact which will be appreciated by those who went without him last year. A much larger party has registered than at this time last year, and it is probable that it may be necessary to plan a supplemental party or two. The trip as planned is so tempting that it is no wonder the applications are coming in so rapidly, for it certainly covers far more for the money, both in ground and in advantages, than have the trips of other years, besides certain very valuable side issues, such as three meals a day on the Continent, which those who "have been there" will appreciate. Some noted people are of the party, and they sail in the new and magnificent steamer "Turnessia" which is, next to the "Great Eastern," the largest steamship on the waters.

IDA CLARE.

RELIGIOUS NOTES.

Rev. Mr. Mackay, of Leadville, will preach at Christ Church to-morrow morning.

Dr. Goodell will deliver an address before the students of Beloit College on June 28.

Rev. J. E. Chambless has resigned the pastorate of the Baptist Church at Kansas City.

Bishop Rymi will administer confirmation at St. Patrick's Church on Ascension Thursday.

Mr. C. C. Nicholls will conduct the song services at the Y. M. C. A. this evening at 8 o'clock.

The Knights Templar will hold a service at St. George's Church on Ascension day—next Thursday.

Rev. Father Brantner, of St. Theresa's Church, is about to take a trip to Australia for the benefit of his health.

Rev. Dr. Niccolls, Mr. Marshall and other Presbyterian clergymen are absent attending the convention at Buffalo. Dr. Niccolls will return next Friday.

A large party of Baptist excursionists from Ewing, Ills., spent yesterday and to-day in the city. The excursion was gotten up for the Baptist Church at Ewing.

Rev. J. C. Armstrong, of the Garrison Avenue Baptist Church, will return from Indianapolis this evening, and will occupy his pulpit to-morrow morning and evening.

Rev. W. G. Miller, D. D., pastor of the First M. E. Church, is giving the teachers' exposition of the S. S. lessons at the Y. M. C. A. every Saturday noon during this month.

Dr. Boyd will deliver an address before the Baptist anniversaries at Indianapolis next week, his subject being "The Influence of the Foreign Element upon Western Civilization.

Rev. Mr. Scheetz will enter upon his duties as rector of Grace Church, Kirkwood, on Whitsunday, June 5. He succeeds Bishop Dunlap, who was lately elevated to the episcopacy.

The Missouri State Sunday School Convention will hold its annual sessions at Louisiana, Mo., on May 31, June 1 and 2. A number of the local clergy and church people will attend.

There will be a young men's gospel meeting at the Association Hall, to-morrow at 4:30 o'clock, and a general gospel service in the evening, led by Mr. Douglass, the general secretary.

Active preparations are being made for the approaching anniversary of the Sunday-School Missionary Host, which takes place at Christ Church on the afternoon of Sunday, June 5. Two thousand children will participate in the exercises.

Bishop Robertson left town last night for Kansas City. He will officiate in the churches of that city on Sunday. On Monday he will be at Weston, Tuesday at Platte City, Thursday at Blackhorn, Friday at Marshall. He will return in ten days.

The discussion about the Easter services at the Second Baptist Church, which was started by the Central Baptist, is having a great run in the Southern Baptist papers, and the whole matter of Easter services is taking up great space in the Church journals.

Messrs. Geo. W. Jones, Assistant Secretary; J. R. Johnson, Railroad Secretary; J. Kessler, German Secretary, and E. G. Krafft left for Cleveland to attend the General Secretaries' Conference preceding the Y. M. C. A. International Conference at that point.

Rev. Dr. Lofton, of the Third Baptist Church, will return from the anniversaries and occupy his pulpit to-morrow. His subject in the evening will be "The Gospel of the Power of God Unto Salvation." In the morning Rev. Dr. Wm. Shelton, of Ewing, Ills., will preach.

Rev. James H. Brookes, D. D., has agreed to give a course of Bible studies at the Y. M. C. A. parlors, on Eleventh and Locust streets, before the excessive heat of summer begins. He will give the first on Monday at a quarter past 12 o'clock. They will be weekly, and will be open to all.

Among those who passed through this city last Tuesday en route for the Baptist anniversaries at Indianapolis were Rev. M. L. Laws, Pisgah, Mo.; Rev. J. H. Garnett, of Springfield, Mo.; Rev. C. G. Mauley, of Augusta, Kas.; A. C. Avery, Esq., of Clinton, Mo., and B. W. Smith, Esq., of Minnesota.

The time of the Union M. E. Church for which they had reserved the right to worship in the building sold to the Y. M. C. A. expired the 14th inst.; but they are arranging to continue their services at Eleventh and Locust streets until July, when they hope to have the chapel of their new building on Garrison avenue ready for occupancy.

Dr. Goodell returned from his Eastern tour yesterday morning. During his absence he delivered an address in New York before the Home Missionary Society at the Broadway Tabernacle, and he also lectured before the American Tract Society at the same place. Last Sunday night he delivered an address before the graduating class of the Theological Seminary at Yale College. Two of the graduates were installed and will become members of the Dakotah Missionary Band.

Rev. Dr. Boyd is rejoicing over the addition of another member to his already large congregation. The stranger came Friday night and met with a cordial reception. He was hitherto unknown in the city but promises in time to be a tower of strength. The newly-made father is about too happy for utterance. The boy weighs ten pounds, and is rollicking and handsome. The Doctor's many friends will rejoice to hear that mother and child are getting along splendidly.

The members of the First M. E. Church, corner of Eighth and Washington avenue, do not intend that the sale of the building shall mean the disbanding of the Church. If the sale is accomplished the trustees will have a fund of $30,000 with which to erect a new edifice. They are considering an offer to unite with the Page Avenue Chapel and put up a building. They may move out on Jefferson avenue, the northwestern part of the city, and they are also considering the advisability of building near the Methodist Orphan Home, on Laclede avenue. The sale has fallen through for the present, but is likely to be consummated before long.

Conkling in a Fable.

From the New York Tribune.

"One morning when the show opened, the ringmaster laid before the animals a letter from the giraffe, who said that in consequence of the treatment he had received he felt compelled to leave the show. Before the excitement over this announcement had subsided, the ringmaster said he had a letter from one of the trick mules, who also withdrew from the show. At this there was a little squirming among the snakes, and one, a copperhead, spoke up: "It looks as though this show was breaking up'" and a fellow who had been kicked out once and crept in again under the canvas, and was wanting to be appointed scene-shifter, said, "It's a cold day for this show when it gets left by that noble animal, the giraffe, to say nothing of the trick mule!"

THE SHOW, HOWEVER, WENT ON,

and the giraffe and trick mule they went away and waited for the manager to send for them. After many days' curiosity as to what would become of the circus, it gave way to solicitude for the giraffe and the trick mule. A committee being sent out learned that the trick mule had hired out on the tow-path, but that the giraffe, never having done anything useful, sought employment in vain, until a village engine company utilized him as a fire escape, in which position he was able to do for others what he never could do for himself—let 'em down easy.

MORAL—No one animal, or even two, can break up a whole show.

LOCAL BILLIARD NEWS.

Tom Gallagher has returned to the city and practices daily at Mussey's Parlor.

Will Baldwin is pushing business at the Monarch and making things quite lively.

Pin-pool is being largely indulged in at the Monarch Hall although 15-ball pool is very popular, also.

The new Southern Hotel billiard room, under the management of Mr. Larcari, is doing remarkably well. Fifteen-ball pool seems to be the favorite game.

Jno. W. McCullagh, of the Brunswick & Balke firm, received a letter from Cincinnati yesterday morning stating that Jacob Schaefer and Randolph Haiser will reach St. Louis next Wednesday. It is probable that they will give exhibition games in all of the leading billiard rooms of the city, remaining here several days for that purpose.

The sales of the J. M. Brunswick & Balke billiard firm for the month of May are larger than in any month since the St. Louis branch was established. A few months ago they were compelled to enlarge their establishment by occupying the three upper stories of the building adjoining their factory on the east, and last week they secured the three upper stories of the second adjoining building on the east. St. Louis has got to be a great billiard table manufacturing center.

Thos. A. Potts, who has been in the employ of Mr. Mussey for several years past, has received an offer of the superintendency of Tom Mulqueen's new billiard saloon at Denver, and has decided to accept the position. He will assume his duties about the 1st of June. Mulqueen's room is among the finest in the West, and contains eight new exposition novelty tables precisely similar to those in use at the new Southern Hotel, manufactured by the Brunswick & Balke firm.

Sam Baldwin's new game, "Red, White and Blue," has become the favorite pastime at Mussey's Parlor. The game consists in having three balls and three pins colored red, white and blue. The white and blue pins are placed on the regular spots at each end of the table and the red pin in the center. The player begins with the white ball, after which he plays with whichever ball he chooses, the object being to knock down each pin with a ball of a corresponding color. If he should knock down a pin with a ball of different color from the pin or knock the same pin down twice even if the ball is the right color he is "busted" and has to begin anew. The game is quite seductive.

FUN FOR CRICKETERS.

The Victoria Social Club will give their fifth annual picnic to-morrow at Bartold's Grove. The picnickers will start from the Golden Lion Saloon at 9 o'clock a. m., and make the trip in omnibuses.

TURF EXCHANGE NOTES.

The Cincinnati races begin on Saturday, the 28th, and conclude on the following Thursday. Some fine exhibitions of speed will no doubt be made.

The Metropolitan Turf Exchange is the name of a new pool room opened yesterday in the Hunt Building, adjoining the Merchants' Exchange. The proprietors are well known business men. Pools will be sold on all the sporting events of the season.

There was more business done at Roche's Turf Exchange last week than in any previous week since it was first established. The spacious room is crowded all the time during business hours. Auction pools and mutual and combination tickets went off like hot cakes.

The Baltimore races over the Pimlico course are the next in order after the Louisville races. There will be three steeple chases and sixteen flat races, and as the horses entered are of the best, excellent sport is confidently anticipated. The races begin next Tuesday and conclude on the following Friday.

Base Ball.

To-morrow afternoon the Reds and the Browns will meet on the Grand Avenue Park, when the Reds will attempt to get even for the beating the Browns gave them a week ago, when the score stood Browns 1, Reds 0. This will be the first game played since the Grand Avenue Park was refitted. Other good games are to follow and the management of the Grand Avenue grounds hope to get several semi-professional teams here during the season. One important move they intend adopting is to allow all ladies into the grounds free. The regular admission fee throughout the season during the holding of amateur or semi-professional games will be twenty-five cents, and this amount is charged for no other purpose than to defray the current expenses of the park The idea of the management is to make base ball as popular here as it was in the olden time. When that is done there are those ready to come to the front and place a team in the field to represent St. Louis in the League. In fact if the present management receives the encouragement they are entitled to, they will next season equip a regular out and out professional team. To-morrow's game between the Reds and the Browns will be called at 3:20 p. m.

LOTTO.

The Gambling Game From Which Italy Derives Revenue.

Naples Letter to the Chicago Tribune.

The Minister of Finance, Signor Magliani, in the course of his remarkably favorable budget statement, last Sunday, at Rome, observed: "Owing to the exceptionally large winnings of the public in the game of Lotto, the Government disbursements last year under that head exceeded by fcs. 5,000,000, the normal proportion of 58 per cent of the sums played." At the first blush it may seem a little strange that the Government of reformed Italy should care to continue a game, the profits of which are simply derived from the ignorance and misery of the lower classes. Experience, however, has unfortunately proved that the people of this country are very unwilling to pay anything to the Government in the way of direct taxation. Hence, this indirect, or, to speak more correctly, this voluntary tax, which was first brought out in Genoa about the middle of the seventeenth century, has been continued from one set of rulers to another, and has always been found the most profitable of the various imposts levied by the State. The gross income annually derived from the Lotto is somewhere from fcs. 80,000,000 to fcs. 100,000,000. If we deduct from this 58 per cent of the winnings, 7 per cent for the sums paid the ticket sellers and fcs. 1,000,000 for the expenses of management, we find that the Government derives a net revenue of from fcs. 27,000,000 to fcs. 34,000,000 from the fifty-two drawings a year at Naples, Rome, Florence, Milan, Palermo, Bari, Turin and Venice.

The Secretary of the Naples Administration, in which province there are more Lotto players than anywhere else in the kingdom, was good enough to offer me every facility for witnessing the drawing, which takes place every Saturday afternoon, in the spacious courtyard of the Palezzo del Lotto in this city. In the winter the drawings take place at 3 p. m., but, commencing with last Saturday, the 2d of April, the public in this city are allowed to invest until 2:30 p. m., and the drawing takes place at 5 o'clock. The reason for the books being closed considerably before the hour of drawing is to enable the matrices of all the registers to be deposited at the main office, say, at latest, half an hour before the drawing. They are there securely locked up in the archives by the authorities, and remain under lock and key until the following Wednesday. By that time the various ticket-sellers throughout the district are supposed to have had time to send in their reports of winnings, and these are then compared with the respective matrices. All winnings below fcs. 1,000 are usually disbursed by the ticket-sellers a few hours after the drawing; but when the sum exceeds fcs. 1,000 the winner must wait a week or ten days for his money, which then reaches him in the shape of a check from the Government—with the usual deduction of 13.20 per cent for income tax. The registers remain for three months in the archives, and the winner who within that period has not claimed his prize forfeits all right thereto. The strictest possible rules prevail in regard to the ticket-sellers, as any one can see that, were they allowed to retain the registers until after the drawing, there would be a pretty large proportion of winnings—in this province at least. The famous lawsuit here against the priest Di Matia is still pending. The man is supposed to have worked in collusion with various ticket sellers, playing his numbers after the drawing, and getting the ticket seller, in connivance with an employe in the archives, to exchange the matrix of the subsequently filled register for that deposited previous to the drawing. Di Matia actually cashed several hundred thousand francs in winnings ere the management, struck by the magnitude of his gains, investigated the matter. In Turin the same fraud was practiced; and in the Province of Milan, before the telegraph was established, a few knowing ones in townships and villages formed a company and had the winning numbers brought them by carrier-pigeons. As they were cautious enough only to win comparatively small sums, their ingenious system of playing after knowing the result was only discovered after each of the partners had accumulated a handsome competence. Now this is no longer possible, as every country office has to have its registers deposited at the head office by noon on Saturday.

Apart from collusion with the ticket-sellers and the employes in the archives, the only possible fraud that can be practiced is by manipulating the egg-shaped urn whence the drawings takes place. The urn, with its ninety compartments, each containing one number, is open to the public, and each number, before being deposited, is held up to the gaze of the gaping crowd always assembled to witness the drawing. Besides the Lotto managers, there are also present representatives of the Syndic or Mayor, the Prefect and one or two other authorities; and each one of these receiving, as he does, fcs. 20 for his pains, has to handle the respective numbers in full view of the public. After the first ten numbers have been deposited a turn is given to the handle of the urn, so that they are all scattered pell-mell, and, being rolled up in parchment, of course it is impossible to recognize one number from another. The same process is gone through after the insertion of the second ten, the third ten and so on till the magic ninety is reached. Then the apparatus is closed, a final turn is given to the handle and a small boy from the orphan asylum, with his eyes bandaged and his right arm bare, is led forward and made to draw five numbers from the urn. As each number appears it is held up to the crowd, then divested of its envelope and placed within view of all. This operation, for which the orphan lad, like his superiors, receives fcs. 20, having been completed, the authorities proceed to examine the non-winning eighty-five numbers, and, the tally being found correct, they officially declare the five winning numbers, and within an half hour the city knows the result.

THE SECRET ORDERS.

The Iron Hall.

Deputy Supreme Justice J. Merritt has now three subordinate branches of this order ready to institute and the members of the various benevolent orders are receiving the ideas contained in the descriptive circulars with great enthusiasm. Any information desired relative to the Iron Hall will be cheerfully given by J. Merritt, Deputy Supreme Justice, 2733 Thomas street.

Some doubts having been expressed as to the ability of the Order of the Iron Hall to fulfil its promises to members, we publish below the statement of calculations made by the Supreme Sitting relative thereto. Although to some the matter may not be entirely clear, and they may even claim that it is a fraudulent affair, yet we are satisfied in our own mind that it will be but a short time until they are convinced of their error and be anxious to join our ranks. In addition to the constitutional provision adopted by other death paying orders, which makes them such grand successes, the Order of the Iron Hall has another section, in reference to the twenty per cent. reserve fund, which will, when the end of the seventh year rolls around, if this order attains a membership equal to that of the Knight of Honor and other similar societies in their first seven years, and averaging the assessments at ten per year (though many express themselves as willing to pay double that number), we will have in the treasuries of the various Local branches, without adding the accumulations of interest, which will be equal to about one-fifth of this amount, seven hundred thousand dollars. The sum, in the other orders, originated from the one dollar assessment, which, in this, would make it liable only on the four hundred dollar endowment. We will estimate that this society has twenty assessments the eighth year, bringing in, on one hundred thousand members, one million six hundred dollars, which would enable it to cancel four thousand certificates the eighth year without touching the reserve fund, and at this time, according to our calculation, there will be in this fund one million one hundred thousand dollars. This fund will accumulate more rapidly than it is drawn out, and on this point alone, if on no other, is the perpetuity and soundness of the institution established.

Odd Fellows.

The city lodges have all had large attendances this week on account of the session of the Grand Lodge in the city.

Laclede and Summit Lodges have organized what is termed a "degree term," composed of the Noble Grands of both lodges and an equal number of members of each who will confer the degrees. The "team" proposes to make themselves letter-perfect in the work. The brethren of Laclede and Summit take great interest in the arrangement. The first degree was exemplified by Summit Lodge at its meeting last Monday night.

The French Drama.

Richard Grant White in Atlantic Monthly.

France, the country which is now more prolific in dramatic authors than any other, which now supplies the theaters of all other countries with at least the ground-work and the substance of the greater number of the plays performed in them, and which alone cultivates the art of Roscius to such a degree as to produce a school of highly trained actors, is the only civilized country, Russia perhaps excepted—if Russia as a country may be called civilized, —which has no national drama. Among the people who have produced Corneille, Racine, and the greater Moliere, Talma and Rachel, the drama is an exotic. French tragedy is Greek; French comedy is Spanish. Whatever is not Spanish in French comedy is not dramatic, although it may be comic; whatever is not Greek in French tragedy is neither tragic nor dramatic. Other civilized peoples, notably the English, have a drama which is strongly marked with national traits, which has been developed by the hands of genius from rude, indigenous germs, and which, although modified externally in its perfected strength, or in its decay by the influence of other schools, still retains its national form and spirit. But France, under the pernicious influence of its Academy, and of that suckling Academy, the Hotel Rambouillet, cast aside as barbarous the crude, chaotic plays of original and elemental substance, which she, like other nations, once possessed, and which yet had within them the germs of a new and characteristic dramatic literature, and deliberately assumed the position of an imitator.

The French drama is not a spontaneous growth: it is an artificial manufacture. The Hotel Rambouillet and the Academy said: "Go to! let us make to ourselves a drama. In comedy we will form it upon the intrigue of the Spanish stage; in tragedy we will emulate the severe simplicity of the Greeks. It shall be very correct and proper according to the rule of art and "convenance," if not very decent morally. Certain words shall be allowed to the comic writers, and certain others to the tragic, and it shall be literary felony for either to use the other's language; and let us beware that the unities are rigidly observed." And they did so; and thus it is that in the French drama what is essentially foreign, and what is national is adventitious,

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W. M. BATES,
Gen'l Manager.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Mary Clemens, Marcus C. Morse, Henrietta T. Knowles and her trustee, Sarah L. Morse, by their deed dated October 29, 1874, recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis in book 501, page 372, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: A lot of ground in block numbered four hundred and sixty-two of said City of St. Louis and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the north front line of Hickory street eighty-nine and one-half (89½) feet east of the eastern line of Ham street eighty feet, thence eastwardly and parallel with Hickory street twenty-two and six-twelfths (22 6-12) feet; thence southwardly and parallel with said Ham street eighty feet to the north line of said Hickory street and thence westwardly with said north line of Hickory street twenty-two feet and six-twelfths (22 6-12) to the point of beginning.

Also, a certain lot of ground situated on the north side of Chouteau ave., in block number four hundred and thirty of said city, and having a front of thirty-five feet by a depth of one hundred and forty feet to an alley, beginning at a point on the north line of Chouteau avenue, distant eastwardly fifty feet from the eastern line of Barlow street; thence running eastwardly along the northern line of Chouteau avenue thirty-five feet to the western line of a lot of Charles Wiggins; thence northwardly and along said Wiggins' western line one hundred and forty feet to an alley ten feet wide; thence along the southern line of said alley thirty-five feet to the eastern line of a lot of Margaret Buell; thence southwardly and along said eastern line of Margaret Buell's lot one hundred and forty feet to the place of beginning; bounded south by Chouteau avenue, north by an alley, west by property of Margaret Buell and east by property of Chas. Buell. And, whereas, the said conveyance was made to secure a certain note described therein; and whereas the note has become due and remains unpaid, therefore at the request of the holder of said note and in pursuance of the power in said deed contained, notice is hereby given that I will, on

SATURDAY, MAY 28TH, A. D. 1881,

offer and expose for sale, at public vendue, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. of that day, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, all and singular, the real estate above described at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis.

JOHN M. KRUM,
Trustee.

St. Louis, May 6, 1881. 8V

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, George M. Fichtenham and Elizabeth A., his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated November 19th, 1877, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 885, at page 27, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: being lots No. four (4) and five (5) of block No. 1892 of said city of St. Louis, said lots having a front of fifty (50) feet on the east line of Barsolous street by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and thirty (130) feet to an alley twenty-five (25) feet wide; bounded north by lot No. 3, south by lot No. 6 of said block, west by Barsolous street, and east by said alley; which conveyance was made to the undersigned to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas three of said notes have become due and remain unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the said holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 7TH, 1881,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, expose for sale, at the south front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, sell above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

HENRY HIEMENZ, Jr.,
Trustee.

St. Louis, May 14, 1881. 61W

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Shepard Barclay is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Easton street, in city block two thousand fifty-four (2054), twenty-five (25) feet in front or width and one hundred and forty-five (145) feet in length or depth, being lot thirteen (13) in block three (3) in St. George addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 1ST DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., May 7, 1881. 25V

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

James Clemens, Jr.,

that the undersigned, administrator with the will annexed of said deceased, intend to make a final settlement of said estate at the June Term, 1881, of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis in the State of Missouri. WILLIAM C. JAMISON,
Administrator with the will annexed of James Clemens, Jr. 52G

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Frederick Heller,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of June next.

AUGUST LEIPE,
Administrator.

St. Louis, Mo., April 29, 1881. 46S

No. E 928 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—In re estate of Thomas Hobson, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Thomas Hobson,

deceased, and that I did so on the 6th day of April, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust sts., Insurance Building.

St. Louis, Mo., April 20, 1881. 42 488

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Public notice is hereby given that, by virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale made by the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, Missouri, on the second day of May, 1881, in a suit for partition between Joseph B. Garbarino, plaintiff, and Sarah N., Esther, Seth M., Francis P., Hudson P., Fannie M., Grace and Mark Leavenworth and Mary Louden and William Louden, her husband, defendants, the undersigned, special commissioner, will, on

FRIDAY, MAY 27TH, 1881,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., at the east front door of the Court House of said city, and during the session of said Circuit Court, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, to-wit: A certain lot of realty in block 501 of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, beginning at a point in the north line of Chestnut street eighteen feet and six inches east of the southwest corner of said block, thence northwardly seventy-seven feet parallel with Thirteenth street to a four feet alley, thence east and parallel with Chestnut street fifteen feet and nine inches, thence south seventy-seven feet to Chestnut street parallel with Thirteenth street, thence with the north line of Chestnut street fifteen feet and nine inches to the place of beginning. (The east line of said lot is the center of the brick wall dividing said lot from the house east of it now owned by P. F. Meyers.)

Terms of Sale—Cash.

SAMUEL PEPPER,
Special Commissioner.

998

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION—By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, made on the 7th day of February, 1881, and during the February term of the said Court, in the case of Abby Dodd and her husband, David A. Dodd, vs. Elizabeth Barry, the undersigned, Special Commissioner, will on

FRIDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate situated in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: A certain lot with a three story brick house thereon, No. 704 Franklin avenue, beginning at the northwest corner of Franklin avenue and seventh streets (7 on said city), thence running westwardly along the north line of Franklin avenue twenty-six feet to the center of the dividing wall between the three story brick house as aforesaid and the adjoining brick house, thence northwardly and parallel to Seventh street along the center of said dividing wall eighty feet to the lot now or formerly of R. E. Burton, thence eastwardly and parallel to Franklin avenue twenty-six feet to the west line of Seventh street, and thence southwardly along the west line of Seventh street to the point of beginning, being in block No. 253 of said city.

Terms of sale: One-third cash, balance one and two years, with six per cent interest secured on the property; or all cash at option of purchaser.

JOSEPH H. TIERNAN,
Special Commissioner.

St. Louis, May 17, 1881. 8X

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Fanny Louisa Allen and Jerome Augustus Allen, her husband, by their certain deed of trust, dated 24th day of November, A. D. 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 644, page 451, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: All that part of lot number forty-seven (47) of Peter Lindell's second addition to St. Louis, bounded and described as follows: beginning at a point in the east line of a piece of land deeded to Mrs. Ada Virginia East on 26th October, 1880, which point is the southwest corner of a piece of land deeded the same day to the trustee of Mrs. Frances Gansey, and is fifty feet three and one-half inches (50 3½) southwardly from McPherson avenue, thence eastwardly with the south line of Mrs. Frances Gansey one hundred and ten feet (110) to Newstead (formerly Cornelia) avenue, thence southwardly with said avenue seventy-five feet (75) to Berlin avenue, thence west with the north line of Berlin avenue and the north line of Lindell place (100) to the east line of Mrs. Ada Virginia East, thence northwardly with her line one hundred feet (100) to the beginning; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas, one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will on

MONDAY, THE 23D DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

158 AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Cyprian Mutz and Katharina Mutz, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated October 25, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 601, at page 206, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Being lot numbered seven (7) in block numbered seven (7) of Allen's addition to the city of St. Louis, Missouri, city block No. 838, said lot having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the south line of Ann avenue by a depth southwardly of one hundred and twenty (120) feet, in an alley one (1) foot wide, bounded east by lot number four (4) north by Ann avenue, west by lot numbered six (6) of said block, and south by said alley; which conveyance was made to the undersigned to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

MONDAY, MAY 23D, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, sell above described real estate at public vendue, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

HENRY HIEMENZ, JR.,
Trustee.

St. Louis, April 29, 1881. 37S

TRUSTEES' SALE.—Whereas, John B. Hortiz and Mary Maria, his wife, by their deed of trust, dated October 1st, 1880, and recorded in book 245, page 265, in the St. Louis County (now City) Recorder's office, conveyed to Carlos S. Greely and John R. Shepley, in trust, the following described real estate, to-wit: A certain lot of ground situated in Chouteau's addition to the city of St. Louis, in block No. six (6) of said addition by Brown's survey, and in block five hundred and twenty-nine (529) of said city, described as follows: commencing at a point on the east side of Fourteenth street, distant southwardly forty-two feet and one-half inches (15 ft. 11½ in.) from Orange street, thence southwardly with the east line of Fourteenth street, seventeen feet one and one-half inches to the centre of an alley three (3) feet wide, thence eastwardly and parallel to Orange street, ninety-two feet, thence north and parallel to Fourteenth street, seventeen feet one and one-half inches, thence westwardly sixty-two feet to the beginning, being the same premises conveyed to the said John B. Hortiz by Warnich P. Miller, William Granger and Amelia Granger, by deed recorded in book 232, page 547, together with the improvements thereon, which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein described, the principal one of which yet remains unpaid, with interest from July 11, 1876; and the said John B. Hortiz having been deed more than ninety days now in force, by virtue of the provisions of said deed and at the request of the legal holder of said note, we will offer said property for sale at public vendue for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. of

MONDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

JOHN R. SHEPLEY,
C. S. GREELEY,
Trustees.

57R

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Abijah Johnson by his certain deed of trust dated the 14th day of May, 1880, and recorded in book C, record of mortgages, pages 72, 73, 74 and 75, in Henderson, Rusk County, Texas, on the 18th day of May, 1880, conveyed to the undersigned lot No. 32 in block No. 17 in the town of Henderson, county of Rusk, in the State of Texas, together with all the buildings thereon to-wit: the Davenport House and all out buildings, in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in the said deed of trust described; and whereas one of the said notes is now past due and unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and under the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will sell said property for sale, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

SUNDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

M. P. REVELEY,
Trustee.

93V

Administrators' Notices.

GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of a renewed order of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, made at the March term thereof, I will, in obedience to said order, on

MONDAY, MAY 23D, 1881,

at the eastern front door of the Court House of the city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, expose to sale the following real estate, to-wit:

An undivided (1-50) one-fifth interest in an undivided one-half (½) interest of Helena D., John C., Charlotte Ann, Robert V. and Mary A. Jones, non-resident minor heirs of John Jones, deceased, subject to dower interest of Charlotte S. D. Thompson therein, in the following described real estate lying and being in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and described as follows, viz.: Lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 of block or division number two (2) as designated on the plat of the City Common, being in the northwest quarter of block number two hundred and sixty-three (263) of the St. Louis Common, and containing a front of one hundred and fifty feet (150) on the east side of Minnesota avenue, in city block number 2747, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to an alley, and bounded north by lot 12, east by alley, south by lot 19 and west by Minnesota avenue.

Terms of sale cash.

By virtue of power of attorney from the owners of the remaining interest in the real estate above described I will at the same time and place offer for sale the remaining interest in said real estate, thus enabling purchasers to obtain perfect title to said real estate.

J. P. COLBY,
Attorney in fact of Charlotte S. D. Thompson, guardian of above named minors, and in her own right, and of Henry A. Smith and Rosena, his wife. 59G

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Julian Gamache, Jr., trustee of Celestine Guion, Celestine Guion, Barthelomee Guion, Jr., Frederick Hill, trustee, and Michael Hammel, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Jackson street in city block 703, 40 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 7 and the north part of lot 6, in block 28, in Soulard's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Mo., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., May 11, 1881. 8W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry T. Crosby, trustee of Julia Crosby, N. D. Allen, W. D. Griswold, Huntington Smith, trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Grand avenue, in city block 2484, 30 feet in front or width and 211 feet 5½ inches in length or depth, being in the addition to said city known as Buchanan's estate, and bounded on the north by the real estate of said Crosby, on the south by the real estate of one Dunn, on the west by the real estate of one Walpers, and others.

Number 2. A lot of ground on Spring avenue, 148 feet 1 inch in front or width and 98 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being the west part of the east part of lot 15 in block 1 in Page & McPherson's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Lindell, on the east by the line of the old city limits, on the south by the real estate of one Dunn, on the west by the real estate of one Walpers, and others.

Number 2. A lot of ground on Spring avenue, 148 feet 1 inch in front or width and 98 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being the west part of the east part of lot 15 in block 1 in Page & McPherson's addition to said city.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., May 16, 1881. 8X

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry T. Crosby, trustee of Julia Crosby, N. D. Allen, W. D. Griswold, Huntington Smith, trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Grand avenue, in city block 2484, 30 feet in front or width and 211 feet 5½ inches in length or depth, being in the addition to said city known as Buchanan's estate, and bounded on the north by the real estate of said Crosby, on the south by the real estate of one Dunn, on the west by the real estate of one Walpers, and others.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Grand avenue, in city block 2484, 51 feet in front or width and 211 feet 5½ inches in length or depth, being in the addition to said city known as Buchanan's estate, and bounded on the north by the real estate of said Crosby, on the east by Grand avenue, on the south by the real estate of one Espenscheid, on the west by Obear street.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., May 10, 1881. 3W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is plaintiff, and Dwight Hitchcock and Wm. T. Sylvester are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Livingston street in city block 2768, 45 feet in front or width and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 4, in Dudley Place addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., May 18, 1881. 35X

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and unknown heirs of John Davidson are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Orange street in city block 528, 27 feet in front or width and 70 feet in length or depth being lot 13.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., May 10, 1881. 1W

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—T. R. H. Smith, Mary Smith, Fanny Hardin and Chas. H. Hardin vs. Anna L. Gray and her husband, Willie H. Gray, Wm. M. Smith, Charles Hopkins, John W. Smith, Harvey P. Smith, Ida Smith, Obedience Smith, Edith A. Smith, Louise L. Smith, Simpson Smith, Andrew Smith and the State Savings Association. By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis in the above entitled cause, dated the 4th day of April, 1881, I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lots one (1), four, (4), five (5) and six (6) in block one (1) in Harper and Blain's addition to the city of St. Louis, said block being known and numbered as city block number seven hundred and sixty-two (762).

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., April 29, 1881. 41S

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the June Term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is plaintiff, and Julian Gamache is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot or tract of land, consisting of three and forty-one (3 41-100) hundredths acres, in Survey number 118 in the Carondelet Common fields; being bounded on the north by the real estate of the Gamache addition and other parties; on the east by the real estate of one Woods and other parties; on the south by the real estate of the Walsh addition and other parties, and on the west by the real estate known as Pleasant View.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JUNE 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., May 18, 1881. 35X

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Julian Gamache, Jr., trustee of Celestine Guion, Celestine Guion, Barthelomee Guion, Jr., Frederick Hill, trustee, and Michael Hammel, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Jackson street in city block 703, 40 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 7 and the north part of lot 6, in block 28, in Soulard's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., May 18, 1881. 3W

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Samuel Thomas is defendant. I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot or parcel of land in city block No. 857 of the City of St. Louis, said lot fronting 25 feet 7½ inches, by a depth of 71 feet, and bounded on the north by Gay street, on the east by land now or formerly of Barklage, on the south by land now or formerly of Riley, and on the west by land now or formerly of Conway.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., May 18, 1881. 3W

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Daniel T. Jewett is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1. A lot of ground enclosed, 148 feet 1 inch in front or width and 172 feet 7 inches in length or depth, being part of lot 15 in block 1 in Page & McPherson's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Lindell, on the east by the line of the old city limits, on the south by the real estate of one Dunn, on the west by the real estate of one Walpers, and others.

Number 2. A lot of ground on Spring avenue, 148 feet 1 inch in front or width and 98 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being the west part of the east part of lot 15 in block 1 in Page & McPherson's addition to said city.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., May 18, 1881. 3W

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June Term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Eliza F. Freeman, William Freeman, Mary Freeman and George Hazlett, minors, and Charles H. Chaplin, guardian ad litem of said minors, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Orange street, in city block five hundred and twenty-seven (527) twenty-seven (27) feet in front or width, and sixty (60) feet seven (7) inches in length or depth, and bounded as follows: On the north by the real estate of one Tiernann, on the east by the real estate of one Rychlecky, on the south by Orange street, and on the west by the real estate of one Peper.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., May 19, 1881. 2W

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, the Greenleaf Mining Company, by its deed of trust, dated June 24, 1875, and recorded in the office of the County Clerk and Recorder of Summit county, in the State of Colorado, in book No. 10 of deeds, page 337, did convey to Daniel G. Taylor and the undersigned, as trustees, and to the survivor of them, (the said Taylor and the undersigned) the following described real and personal property, rights and interests, all situate and being in the State of Colorado, viz.: The mining property, situate, lying and being in Spaulding Mining District, in said county of Summit, commencing at a stake located at the head of the pit and at the upper line of claim No. three on Klack Gulch, and running up said gulch the distance of 1,400 feet and in width 100 feet on each side from the center of said gulch.

Also the property commencing at a stake about 100 feet below the cabin formerly occupied by Thomas Klack, and running up a sag where said Klack formerly worked the distance of 800 feet and in width 100 feet on each side of said sag from the center thereof.

Also the property commencing at a point opposite the center of the bridge, crossing at Blue River, at Breckenridge, and running up said river 1,000 feet to a stake near the fall of the dam on said river at Breckenridge, and in width from hill to hill on each side of said Blue River.

Also the property following, being a ditch and the right of water thereto, known as Klack's ditch, and conveying water from Blue River to said Klack's gulch, also the property commencing at the upper line of Thomas Klack's pre-emption claim, situate and lying in Klack Gulch aforesaid, running up said gulch a distance of 1,600 feet and in width 100 feet on each side of said gulch from the center thereof; all the foregoing being in said mining district and Summit county. Also the following property in said Summit county, commencing at the upper line of pre-emption claim made by A. M. Greenleaf and others, dated July 25, 1870, and recorded in book L, page 207 records of said Summit county and on Klack's Gulch, in said county, and running up said gulch a distance of 3,000 feet at a width of 200 feet on each side of said gulch from the center thereof. Also the following described property, situate, lying and being in Union Patch, in Spaulding Mining District and said Summit county, being claims Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 on the first tier south of Discovery tier; also claims Nos. 2, 3, 4 and 5 on the second tier south of Discovery tier, also claims Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 on the second tier north of Discovery tier, also the undivided one-half of claims Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 on the fourth tier south of Discovery tier, also an undivided four-fifth interest of in and to the cork-screw flume and ditch which carries water from Stillson's Gulch to Union Patch aforesaid. Also the whole of claim No. 6 on the fifth tier south of Discovery tier on the aforesaid Union Patch, the last described property being the same deeded by Mower and Hanks to A. M. Greenleaf by warranty deed filed for record October 1st, 1870, and recorded in book 8, page 344 of the records of said Summit county. Also all the right, title and interest of the said Greenleaf Mining Company in and to a certain lease, and the right thereunder made by one S. J. Mower and Melchior Hanks to A. M. Greenleaf, which said lease bears date the 1st day of October, 1870, and filed for record in the Recorder's office of said Summit county, in book 8, page 346 of the said record of deeds, which said lease is for the term of 99 years from the 1st day of October, A. D., 1870, and being the right to the use of the water from Blue River Gold Run and Union Branch of ditches after the water has been used as mentioned in said lease. Also the following described property situated on Union Patch aforesaid, to wit: Claims Nos. 3, 4 and 5 east on tier 3 west from Discovery tier, also a ditch and the right of water thereto, conveying water from Blue River to claims 5 and 6 on Cork-screw Gulch, this being the same property deeded to A. M. Greenleaf by deed and recorded in book 8, page 543, Summit County Records of Deeds. Also the following described property situate, lying and being in Spaulding Mining District aforesaid, to-wit: Three side claims on the Blue River adjoining the northeast claims purchased by A. M. Greenleaf of Thomas Klack. Also claims numbered from 1 to 9 both inclusive, last on first tier north of Discovery tier; also claims 1, 2 and 3 last on second tier north of Discovery tier on Union Patch aforesaid. And also a ditch commencing at a point about one-fourth of a mile above the building formerly occupied by Whitman and Shelcross, and running down to the Klack claims aforesaid. Above property was deeded by M. and A. Silverthorn to A. M. Greenleaf et al., and recorded in book S, page 152, of records of deeds of Summit county aforesaid. Also the following described property, to-wit: All the right, title and interest in and to a certain water right and the ground therefor, and to convey said water from Blue River to Klack Gulch aforesaid, and which right was first located and pre-emptied by A. M. Greenleaf, and the record thereof is recorded in book "L" page 206, of the records of Summit county aforesaid. Also the following described property property to-wit: All the ditch and water rights pre-emted by A. M. Greenleaf, July 14, 1871, and recorded in book "L" page 224, in Summit county records. Also all the water in Sawmill Gulch, and the streams running through Jones, and Barnett's pasture, which said waters were pre-emmted by A. M. Greenleaf, as follows, to-wit: Those of Sawmill Gulch in September 15, A. D. 1870, and recorded in book "L" page 228, of records of Summit county aforesaid; those of Jones' and Barnett's pasture September 7, A. D. 1870, and recorded in book "L" page 222, of Summit records aforesaid; all the foregoing property mentioned in this conveyance being situate in the County of Summit and State of Colorado. Also all the right, title and interest which the party of the first part has or may acquire by virtue of a deed bearing date the 6th day of January, A. D. 1873, between A. M. Greenleaf of the city of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, of the first part, and Daniel Dillon, as trustee of the Greenleaf Mining Co. of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and by said deed duly signed and acknowledged, of the second part, in and to the following described property situate, lying and being in Lomax Gulch, in Spaulding Mining District, County of Summit and State of Colorado, to-wit: Commencing at a large pine tree upon which is inscribed by Greenleaf and others, dated June 6, A. D. 1872," located at the mouth of said Lomax Gulch; thence running up said gulch a distance of 5,000 feet and in width 400 feet on each side of the center of said gulch from the center thereof. Also the following described property, situate, lying and being in said Summit county, being claims Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 on the first tier south of Discovery tier; also claims Nos. 2, 3, 4 and 5 on the second tier south of Discovery tier, also claims Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 on the second tier north of Discovery tier, also an undivided one-fifth interest of in and to the Cork-screw flume and ditch which carries water from Stillson's Gulch to Union Patch aforesaid. Also the whole of claim No. 6 on the fifth tier south of Discovery tier on the aforesaid Union Patch,

LEGAL.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE
OF
Valuable and Productive Real Estate in Partition.

In pursuance of an order of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, made and entered of record on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1881, in a certain cause pending in said court, wherein Sophia Holtmann and Hermann Holtmann, her husband, are plaintiffs, and Elise Sophia Gerber and Frederick Gerber, her husband, Ida Alwina Hackmann and Wilhelmine Emilie Hackmann are defendants, being cause No. 55,184, pending in room No. 5 of said court, whereby the undersigned was appointed Special Commissioner in said cause, and whereby the undersigned was directed to sell the real estate hereinafter described, the undersigned Special Commissioner in said cause, under the authority so vested in him by said order of court and by virtue thereof, will on

TUESDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, and during the term time of said Circuit Court, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, upon the terms below mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz:

FIRST.—A lot of ground in block number eight hundred and eighty-five (885) of the City of St. Louis, composed of lots one (1) and two (2) in the east half of block number two (2) of Arsenal Addition to said city, together fronting fifty (50) feet on the west side of Carondelet avenue by a depth of one hundred and fifteen (115) feet two (2) inches to an alley, and bounded on the north by lot number three (3) of said block and on the south by Gate street.

SECOND.—A lot of ground in block No. three-hundred and seventy-one (371) of the city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the east line of Seventh street distant one hundred (100) feet northwardly from the intersection of the northern line of Geyer avenue with the eastern line of Seventh street, and running thence northwardly, with said eastern line of Seventh street seventy (70) feet to the north line of the Cambas tract; thence eastwardly with said north line of the Cambas tract and parallel with said northern line of Geyer avenue one hundred and forty (140) feet, more or less, to a twenty (20) foot alley; thence southwardly with the west line of said alley seventy (70) feet to a point, and thence westwardly and parallel with the northern line of Geyer avenue one hundred and forty (140) feet, more or less, to the place of beginning, and bounded north by property now or formerly of Soulard, east by said alley, south by lot now or formerly of Weinreich and westwardly by Seventh street.

THIRD.—A lot of ground in block number seventy-three hundred and five (7305) of the city of St. Louis, being composed of lots numbered twelve [12], thirteen [13] and fourteen [14] of block number six (6) of Arsenal Addition, fronting together seventy-five (75) feet on the east line of Eighth street and with that width running easterly one hundred and fifteen (115) feet and two inches to an alley fifteen [15] feet wide, and bounded on the north by Gate street, and south by lot number eleven (11) of said block number six (6).

FOURTH.—Lot numbered eleven (11) in block numbered six (6) of Arsenal Addition to the City of St. Louis, fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the eastern line of Eighth street, and with that width running eastwardly one hundred and fifteen (115) feet two (2) inches to an alley fifteen (15) feet wide, which said alley is bounded on the north by lot numbered twelve (12) and on the south by lot numbered ten (10), all of said block number six (6).

FIFTH.—Lots eight (8) and nine (9) of block seven hundred and forty one (741) east in said City of St. Louis, fronting fifty-six (56) feet on the west line of Jefferson avenue by a depth of ninety-eight (98) feet six (6) inches westwardly to an alley twelve (12) feet wide.

THE TERMS of said sale as fixed by said order of Court are as follows: One-tenth of the purchase price to be paid in cash, and the balance in equal installments, payable respectively in one, two, three and four years from day of sale with six per cent interest per annum upon the deferred payments, each such deferred payment to be evidenced by the promissory notes of the purchaser or purchasers, each note for one-fourth part of such deferred payment, and all to be secured by deed or deeds of trust upon the property sold.

JOHN K. TIFFANY,
Special Commissioner.
Klein & Fisse, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
St. Louis, Mo., May 14, 1881.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by deed of trust dated the thirtieth day of April, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book number four hundred and ninety-two (492), page four hundred and eighty-two (482), Philip A. Bamberger and Katharina Bamberger, his wife, conveyed to Franklin A. Dick and Benjamin Farrar, trustees, to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described, the following described tract or parcel of ground in the county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: being block number twelve (12) of Robert W. Hunt's addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat of which addition is of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis county (now city), Missouri, beginning at a point where the eastern line of said block intersects the northern line of the Gravois road and running thence northwardly along the western line of Hunt avenue nine hundred and fourteen feet (914) to Scudder avenue; thence westwardly along the southern line of Scudder avenue five hundred and ninety-six feet eleven and one-half inches (596 ft. 11½ in.) to the Gravois road; thence southwardly along the line of said Russell and along the western line of said block twelve, nine hundred and sixty-one (961) feet to the southwest corner of said block twelve; thence eastwardly on a line parallel with the southern line of said block twelve, four hundred feet to the Gravois road; thence northeastwardly along the northern line of the Gravois road two hundred and three feet and eleven inches (203 11-12) to the point of beginning, containing four acres, containing 15 35-100 arpents, bounded eastwardly by Hunt ave., northwardly by Scudder avenue, westwardly by land of Russell, and southwardly in part by the Gravois Road, it being the same tract or parcel of land acquired by Phillip Bamberger, by deed number 97, from Robert W. Hunt and wife by deed dated April 13, 1865, and recorded in said Recorders office, in book 302, page 231. And whereas by a certain renewal agreement between the parties to said deed of trust, dated October 26, 1877, and recorded in said Recorder's office in book number 586, page 57, it was agreed that the principal note in said deed of trust described should remain unpaid until the maturity of all the interest notes described in said renewal agreement, provided all of said interest notes were paid at their maturity, and in case of the non-payment of any of said interest notes at maturity then the extension of payment of said principal note should be of no force or effect, and payment thereof might be immediately enforced under said deed of trust; and it was further agreed that all provisions of said deed of trust should remain in full force until the payment of said principal note; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note and interest notes thereon and taxes upon said property, and said Benjamin Farrar having departed this life, July 14, 1878, notice is hereby given that the undersigned, successor in trust to said Benjamin Farrar, deceased, as the legal holder of said notes, by virtue of the authority of said deed of trust and in pursuance of the provisions therein, will on

SATURDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said notes, and interest and the costs and expenses of executing the trust of said deed.

FRANKLIN A. DICK,
Surviving Trustee.
St. Louis, May 18, 1881. 12X

WHEREAS Wesley Fallon, who has been dead more than one year, and Coublyna M. Fallon, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the first day of December, 1875, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 536, page 236, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, viz: Lots numbered eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in block numbered nineteen (19) of Stoddard's addition to said city of St. Louis, said lots having an aggregate front in the north line of Locust street of fifty-five (55) feet, and three (3) inches and a depth northwardly of one hundred and thirty-four (134) feet eight (8) inches each to an alley fifteen (15) feet wide, bounded north by an alley, east by lot numbered seventeen (17), south by Locust street, and west by Leffingwell avenue, to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed fully described; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of two of said notes, and also in covenant to maintain insurance. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of said deed of trust, will on

MONDAY, MAY 23D, 1881,

and between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in said city of St. Louis, proceed to sell said property, for cash, to the highest bidder, for the purposes of said trust.

GEO. E. LEIGHTON,
Trustee.
138

ESTATE of Sarah J. Russell, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Sarah J. Russell,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 4th day of May, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1881.

G. GLEIG GIBSON,
17W Administrator.

Assignees' Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—By virtue of an order of sale made by the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis at its April term, 1881, the undersigned assignee, will, on

TUESDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

sell all the office fixtures and jewelry lately belonging to Eugene Capelle, and conveyed to the undersigned for benefit of creditors, at public auction, for cash, at the premises lately occupied by Eugene Capelle, on the southwest corner of Sixth and Olive streets, City of St. Louis, Mo., said property consisting of show cases, counters, desk stove, safe, clocks, watches, watch chains, jewelry sets, etc. Parties desiring to purchase anything in the jewelry and other articles of place of sale, from this date to day of sale. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock precisely.

PERRY BARTHOLOW,
Assignee of Eugene Capelle.
30D

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

Special Commissioner's Sale
OF REAL ESTATE.

State Savings Association and others, plaintiffs,
vs
John Wickham, trustee, Henry Shreve Carter et al., defendants.
Case No. 55,286.
In the Circuit Court for the city of St. Louis.
(Foreclosure under Deed of Trust.)

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court, for the city of St. Louis, in the above entitled cause, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, on the premises, on

TUESDAY, MAY 31, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, the following described real estate situated in the county (now city) of of St. Louis, containing (23.66) twenty-three and 66-100 acres, subdivided by me under and by virtue of the decree in this cause into four lots or parcels of ground bounded and described as follows:

1. Lot 1, having a front on the east line of Snead avenue of 476 feet and 10 inches, and extending eastwardly to lot No. 4 of this subdivision, on which it fronts 477 feet and 9½ inches, the north line being 530 feet and 10½ inches, and the south line 543 feet and 4 inches in length, being bounded on the north by the centre line of the track and south by land now or formerly of Derrick A. January, and containing 6.04 acres.

2. Lot 2, having a front on the east line of Snead avenue of 476 feet and 10 inches, and extending eastwardly to lot No. 3 of this subdivision, on which it fronts 477 feet and 9½ inches, the north line being 576 feet and 5 inches in length, and the south line 559 feet and 10½ inches in length, being bounded on the north by Bircher Road 20 feet wide, laid out by the commissioners in the partition of Ann Biddle's estate, and south by the center line of the tract, and containing 6.22 acres.

3. Lot 3, having a front on the west line of Papin avenue of 478 feet and 7 inches, and extending westwardly to the east line of lot 2 of this subdivision, on which it fronts 477 feet and 9½ inches, the north and south lines being 520 feet in length, being bounded on the north by the Bircher Road, 20 feet wide, laid out by the commissioners in the partition of Ann Biddle's estate, and south by the center line of the tract, and containing 5.70 acres.

4. Lot 4, having a front on the west line of Papin avenue of 478 feet and 7 inches and extending westwardly to the east line of lot 1 of this subdivision, on which it fronts 477 feet and 9½ inches, the north and south lines being 586 feet 10 inches in length, being bounded on the north by the centre line of the tract, and on the south by land now or formerly owned by Derrick A. January, and containing 570 acres; each of said lots will be sold separately to the highest bidder.

Also all right, title and interest of said Henry Shreve Carter to the following described tract or parcel of land situated in the county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in the Grand Prairie Common Fields, in township 45 north, range 7 east of the 5th principal meridian, commencing at a stone on the line between United States Surveys Nos. 1587 and 1592, which stone is fourteen arpens westwardly from the eastern front line of the said Grand Prairie Common Fields; running thence north 50 degrees east nine chains thirty-two links to a stone; thence north thirty-five degrees west eighteen chains and sixty-three links to a stone; thence south 21½ degrees west seventeen chains and ninety-two links to a stone, which is on a line between U. S. Surveys 1467 and 1619; thence north 60 degrees west, passing the corner of the said 1587 and 1592; thence property of [illegible] south 60 degrees east twenty-six chains and thirty-four links to the place of beginning; bounded eastwardly and northwardly by land formerly of Col. John O'Fallon, westwardly by land formerly of Henry M. Pierce, and southwardly by said survey 1592, containing thirty acres more or less, being the undivided (1-6) one sixth thereof, subject to the life estate of Walker R. Carter thereon.

Terms of sale, one-third cash on the day of sale and the other two-thirds to be paid in one and two years, with six per cent interest on the deferred payments, and to be secured by deeds of trust on the property sold.

JOHN WICKHAM,
16V Special Commissioner.

TRUSTEE SALE.—Whereas Gottlieb F. Schecle and Caroline, his wife, by this deed dated June 19th, 1878, and recorded on page 124 of book 2No. 596 of the records of the Recorder of deeds for the city of St. Louis conveyed to the undersigned all that certain parcel of real estate in the city of St. Louis, and described as follows, to-wit: Being lots numbered 7 and 8 in block No. 36 of Union Addition to the city of St. Louis, Mo., according to a plat thereof on file in the office of the Recorder of deeds for said city of St. Louis, said lots containing an aggregate front of 100 feet on the north line of Lucas street by a depth of that width northwardly of 144 feet and 7 inches more or less to an alley 20 feet wide. In trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed, all of which notes remain past due and unpaid. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court House in said City of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on

FRIDAY, JUNE 10TH, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

EUGENE C. SLEVIN,
Trustee.
St. Louis, May 16, 1881. 160W

WHEREAS, Michael J. Deegan and Mary A. Deegan by their certain deed of trust, dated June 19, 1880, recorded in the Recorder of Deeds office of the city of St. Louis, in book 1034, at page 254, convey to the undersigned the following real estate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri: Beginning at a point in the south line of Warren street distant fifty-four feet eastwardly from the east line of Twentieth street; thence east with said south line of Warren street sixty feet; thence south parallel with Twentieth street one hundred and eleven feet five inches to an alley, thence west with the north line of said alley sixty feet, thence north and parallel with Twentieth street one hundred and eleven feet five inches to the point of beginning. In trust to secure the fulfillment of a certain bond in said deed described. Whereas, the conditions of said bond have been broken in that no payments have been made on said bond for more than three months past. Now therefore, at the request of the holder of said bond, I shall sell said real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. of

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

FRED. A. WISLIZENUS,
30W Trustee.

WHEREAS Robert B. Wade, trustee of Cleone T. Slocum, and as such acting by her written request and direction embodied therein, and Cleone T. Slocum and Jeremiah D. Slocum by their certain deed of trust, dated September 6, 1875, and recorded in book 528, page 349, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned a lot of ground with all improvements thereon, situated in block No. 1019 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri; beginning at southwest corner of Garrison avenue and Pine street, thence running westward along the east line of Pine street thirty feet nine inches, thence south and parallel with Garrison avenue one hundred and twenty-eight feet six inches to alley of said block, thence eastwardly with said alley thirty feet nine inches to the west line of Garrison avenue, and thence on said west line north one hundred and eight feet six inches to the beginning; in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas, said notes are now past due and unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will offer said property for sale at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court House in said city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

THURSDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881.

DUNCAN M. KELLOR,
Trustee.
St. Louis, May 14, 1881. 70W

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Lucas Lockwood Belcher, D. Lancaster, guardian, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1—A lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 188, 42 feet 8 inches in front or width and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being the north part of the 12, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one McCausland, on the east by Eighth street, on the south by the real estate of one Kraft, on the west by an alley.

Number 2—A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 846, 25 feet in front or width and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 15 in block 3 in Taylor and Mason's addition to said city.

Number 3—Five lots of ground on Seventh street in city block 840, each 25 feet in front or width and 120 feet in length or depth, being lots 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22, in block 3, in Taylor and Mason's addition to said city.

Number 4—A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 845, 16 feet 1 inch in front or width and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 15 in block 4 in Taylor and Mason's addition to said city.

Number 5—Four lots of ground on Seventh street, in city block 843, each 25 feet in front or width and 120 feet in length or depth, being lots 16, 17, 18 and 19 in block 4, in Taylor's and Mason's addition to said city.

Number 6—A lot of ground on Olive street in city block 927, 37 feet 6 inches in front or width and 99 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being part of lots 4 and 5 in block 4 in Beaumont's Addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Olive street, on the east by the real estate of said defendants, on the south by an alley, on the west by the real estate of one Chadbourne.

Number 7—A lot of ground on Olive street in city block 927, 12 feet 6 inches in front or width and 99 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being the west half of lot 6 in block 4, in Beaumont's Addition to said city. And I will on

TUESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., May 13, 1881. 9W

LEGAL.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, made on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1881, the undersigned, as assignee of the German Bank, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

commencing at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., sell at public vendue, for cash, the following described real estate to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis:

1. Fifteen lots of choice residence property, with improvements, situated between Rosatti and State streets and Lami and Shenandoah streets, in the City of St. Louis, to-wit:

First. Lots numbered one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one and twenty-two of block number twenty-eight of Thomas Allen's addition to the City of St. Louis.

The title to the above property is perfect; taxes, including those of 1880, paid. Plats can be obtained by application to the undersigned at 1904 North Fourteenth street. Also, the following unimproved lands, situated in the counties hereinafter named, in various parts of the State of Missouri, to-wit:

Second. In the County of Franklin—The W. ½ and S. E. ¼ of S. W. ¼ of sec. 10, in town 40, range 1, E., being 130 2-100 acres. The S. W. ¼ of S. E. ¼ and S. E. ¼ of S. W. ¼ of sec. 28, town. 43, range 2 W., being 80 acres. The E. ½ of lot 2 of N. W. ¼ of sec. 6, town. 40, range 1 E., being 67 99-100 acres. The W. ½ of S. W. ¼ of sec. 28, town. 42, range 2 E., being 83 50-100 acres. The E. ½ and S. W. ¼ of N. W. ¼ of sec. 12, in town. 40, range 1 W., being 123 98-100 acres. The N. W. ¼ of sec. 24, town. 41, range 1 E., being 160 acres. The N. E. ¼ of N. W. ¼ of sec. 18, town. 41, range 2 E., being 37 69-100 acres. The N. W. ¼ and S. E. ¼ of N. W. ¼ of sec. 32, town. 45, range 1 W., being 80 acres. The W. ½ and S. E. ¼ of N. W. ¼ of sec. 16, town. 40, range 1 W., being 120 acres—making a total in Franklin county of eight hundred and eighty-three and 18-100 acres.

Third. In the County of Shannon.—The N. W. ¼ of lot 1 and W. ½ of lot 2 and the N. E. ¼ of sec. 3, town. 30 N., range 4 W., being 294 65-100 acres. The N. W. ¼ of sec. 34, town. 29 N., range 2 W., being 159 10-100 acres. The W. ½ of sec. 24, town 29, range 5, E., being 320 acres. The E. ½ of sec. 11, town 30 N., range 4 W., being 335 68-100 acres. The W. ½ of sec. 13, town. 29 N. range 5, W., being 320 acres. The N. W. ¼ lot 1 and N. ½ lot 2, S. W. ¼ of sec. 30, town. 29, N. range 1, W., being 311 88-100 acres. Lots 7 and 8, N. ½ and lot 1 and W. ½ of lot 6, N. ½ sec. 6, town 29, N. range 1, W., being 297 32-100 acres. The N. ½ of sec. 33, town. 29, N. of range 1, W., being 320 acres. The S. E. ¼ of sec. 24, and N. ½ of N. E. ¼ of sec. 25, town. 31, N. of range 2 West, being 240 acres. Also S. E. ¼ and S. ½ of N. E. ¼ and N. E. ¼ of S. W. ¼ of sec. 5, town. 30, range 5, W., being 320 acres; making a total in Shannon county of two thousand nine hundred and eighteen 64-100 acres.

Fourth. In the County of Montgomery—The s. e. ¼ of s. e. ¼ sec. 10 and s. ½ of n. w. ¼ and s. w. ¼ of n. e. ¼ and s. e. ¼ of s. w. ¼ and s. w. ¼ of s. w. ¼ and s. w. ¼ of s. w. ¼ of sec. 11, town. 47, n. of range 6 w., containing three hundred and twenty acres.

Fifth. In the County of Calloway—The n. e. ¼ and e. ½ of n. w. ¼ and e. ½ of s. w. ¼ of sec. 24, town. 46, n. of range 9 w., being 333 46-100 acres.

Sixth. In the County of Reynolds—The s. w. ¼ and lot 1 of n. w. ¼ and lot 1, and n. e. ¼ sec. 3, town. 32, of range 2 w., being 320 acres. Lot 2 of sec. 4, lot 2 of sec. 5, town. 32, and n. e. ¼ sec. 3, town. 31, range 1 w., being 308 66-100 acres. The n. e. ¼ and n. ½ of s. e. ¼ of sec. 21, and s. ½ of s. w. ¼ of sec. 22, town. 33, range 3 w., being 320 acres. The s. ½ of s. e. ¼ of sec. 30, the n. e. ¼ and n. ½ of s. e. ¼ of sec. 31, town. 32, range 1 w., being 320 acres. The s. ½ of s. e. ¼ of sec. 6, the n. w. ¼ of sec. 7, range 2 west, containing 294 97-100 acres, making a total in Reynolds county of 1,515 41-100 acres.

Seventh. In the County of Dent—Lots 4, 5, 6 and 7 of sec. 6, town. 34 n. range 2 w., being 320 acres. The w. ½ of sec. 19, town. 34, n. range 2 w., being 302 72-100 acres. Also, lots 2 and 3 of n. e. ¼, and lot 2 and w. ½ of lot 5 of n. w. ¼ sec. 2, town. 34 n. range 4 w., being 287 3-100 acres. Also, lot 1 of s. w. ¼ and s. e. ¼ of lot 1 of n. w. ¼ and w. ½ of s. e. ¼, and w. ½ of n. e. ¼, and n. e. ¼ of n. e. ¼ of sec. 7, town. 33 n. of range 4 w., being 320 acres. The s. ½ of sec. 17, town. 35 n. of range 3 w., being 320 acres. The s. ½ of sec. 25, town. 34 n. of range 3 w., being 320 acres. The w. ½ of lot 1 of s. w. ¼ sec. 30, lot 1, and n. ½ of lot 2 of n. w. ¼ sec. 31, town. 34 n. of range 4 w., cont. 160 acres. The w. ½ of lot 2 of n. w. ¼ sec. 6, town 31, and lot 2 and n. ½ of lot 1 of s. w. ¼, and lot 2 of n. w. ¼ of sec. 31, town. 32 n. of range 3 w., containing 268 34-100 acres. The n. ½ of s. e. ¼, and s. w. ¼ of n. e. ¼, and s. e. ¼ of s. e. ¼ of sec. 24, and s. w. ¼ of s. w. ¼ of sec. 19, all in town. 40, of range 10 w.; total in county of Camden, 640 acres.

Ninth. In the County of Texas—The s. ½ of sec. 5, n. ½ of sec. 8, in town. 30, n. of range 7 w., being 640 acres; also, the w. ½ of sec. 18, town. 31, n. of range 7 w., being 317 100 acres; total in county of Texas, 944 17-100 acres.

Tenth. In the County of Oregon.—The n. e. ¼ sec. 9. The s. ½ of s. e. ¼ of sec. 4. The w. ½ of s. w. ¼ of sec. 3, town 24 n., range 5 w., being 320 acres. The n. e. ¼ of s. w. ¼ and n. ½ and s. e. ¼ of s. w. ¼ and n. ½ of s. w. ¼ of s. w. ¼ of sec. 36, town 25 n. of range 6 w, being 320 acres. Lot 4 of n. e. ¼ of sec. 5, and lot 4 of n. w. ¼, and w. ½ of lot 2, and lot 3 and 4 of n. e. ¼ of sec. 4, town 24, n. of range 4 w., being 296 50 acres. The n. ½ of sec. 19, town 25 n., of range 4 w., being 160 61-100 acres. The e. ½ of n. w. ¼ and e. ½ of s. w. ¼ of sec. 24, town 24 n., of range 4 w., being 160 acres. The n. w. ¼ of sec. 18, town 25 n., of range 6 w., being 151 04-100 acres. The n. e. ¼ of sec. 24 n. of range 6 w. The s. e. ¼ of s. e. ¼ of sec. 24, and e. ½ of n. e. ¼ of sec. 25, town 24, n. of range 7 w. being 239 32-100 total in the county of Oregon 1,714 96-100 acres.

Eleventh. In the County of Iron—The e. ½ of s. e. ¼ sec. 3 of s. w. ¼ and N. ½ of N. W. ¼ of sec. 10, town 33 n. of range 4 west, being 240 acres. Total in the county of Iron 320 acres.

Twelfth. In the County of Wayne—Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 of n. e. ¼ sec. 2, also the s. w. ¼ and n. w. ¼ of sec. 8, also, n. ½ of n. w. ¼ and s. w. ¼ of n. w. ¼ and n. ½ of s. w. ¼ sec. 11, also e. ½ of s. e. ¼ sec. 11, also e. ½ of n. e. ¼ of sec. 14; also s. e. ¼ of sec. 22; also s. w. ¼ of sec. 27; also n. e. ¼ sec. 32; also, n. w. ¼ sec 33; also, s. ½ of n. w. ¼ and s. w. ¼ of n. e. ¼ of sec. 30; all in town 27 n. of range 3 e.; total in Wayne county 1,080 acres.

Thirteenth. In the County of Madison—The n. ½ of n. w. ¼ and n. e. ¼ of sec. 12, town 32 n. of range 7 e. being 240 acres. The s. ½ of lot 1 and 2 of n. w. ¼ and e. ½ of lots 1 and 2 of s. w. ¼ of sec. 30, town 32 n. of range 7 e., being 182 39-100 acres. The e. ½ of s. w. ¼ and s. e. ¼ of n. w. ¼ of sec., 35, town 33 n. of range 8 e. being 120 acres. The n. ½ of n. w. ¼ of sec. 29 and n. e. ¼ of n. e. ¼ of sec. 30, town 33 n. of range 8 e. being 120 acres. The s. e. ¼ of s. e. ¼ of s. e. ¼ e. ½ of n. e. ¼ of sec. 8. The w. ½ of n. w. ¼ of n. e. ¼ and s. w. ¼ of s. e. ¼ of sec. 9, town 32 n., range 6 e. being 320 acres. Lot 2 and e. ½ of lot 1, of n. w. ¼ of sec. 5, town 32 n., range 8 e., being 160 04-100 acres. The n. e. ¼ of n. w. ¼, and n. w. ¼ of n. e. ¼ of sec. 9, town 32 n., of range 7 e., being 80 acres. The s. e. ¼ of sec. 12, n. ½ of n. e. ¼ of sec. 13, town 32 n., range 7 e., being 240 acres. The s. w. ¼ of s. w. ¼ of sec. 25, s. ½ of s. e. ¼, n. w. ¼ of s. e. ¼ of sec. 27, town 32 n., range 6 e., being 320 acres. Total in the county of Madison 1,345 41-100 acres.

Fourteenth. In the County of Cole.—The S. E. ¼ of n. e. ¼, the n. e. ¼ of s. e. ¼ of sec. 7. The s. w. ¼ of n. w. ¼, n. w. ¼ of s. w. ¼, e. ½ of s. w. ¼, n. w. ¼ of s. e. ¼ of sec. 8. The n. e. ¼ of n. w. ¼ of sec. 17, town. 42, n. of range 12, w., being 320 acres.

Fifteenth. In the County of Bollinger.—The e. ½ of lots 2 and 3 of n. w. ¼, and lots 2 and 3 of n. e. ¼ of sec. 2, town. 31, n. of range 8, E., being 214 20-100 acres. Also lots 1 and 2 of n. w. ¼ of sec. 30, town. 32, north of range 10 e., being 153 16-100 acres. The n. w. ¼ of sec. 2 and lot 2 of n. e. ¼ of sec. 3, town 31, n. of range 9 e., being 253 01-100 acres. The n. ½ of n. w. ¼ of sec. 31, town. 32 n. of range 9 e., town 33, n. of range 8 e., being 120 acres. The s. ½ of s. e. ¼ the n. e. ¼ of s. e. ¼ and s. e. ¼ of n. e. ¼ of sec. 29, town 30, n. of range 8 e., containing 160. Total in Bollinger county, 900 76-100 acres.

Sixteenth. In the County of [illegible] Miller.—The w. ½ of n. e. ¼, the s. e. ¼ of n. e. ¼ lot 1, of n. w. ¼, w. ½ of s. e. ¼, n. ½ of lot 1, of s. w ¼ of sec. 18, town 40 n. of range 12 w., being 320 acres.—Also s. w. ¼ of n. w. ¼ of sec. 14, e. ½ of n. e. ¼ of sec. 15, town 40 n. of range 15, w. being 120 acres. Total in Miller county 440 acres.

CHAS. G. STIFEL,
Assignee German Bank.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June Term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Julien Gamache, jr., trustee of Celestine Gamache, Celestine Gamache, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number One. A lot of ground on California avenue in city block 2132, 30 feet in front or width, and 165 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being in block 7 in city commons, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Frank and other, on the east by California avenue; on the south by the real estate of one Krutzeborn; on the west by that of one Reilly.

Number Two. A lot of ground enclosed in city block 2132, 30 feet in front or width, and 147 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being in block 7 in city commons, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Reid; on the east by California avenue; on the south by the real estate of said defendant, Morris; on the west by that of one Frank.

Number Three.—A lot of ground on an alley in city block 1266, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being in block "A" in the addition to said city known as Morris' subdivision, and bounded north by the real estate of one Andrews, on the east by that of one Bouton; on the south by that of one Mohan and others; on the west by an alley.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., May 14, 1881. 40W

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June Term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Julien Gamache, jr., trustee of Celestine Gamache, Celestine Gamache, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1. A lot of ground in city block 851 on Carondelet avenue, being 26 feet and 8 inches in front or width and 135 feet in depth, being lot 4 in block 1 in Hall's addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground in city block 852, on Eighth street, being 18 feet and 5 inches in front or width and 135 feet and 4 inches in depth, being lot 20 in block 2 in Labadie's addition to said city. And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., May 17, 1881. 4X

SHERIFF' SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June Term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and William M. Gawtry, Gilbert M. Spier, Peter J. Novins, Archibald Maclay, Sylvanus F. Jenkins, Isaac H. Walker and George W. Bull and John G. Priest, their trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1st. Lot No. 21 in block No. 19, of survey 3, said lot being in city block No. 3720 of the city of St. Louis, and having a front of 25 feet on Clay street by a depth of 140 feet.

2d. Lot No. 22, in block No. 19 of survey 3, said lot being in city block No. 3720 of the City of St. Louis, and having a front of 25 feet on Clay street by a depth of 140 feet.

3d. Lot No. 23, in block No. 19 of survey 3, said lot being in city block No. 3720 of the city of St. Louis, and having a front of 25 feet on Clay street by a depth of 140 feet.

4th. Lot No. 24, in block No. 19 of survey 3, said lot being in city block No. 3720 of the city of St. Louis, and having a front of 25 feet on Clay street by a depth of 140 feet.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., May 17, 1881. 9W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the June Term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Wm. A. Morris and Louis J. Holthaus are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

L

THE WRONG HORSE.

A stalwart but tired looking horseman was riding toward the village of Mosey Brook at the close of a sultry afternoon last summer, as fast as the jaded bay mare he bestrode could lessen the distance. His face was handsome, but he wore an anxious expression and he stared about the country as he rode on with the air of a stranger in those parts. His dusty feet, his pale visage, and the foreign cut of his apparel, with the watchfulness of his manner, would have led any observer to consider him one who had traveled far that day, and who was not only from a foreign country, but laboring under some deep distress of mind, sorrow or fear—perhaps remorse.

As he climbed the hill which looked down upon the village his face brightened somewhat.

"Thank Heaven! there I shall find a few hours' rest and refreshment for myself and this exhausted beast," he muttered. And the mare pricked up her ears as she saw the village and heard his voice, and hastened her pace as if she knew her rider's intention.

"Care for her well," said the stranger to the hostler, as he alighted. "I am to sup and sleep a few hours; and at ten to-night have her ready saddled at the door; for I am in great haste to continue my journey, and must then depart."

The hostler promised, and the stranger after eating a hearty supper retired to rest.

Having well bestowed the mare, the hostler flung himself down before the stable door, and, considering that he had as much right to rest as any other man or beast in a free country, went to sleep himself.

Whether he had worked or drank too much that day, certain it was that he overslept his time; and when he started up and hastily saddled the mare upon which the stranger was to continue his way it was eleven o'clock and pitch dark.

As the stranger also had overslept his hour he did not so much blame the hostler, but paid his bill, mounted quickly and rode off, making no answer to the remark of the man that there would be a heavy storm before morning, as the clouds were already black and threatening.

"Valuable information!" sneered the traveler, as the mare made unusually quick time, over the road. "Couldn't I see for myself? Had I not been in haste to get at the end of my journey, I should not, of course, have gone on before morning, after forty miles of travel under a summer sun. The deuce is in my luck, to be roasted by day and half-drowned by night, as this approaching storm seems to forebode. Ha! what a vivid flash! The tempest is coming sooner than I expected. How fast the mare goes! A few hours have worked wonders with her: or, perhaps, instinct bids her speed to escape the tempest if possible."

A heavy crash of thunder just then, startled both horse and horseman—the opening cannonade of the elemental battle which was to sweep furiously around them.

"She has been over-fed, or she is very skittish," thought the horseman, as he felt the tremor of the frightened animal's limbs, and her gait for a short distance became irregular. "Our road lies through a wood for a few miles, as I am told: and the shower is on us in full force: what with the lightning, the thunder, the rain, and the darkness she may become unmanageable. Perhaps I had better have stayed after all. The more haste the worse speed sometimes."

Flash after flash, peal after peal now followed rapidly, with blinding and deafening effect upon man and beast, and soon the wind and rain combined with fearful power and volume, as if to distract and discomfort the benighted horse and rider. Here and there, over their rough road, the torn branches of trees incumbered it, as if to dispute their passage. Twice as the scared beast galloped frantically on she stumbled and nearly threw the cavalier, requiring all his efforts to recover her and keep the saddle; and once a dazzling bolt and a fearful simultaneous clap of thunder caused the poor beast to swerve madly aside, rear and then turn back in her track for a short distance—while a tall tree cleft by the lightning scattered half its mighty bulk over the spot from which the mare had shrunk back.

But, with steady hand and coaxing voice the horseman finally caused her to return again: and vaulting over the prostrate trunk they resumed their stormy course, while broken boughs torn from tallest trees whirled dangerously through the dark air.

Thus, through the night they proceeded, the storm gradually abating as the dim dawn of day approached: and when the cheering sun at last broke with merry face over the glittering hills the drenched stranger was far beyond the perplexing forest through which he had ridden.

"Thank you for nothing," he exclaimed, mockingly saluting the sun. "The world is full of such friends, who give their aid only when the trouble is over. The sun should shine in the night such times."

The mare made the best of her way to the neighboring village, where the rider now determined to stop, recruit and pass half a day at least.

Dirty, drenched, sore with travel, haggard as he was, it may be supposed that he did not feel over-communicative to the people at the tavern, who stared at the stranger the harder. They thought him not at all prepossessing—poor, proud, no baggage, and very likely no money.

The mare however was stalled, not without being closely regarded by every eye.

"May I never eat meat," said one, "if that isn't Amos Dunbar's mare, Jube."

"I wish I may be shot if I don't think so, too. White fore feet, and just such a shape, height head and gait, mane and tail at any rate."

"Couldn't be possible," said another. "He left yesterday to be gone a week, he said: and he wouldn't allow any live man but himself to ride his mare."

"But there she is, howsomever," insisted the others: and they went out to the barn to reassure themselves.

Meanwhile the stranger having gone in to wash and make his garments somewhat more tidy disclosed to the landlord a bloody gash upon the side of his head, which he bathed, and calling for plaster dressed it.

"How did you get that wound, friend?" asked the landlord curiously.

"A falling bough in the storm last night," was the answer, carelessly. "I did not think it was so severe a cut. So much to do to manage my horse, I hardly gave it a thought."

"Where might you be from sir?" continued the landlord, not exactly satisfied.

"I might be from any quarter of the world you choose," said the stranger, "and if I told you from England, I don't know that it would make you any wiser. Don't begin to catechise a tired man. If I pay my way that's all you need wish of me."

"Humph!" grunted the landlord, as he ordered a table ready for his bluff visitor. "I'm not sure that this fellow ain't a rough customer and a suspicious character. I'll keep an eye on him."

While the stranger was at breakfast those who had been to inspect the horse asserted that it was no other than Amos Dunbar's mare; and whispering to the landlord about it, they agreed to ask the stranger how she came into his possession as soon as he had finished his meal.

"He had a heap of money about him when he went away yesterday," said the innkeeper, shaking his head in a sinister manner.

"Look here, stranger," said one of the villagers, as he rose from the table and came forth, "ain't that Sam Dunbar's mare that you rid here?"

"I don't know him. Why do you ask?" said the stranger, frowning at what he considered village impertinence.

"But we know his mare, and that's her, sure as snakes. He left here, where he lives, yes'd'y forenoon on her back, and you must have met him, else how came you by his horse?"

"I have ridden her about two hundred miles, and so she couldn't well have been here yesterday," replied the stranger, vexed at the suspicious glances which were cast upon him, and attributing them to the insolence which a solid exterior sometimes invites from the low-minded.

Without staying to hear their replies, he turned his back suddenly upon them, and proceeded to the barn, where he took from the saddle a large leather pocket-book, and concealing it about his person returned to the house.

"I had forgotton that," he reflected. "Without money I might indeed give cause for suspicion."

A boy in the barn had noticed this act, and hearing that the man was a suspected horse-thief he ran in and told the landlord.

Suspicion now increased against the stranger. Why didn't he tell a straight story? Where did he get that wound on his head? Why did he falsify about the mare? Why was he so close-minded? Amos Dunbar was widely known as a wealthy man, and his favorite mare, Jule, was equally well-known to the village. He had ridden away with her the day before with a large sum of money. Now, a stranger had come back with her, pretending not to have seen him. What did this all mean?

The landlord sent at once for Mrs. Dunbar, who came in great haste and anguish, identified the mare, even the saddle, and now joined in the painful belief that the traveler had murdered her husband for his money, and fled upon his beast, not deeming that he was coming to the very place where he would be most easily detected.

The ire of the people at the tavern was aroused, and they again confronted the stranger, having procureda constable, and to his dire alarm, the mare having been brought from the stable, he was told to consider himself under arrest unless he could give a satisfactory explanation of the mystery. The presence of Mrs. Dunbar added solemnity to the inquest. But the stranger's indignation still overmastered his alarm.

"The mare was hired by me in the city, which is over 200 miles away. I have ridden her night and day since then, only stopping for a few hours' rest and refreshment, and intend to do so until I reach B—, whither important business urges me to haste. More you have no right to know, and more I will not answer, unless compelled in due form by those who have a right to question me."

"Surely I ought to know my own horse, which was brought up by us from a foal?" exclaimed Mrs. Dunbar, petting the animal affectionately, while tears of apprehension rolled down her face.

"Madam," said the stranger, in a more soothing tone, "you are certainly mistaken in the identity of the animal. I have her, as I say, for more than—"

"Don't lie any more!" roughly interrupted the landlord. "Murder will out, and you might as well tell the truth first as last. For—"

He was in turn interrupted by a savage spring, which the stranger at that moment made toward him, to avenge the insult of being called a liar: and had not others—luckily for the rash host—quickly interposed, he would have paid a severe penalty for his rashness.

"Hold him! He is getting desperate now!" cried the enraged host. "He'll have to swing yet, I'll be bound. Why don't you search him? He has been seen to take a pocketbook from the saddle?"

"Where my husband always keeps it when he rides far," said Mrs. Dunbar.

"You need not search me—it is mine," insisted the stranger, instinctively endeavoring to prevent the indignity.

"Oh! but there is need!" said the constable. "If it's yours, you'll get it again; and—here it is," he added drawing it from from beneath the shirt bosom of the suspected man. "Mrs. Dunbar, do you know that pocketbook?"

She opened it and disclosed a pile of banknotes, her husband's name written on the inside, and papers which could belong to no one but him.

"Proof, positive!" said everybody: and their looks of horror were equaled by those of the stranger, who was evidently confounded. He trembled now; but partially recovering himself, he said:

"I know not how it came. I had a pocketbook like that," and lifting up his hands, he added, "and I call on ——"

"Don't blaspheme, sir: don't commit any more sin; you can't deceive us You must now——"

An unexpected interruption forever cut short what might have been a very majestic sentence from the constable. For the accused man, desperate at his situation, and smug to ferocity by the behavior of his interrogators, with the quickness of light knocked down two who stood in his way, and in another instant bounded upon the mare, who was standing handily at his side, and putting her to the top of her speed before any could interpose, he shook a defiant fist back at them as he rode, and was soon out of sight, disappearing over the hill to the direction from which he had come in the early morning.

"Confound the luck!" he muttered, as the fleet mare sped. "I had no mind to be imprisoned, and had rather clear myself to save time. I fancy how it is. My horse is lost. I will try to get back to Mossy Brook and find her. Or, perhaps this may be her, and the wrong saddle was put upon her by the bungling hostler. Yet, how two mares could look so much alike, or two pocketbooks, or—Deuce take it! if get back the mystery may be cleared up by the owner of the other horse—if there is another horse. By Jupiter, they are coming!"

Two or three horsemen were in hot pursuit, though still a mile behind, yet mounted on fresh horses, and were fast lessening the distance between them and the fugitive.

As he descended a hill, the sight of a wood had almost induced him to dismount and seek its shelter afoot, when, coming fast in the opposite direction, he saw another mounted traveler.

Soon they were abreast of each other, and, at that instant, both reined in and dismounted. Their mutual glance explained the uncomfortable problem.

The horses were almost precisely alike in shape, color, size, etc., save that one had but two white feet, the other four.

"My name is Amos Dunbar!" exclaimed the individual, smiling and extending his hand. "No explanation is needed, sir: the hostler was half drunk and acknowledged that he had made the bungle. Here is your pocket-book," he added, delivering it. "That, too, is like mine, and was placed where I placed mine. But when I opened it I saw your name, 'William Norton!'"

"That is my name, dear sir. Your own wallet will be found at the village tavern, or with the constable. They recognized your mare and took me for both murderer and thief! Here they come, some of them. We will ride back together.

The pursuers came up and a few words of further explanation put all in good humor as they rode leisurely to the tavern again.

That night Sir William Norton, temporarily in America on important business, was the guest of Mr. Amos Dunbar and his now very agreeable wife. They found the knight something better than a highwayman, his courtly manner shining through his traveiworn apparel, and he confessed, when he resumed his journey in the morning that he had learned this insignificant moral, throughout life to be careful that you mount the right horse.

The Great German Wash.

It is the custom in Germany to wash table-linen and sheets as seldom as possible. Indeed, it is a sign of wealth when one washes these things but four times a year, because it shows that lots of them are possessed by the family. Whether the custom is a nice one or not, there can be no doubt about the work it causes. As soon as this great wash began we gave up all but the most important house and kitchen work; and you might have seen us standing, all eight of us, round a huge tub, rubbing with soap in hot water the sheets and napkins. Certainly it was severe labor, and my hands bled fast the first evening. But while standing and washing, even if almost tired to death by work so unaccustomed, we tried to sweeten it by cheerful part songs. When the washing was finished, Carl, the coachman, had to put the horses to the wagon. All the things, heaped up in large white baskets, were put on it, we all got in after, and off it went down to the little river. There the things were unloaded, and each of us, kneeling on a board, rinsed out the linen in the clear flowing water. I dare say that this part of the wash was the most amusing one; whether it was the kneeling at the river or the happy thought that all would be soon at an end I am sure I don't know. But we were certainly in high spirits, and Carl, who watched us, often had to get out of the way of the shoots of water that we extravagant girls sent at him.

THE FARM.

The Timber Supply Decreasing—Pioneers Not Dairymen.

The Angora Goat—Industrial Notes—Household Recipes.

It is estimated that at the present rate of consumption there is barely timber enough now standing within the domain of the United States to last eleven years. The great forests of the land are giving way to the workman's axe, and there is no commensurate effort to provide for future supply. Farmers and land owners are entirely too lavish of their woods, selling their tanbark, stave and timber trees, etc., at less than their intrinsic worth, and taking no pains to preserve them intact for themselves or the future. Our legislators, both State and National, neglect to provide protective statutes, so that where there are sections of Government land alternating with railroad reservations, the corporations sometimes stimulate the stealing of timber for their own use by their land customers. If there were half the solicitude displayed by the powers that be to care for the timbee trees of the country that there is to discharge the public debt at the earliest possible day, posterity would have greater cause to feel thankful to our present generation of statesmen.

WHY PIONEERS ARE NOT DAIRYMEN.

At first thought it appears strange that the early settlers of the prairies in the Far West do not engage in dairying. But a consideration of their circumstances will show why they do not. They are generally very poor. They have ordinarily no money with which to purchase land. They obtain it under the homestead act. To procure money to erect buildings and fences they are obliged to raise corn and small grains and to send them to market. For several years after they are located on a place they find it difficult to obtain sufficient money to make improvements and to purchase tools and machinery with which to do their work. They keep but a limited amount of stock. A team is required to plow, and a few cows are needed to give milk for supplying the wants of the family. But they have not the money to purchase dairy cows or to erect and operate cheese and butter factories. Having become accustomed to the production of corn and small grains, they continue to raise them after they have improved their farms. They now gradually give up selling their corn. They buy and raise cattle and hogs, and feed their corn to them. As their means increase they improve their stock, and have better steers and hogs to sell.

Capital is required for extensive dairying in the portions of the West where land is cheap. The land can be obtained at very cheap rates, but money is needed to purchase cows, to erect and furnish buildings, and for working capital. A company organized like the one it is proposed to form in Canada would furnish the money as well as the labor required. If rightly conducted it could not fail to pay large dividends, while the capital would be constantly increasing with the rise of property. Farmers who are accustomed to dairying and who who would be satisfied with a good living and moderate gains would be greatly benefitted by joining such an association. They would be free from most of the privations incipent to life on the frontier. They would have pleasant companionship and most of the advantages afforded in an old settled community. The history of dairying in this country shows that the business is conducive to intelligence, industry and good habits. There are vast sections of land in Nebraska, Iowa, Minnesota and Dacotah that are admirably adapted to dairying on a large scale. Outside the portions that could be devoted to raising food for milch cows are vast tracts that could be employed for raising calves to keep up the dairy herds. The circumstance that cows designed for milkers could be raised in the vicinity of the dairy farms would render the business of dairying more profitable than in those parts of the country where it is necessary to procure milking stock from a distance.

SOWING SEEDS IN WINDY WEATHER.

To sow light seeds, especially timothy, in windy weather, and have the seed fall evenly distributed over the whole surface, is a most difficult task, if pursued in the ordinary way. A perfect calm is seldom found, and when found is of short duration, and to take advantage of it is sometimes difficult. It is often desirable that seed should be sown at a certain time to get the benefit of approaching rains, or while the soil is fresh and in proper condition. Broadcast sowing is often attempted in windy weather, but generally with poor success, the seed coming up more or less streaked. I once sowed a small field in a gale of wind by sowing across with the wind, and walking back without sowing. I found it tedious work, but the seed came up evenly.

I have since practiced a different plan with equally good results, and less laborious. It is to sow around the field, using four stakes, one at each corner. In this way I can vary the width of my "lands," or "sweeps," to suit the breadth of cast, and is each cast is in the same direction as the preceding ones it is possible to get the seed on evenly. In casting against the wind I cast somewhat with the wind. It is necessary on one or two sides, where the cast comes against the wind, to take narrower lands than on the opposite sides where the cast comes with the wind. In this way if the wind is steady a fair job can be done without much extra labor. It is necessary to throw a little harder and take a little narrower land when walking against the wind.

MISTAKES IN BUILDING BARNS.

Unquestionably the strenuous advocates of warm barns and stables have, in some instances, "builded" worse "than they knew." They have constructed buildings for the protection of horses, cattle, sheep, and swine that were always impervious to air and moisture. In shutting out the snow and wind they arranged to shut in the foul air exhaled by animals, as well as the moisture rising from their bodies. In some cases they placed stock in basement cellars where the sunlight could not enter and from which the foul air could not escape. In other cases they located the standing places for stock immediately above the depository for manure, which was prevented from freezing by the earth about it on all sides except the top. They made no provisions for ventilation, and rendered cleanliness impracticable. Of course barns constructed like these caused injurious results. Animals long confined in them became delicate and very susceptible to colds and more injurious diseases. Similar mistakes have been made in the construction of buildings for the protection of human beings. But these badly constructed barns and houses, with all the injurious effects they have produced, offered no argument against the advisability of affording protection to beasts and men. They simply show that common sense should be consulted in the construction of buildings for protecting animals and their owners. That many have gone to great extremes in keeping animals in close confinement during the winter is also certain. Fresh air and abundant exercise are essential to the welfare of stock in winter as well as during the warmer seasons of the year. If the weather is warm and pleasant, animals of all kinds will do better out of doors if the building in which they are kept at other times is the most suitable that can be constructed. No amount of protection will compensate for the loss of sunlight. No substitute can be found for exercise in the open air.

THE ANGORA GOAT.

The Angora goat is a species of the common goat, which, like the sheep (genus avis), and in fact all our domestic animals, exists in great variety. The Angoras, Mr. Editor, take their name from the Asiatic district in which they abound in a state of nature. They do not require so much attention, during the winter especially, as sheep and other farm stock do, except in one particular, viz: they will not do well if closely confined. Goats of several varieties have been brought to this country from Asia Minor, but I think the best is the full blooded Angora. They eat most everything that will grow upon the farm, and when winter comes they require nothing but the hay which the sheep will not eat. Angoras are very hardy, and if there any riders, briers, ironwoods, etc., upon the farm, they will kill them. They also produce long fine wool in abundance, which will bring a fair price in any market. Those who do not wish to raise a large flock for their wool should by all means keep a few to prevent diseases among their horses. I have had six on my farm for the last six or seven years, and I never have had a sick horse since I purchased them. J. D. ELBERT.

Bloomington, Ind.

THE TOMATO PLANT AND CUT WORM.

The festive cut worm will make his annual call about these days. He is more voracious than select in his feeding. The tender clover plant, or young corn, or even the rank tomato plant, serves to fill his maw. He is as clumsy as he is wasteful, and here is his weak place. When you set out the tomato plants, Mr. Comstock says, if a little mound of earth, the size of a coffee cup is made around the tomato plant, the great lubber can not crawl up hill to the tender stalk. The Country Gentleman suggests wrapping a piece of brown paper around the plant at the time of transplanting. This method is a good one, and can be applied to sweet potato plants as well.

Agricultural Notes.

The weight of a barrel of flour is based upon the English unit of weight known as a "stone." There are fourteen pounds in a stone and fourteen stones in a barrel of flour. That is why a barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds.

Matthew Crawford states in an exchange that the destruction of tomato plants by the cut-worm may be avoided by making a compact mound of earth about the plants, as large as an inverted teacup, the cut-worm being unable to climb. Another way, which we have long practiced, is to wrap around the stem, if the cut-worm is feared, a few inches of paper, or a large green leaf of any kind, before drawing the earth around it. They will not take the trouble to gnaw through the paper or leaf.

The English Agricultural Gazette remarks that hundreds of farms in the United Kingdom have herds of milking Shorthorns. They are not usually registered, for, being bred for everyday use, a recorded pedigree is not essential to secure sales at fair paying prices. It was from the best of such herds that, about a century ago, the Collings and other enlightened breeders chose those animals which were subsequently recorded with their produce in the British Herd Book, and made the foundation of what are now called the thoroughbred shorthorns.

A gentleman who has had some experience at onion raising writes the Maine Farmer that he leveled off a place twenty feet square, where a cow had been yarded, and spread on it a bushel or more of wood ashes, and mixed them in with a hoe and rake. He planted in rows ten inches apart, and in hills about one-half that distance, pressing it hard with a board upon which he stood. When the onions came up he gave them a good supply of water that had been made tepid from standing in the sun, and that was all saturated with new manure. The result was twenty bushels of fine onions, and no bugs or worms. Onions should be planted early.

Industrial Rems.

Mr. Mulford Dorlon has a terrapin farm on the shore of Mobile Bay, about thirty miles from Mobile. About three acres are fenced with strong pilings. Two canals supply the inclosure with salt water, which flows into a number of ditches ten feet wide and one hundred feet long. The sand thrown out of the ditches is used by the terrapins to sun themselves and as a place to lay their eggs. In winter the terrapins remain imbedded in the mud of the ditches without touching a morsel of food. The present number of terrapins is from 20,000 to 30,000, and three or four years from now the number will be hard to calculate. It costs about $1 per dozen per season to feed them, and they sell for $8 to $18 per dozen in New York.

A French journal says that if chloride of lime be spread on the soil or near plants, insects and vermin will not be found near them. By its means plants will be easily protected from the insect plagues by simply brushing over their stems a solution of it. It has often been noticed that a patch of land which has been treated in this way remains religiously respected by grubs, while the unprotected beds around are literally devastated. Fruit trees may be guarded from the attacks of grubs by attaching to their trunks pieces of tow smeared with a mixture of hog's lard, and ants and grubs already in possession will rapidly vacate their position. Butterflies, again, will avoid all plants whose leaves have been sprinkled over with lime water.

From recent statements in the Halifax papers it appears that whereas the first shipment of cattle from that city took place in January, 1879, and consisted of only 16 head, during the two years since no less than 8,000 head, valued at $800,000, have been shipped from that port, and that nearly half of these were purchased in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. But it is still more interesting to learn that Mr. Symes, of the firm of Addison & Symes, who is now in Halifax, has completed arrangements for shipping from that port dressed beef to the extent of 160 tons per month for a period of three years. A firm in Amherst contracts to supply them with this amount of beef, which is said to represent 6,000 head of cattle, valued at $50,000 per annum.

London papers are noticing a new American product in the English markets, and, as it threatens no competition with anything raised at home, they seem disposed to give the new-comer a hearty welcome. The Pall Mall Gazette says: A trial box of Florida oranges, dispatched from Jacksonville, Fla., to this city, arrived in prime condition after a journey of three weeks. Only three oranges were damaged en route. The experiment is likely to be repeated on a larger scale, and before long it is quite possible a thriving fruit trade may spring up between England and the Southern States. The supply of oranges in Florida is almost inexhaustible; their quality is said to be much finer than those from the Mediterranean, and if once the trade was established the time of transit would be materially reduced.

Two young girls of Frostburg, Pa., for the past four years have had control of a farm of about 160 acres. They have plowed, sowed, reaped, built fences, raised hogs and performed the other countless duties incident to a pastoral life. In addition to their outside duties, the care of a widowed and invalid mother has been a tax on their energies. One of the ladies is a shoemaker, and all work of that kind used by the family is executed by her. The house in which they live is large and roomy, yet these two girls—whose ages, by the way, are 22 and 20—have made all the carpet, and made it well, too, painted a number of farm scenes and family portraits in oil, and filled up the otherwise vacant spots with waxwork, etc. Besides, the fact that they are good musicians and that they never shock your refined ear with ungrammatical remarks is also noteworthy.

Household Recipes.

SOUR MILK CAKE.—Beat together 1 cup of sugar, ½ cup butter and 1 egg. Add 1 cup of sour milk with 1 even teaspoon of soda stirred into it. Then add 2 cups of sifted flour, a half cup of chopped raisins and spice to taste.

LOAF CAKE.—Beat together 2 cups white sugar, 1 scant cup butter, 3 eggs and 3 teaspoons baking powder. Add a cup of sweet milk and then gradually beat in 3 heaping cups of flour. Sprinkle a little powdered sugar over the top of the cake before baking.

APPLE JELLY.—Make a syrup of a pound of sugar, putting in sufficient water to dissolve it. When boiled enough lay in it the peeled and cored halves of some large sour apples. Let them simmer till tender, then lay them carefully in a dish so that they will remain unbroken and in good shape. Add another pound of sugar to the syrup, let it boil, skim it and when partly cool pour it over the apples. When the dish gets cold each dainty piece of apple will be surrounded by a delicious jelly. Eat with cream.

GREEN GOOSEBERRIES FOR TARTS.—Fill very clean, dry, wide-necked bottles with gooseberries picked the same day, in dry weather, and just before they have attained full their size. Wrap a little hay round each bottle, and set them up their necks in a boiler of cold water, which should be brought very gradually to boil; a little hay must be put in the bottom of the boiler, and the bottles fixed firmly. Let the fruit simmer gently until it appears shrunken and perfectly scalded, then take out the bottles, and fill up as many as you can quite full with some of the cooked gooseberries—it is generally necessary to sacrifice one of the bottles in doing this, taking care not to break the fruit. Directly the bottles are full of gooseberries, pour boiling water into the bottles up to the brims, else they will mildew. Tie bladder over the tops immediately, and keep the bottles in a dry, cool place. When the gooseberries are used, pour off the greater part of the water, and add the same sugar as for fresh fruit, of which they ought to have the same flavor and appearance. Prepared in this way, gooseberries are perfectly wholesome, and will keep until the fruit comes in again.

Portugal's Bloodless Bull-Fights.

Lizzie W. Champney in June Harper.

A Portugese bull-fight is a very different affair from the disgusting and brutal national sport of Spain. The Portugese are a humane people; and though the spectacle was originally conducted in Spanish style, it was not long popular, and now neither bulls nor horses are killed, and the bull-fighters run very little risk, as cylinders ending on wooden knobs cover the animal's horns, and it can only inflict a knock-down blow, instead of piercing and tearing. The honor of this reform is due to Pombal, who interceded with Joseph I., and induced him to discontinue the sport in the murderous Spanish style on the occasion of the death of the Count d'Arcos in an amateur bull-fight. It is related that when the father of the young Count, the aged Marquis Miralva, Grand Chamberlain of the King, saw his son fall, he threw himself into the arena and killed the bull with his dress sword: and that Pombal remarked to the King that the life of a bull was not, after all, a fair equivalent for that of the Count d'Arcos. Pombal's administration was sowed thick with reforms which have blossomed since, though received coldly at the time. The limiting the power of the inquisition, the abolition of slavery and the expulsion of the Jesuits are all due to Pombal. Few ministers can show a more energetic record than this. To an amateur of the combat of the Spanish acceldama the Portuguese exhibition must seem remarkably tame and insipid, while, looked at from a rational, common-sense standpoint, they are indeed "singular exhibitions of imbecility on the part of all concerned." But the Lisbonese revel in the sport; the risks are still sufficiently exciting to stir the blood, and the display, especially when the performance is an amateur one, and the young men taking part belong to the nobility, is very brilliant. Then the arena is handsomely decorated, the costumes of the performers are of velvet and satin, the horses are the finest in the kingdom, and the feats of horsemanship displayed rival those of the circus. Royalty honors the scene by attendance, and the beauty and fashion of Lisbon shine in full opera dress in the upper boxes, their white elbows resting on richly embroidered silk shawls which drape the front of the boxes in graceful folds. The companionship of prize-fighters and pugilistic skill of this description are not considered unworthy the most elegant and accomplished Portuguese nobles. Princess Rattazzi, in her recently published and greatly censured "Portugal a Vol d'Oiseau," speaks of the Marquis of Castel Melhor, the last descendant of an ancient family, and after praising his refinement and cultivation, remarks: "In the bull-fights organized by amateurs he shone in the first rank as horseman, and inserted the farpas with an art and dexterity which awakened frantic applause and secured him great popularity. This circumstance added to the regrets caused by his death. It was not only a loss to elegant society, it was felt by the people themselves."

The Wrong Foot Firstmost.

From the Philadelphia Press.

One of the legacies left us by the Centennial Exhibition is the colossal statue of a soldier now standing in front of Memorial Hall. It is believed to have been placed there by a granite company in order to exhibit the quality of the stone contained in the quarry. But it has always been a matter of amazement why it was not removed at the close of the celebration or a formal gift of it made to the city. Perhaps we can enlighten the public on this point. Although the granite is a splendid specimen of stone, the figure has a serious defect. It represents a soldier at parade rest, yet the artist has put the right foot forward instead of the left. This destroys the value of the statue as a work of art, and it has, therefore, been abandoned by the owners. Only a soldier, however, will notice the defect, and it is a source of regret that it is so marred.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., May 21, 1881.

Persons calling for letters in the following list will please say they are advertised, otherwise they may not receive them.

Free delivery of letters by carriers at the residence of owners, may be secured by observing the following rules:

First—Direct letters plainly to the street and number of the house.

Second—Head letters with the writer's full address, including street and number and request answer to be directed accordingly.

Third—Letters to strangers or transient visitors in the town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked in the left hand corner with the word "Transient."

Fourth—Place the postage stamp on the upper right-hand corner and leave space between the stamp and direction for postmarking without interfering with the writing.

A.

Alter, Annie Miss
Allen, Don M.
Anderson, E.
Ames, Charles
Antonio, Ertola
Ayres, Frank
Aikin, Joseph
Anderson, John
Allen, M. J. Mrs.

B

Beier, Abe A.
Bansman, A. L.
Butterworth, Charles
Beard, C. H.
Beyer, C. D. Capt.
Brahomon, Daniel A.
Bosshard, Emil (2)
Boeckmann, Frederick
Bagg, Henry G.
Blanchard, Isabel Miss
Bates, John
Billings, J. S.
Belle, J.
Boss, Julia Miss
Beattee, K. N. Mrs.
Burke, — Mr.
Barbor, Millie Miss
Bunser, — Mrs.
Brokmann, Phillipp
Blaie, R. F.
Brown, Russell
Brown, Venet Mrs.
Brown, Wm. H.
Baker, Annie Miss
Berger, C. V.
Briner, Charles
Brown, D. W.
Barkee, E. W.
Barrett, E. W.
Beck, Florence Mrs.
Burns, F. N.
Baeulzer, Lorenz
Bracken, Hattie Miss
Bales, Julia Mrs.
Beaumont, Jack
Bewell, J. W.
Bohannan, J. C.
Bruner, Joseph (2)
Bradbury, L. J.
Belle, Mollie Miss
Brackus, — Mrs.
Bard, P. P.
Bruce, Robert O.
Brenstein, Richard
Brent, Tom
Bacus, Wm.

C.

Case, Addie Mrs.
Cross, A. J.
Colwell, Belle B. Mrs.
Childs, B. D.
Croisser, D. W.
Connelly, Fannie Miss
Chapman, H. L.
Clarke, H. M.
Cadens, James J.
Cadmus, James W.
Crady, John
Cresent, John
Canfield, Louis
Clarke, Lucy A. Mrs.
Connell, Milton
Case, M. W. Dr.
Campbell, Nellie Mrs.
Coulter Thos
Clark Wm
Cories — Miss
Caudesure, Alfred
Cooper, Bertha Miss (2)
Collins, Bat
Cable, Carrie Miss
Culbertson, Carrie Miss
Curren, Ellie Miss
Callendina, Geo.
Cory, H. C.
Cappeten, John Major
Chalen, Julia Miss
Cox, John M.
Chase, M. P. Mrs.
Carr, Mary
Clark, S. G. Dr.
Cochin, Thomas (2)
Cooney Terence

D.

Doonan Andrew
Denton A J
Day Brayton C (2)
Dimick Chas Mrs
De Ville Capt
Dodge Edgar
Dillard G B
Deats Geo
Dayton Jessie
Deupont John
Drake Mattie Mrs
Dunham Nellie Mrs
Drew R W
Davis Susie S Miss
Deracke Adeline
Denike Albert
Daly Chas T
Davidson David
Davenport Frank
Davis J T
Dunalski Johann
Dowse John
De Rock Louis
Dixon Mary Miss
Duffy Owen
Dunham O W
Davis S H Mrs
Davis W

E.

Eryepal A
Eling Caroline Miss
Evans Clintine Miss
Early M Miss
Eunice Walter Mrs
Evans Harry (2)
Eck Thos

F.

Fromm August
Frost Chas
Fawkriest, George
Frauzel, George
Fisher, Henry
Felton, Harry
Fisher, Jennie Miss
Frazer, John
Flint, L. C.
Fluck, Mary E Mrs
Farr, Maria Mrs
Farron, W M
Fry, Ed
Fowler B E
Filipatrick Eliza Mrs
Fries, George
Fauzon, Gilbert
Freshwater, G W
Ford, Henry
Findley, James R
Ferrall, James
Ford, James
Fountain, J H
Farris, Lou
Fine, Maggie E Miss
Foljambe, Theo
Franklin, W J (2)

G.

Gorman, Bridget Miss
Grooseman F. Mrs
Griffin, George
Gray, H
Gaines, Henry
Gamel, J W (2)
Goings, Lousie Miss
Gordon, William
Good, Dora Mrs
Geiger, Frank
Gilbert, George W
Gregory, Charles H M
Gillespie, J C
Gundie, K Miss
Gebert, Pauline
Grider, T S
Gill, Will (col'd)
Godbold, Willie M

H.

Hobson, Allie
Hill, Allice Mrs
Hollis, Alice Mrs
Hammond, Alex
Hagner, Barbara Miss
Haltendorf, Bernard
Hilands, Chas A
Hermansen, Christ. Miss
Hathaway, C C
Hopkins, Chas
Hayden, Charley
Hardin, Camillek
Holliday, E B
Henry, Edward
Hartwell, Edith Miss
Hilton, F M
Halzmarth, G
Hoker, George W
Hood, G G
Hempler, H
Hulbert, Henry H
Hause, Hattie Miss
Haverley, John K
Harris, John H
Hardin, James W
Hickey, Jessie Miss
Hedman, J F
Harrigan, John
Harris, J F J
Hayward, L F
Hengler, Louisa Miss
Hall, Lillie Miss
Harrison, Lillie Miss
Hamm, Lina Miss
Hanes, Mark
Hamlin, Minnie Miss
Hassett, Mary Mrs
Hendricks, Mary Miss
Hall, M Miss
Hohman, Pauline Miss
Hastings, S T
Huntoon, Stella Miss
Heniz, Theresa Mrs
Hughes, William
Hermann, William
Harderty, Dr W H

Israel, E H

I.

J.

Johnson, Adam
Jones, Fannie Miss
Jenkins, J F
Jones, James A
Jones, Nannie
Johnson, Riley Capt
Jones, T H
Judge, Wm
Johnson, Carl
Jenkins, Ella Miss
Johnson, Geo W
Judd, Josephine Miss
Judan, Sam
Jones, Miss
Jude, Phil
Johnston, T W

K.

King, Alonzo
Kline, Chalk
Kelly, Frank
Keller, Jennie Miss
Kenney, L F Miss
Kinney, Maggie
Kelcher, Maggie Miss
Kerzy, Mary Mrs
Kirby, Sarah Ann
Koenig, W L
Karr, W C
Kelley, William
King, C G Mrs
Kosmahl, Emma Miss
Kleltacher, F H
Kohlers, J
Kerofsh, Mary
Kayins, Mary Miss
Kielber, Mrs
Kelley, Peter
Knight, S B Mrs
Krag, Valdemar
Kendry, William

L.

Lane, Alice Mrs
Lewis, C B
Lewis, Charley
Lyons, Dave
Lehbold, Felix
Lewis, G H
Larkin, George
Lueckel Geo L
Lee, Jossie Miss
Leroy, Jean Mis.
Louck, Lizzie Mrs
Lerbs, M
Lee, Minnie Mess
Lewis, Mary L Miss
Leslie, Maggie Miss
Lucke, Sophia Mrs
Lynch, Alex Capt
Linegan, Charles
Lyons, C
Lowenfels, C V, 2
Lucas, Mrs Emily
Lewis, George
Lucke, Gotlieb
Lucy, Henry F
Lewis, J W
Lawrence, Louisa C Mrs
Lelard, Matt
Laine, Mary E
Lowe, Mary E

M.

Miner, A L
Mullen, Annie S Miss
Mine, B C B Miss
Manis, Charlie
Mulligan, Ed
Miller, Florence Miss, 2
Mochel, George S
Massers, George B
Martens, Henry
Manion, Jennie Mrs
Murray, J M
Miller, Mary J Mrs
Mixler, Mary Mrs
Mitchner, T C
Miller, W F
Moor, Wm
Moore, Walter F
McDonald, A J
McEvain, C Mrs
McCarthy, James
McCallagh, John W Mrs
McCore, Mary E Mrs
McIntyre, Mr
May, Annie Miss
Moore, Charles A
Messmann, Emily
Mathew, Frank
Middleton, George, 2
Monroe, George, 2
Mortimer, George W
Marz, John
Marx, L
Murphy, Mr
Meister, Otto
Miller, Rowen
Mulvoy, Thomas
Mahoney, W H M
McCartney, Carl S
McCarthy, Charles
McLeand, D
McColum, J P
McNamara, Margar R Mrs

N.

Nott, F N Prof
Nigh, Jacob
Noyes, John Capt
Nolan, Joseph Mr
Nathy, Morrice
Niedorff, Edwin
Nevins, Fisk
Neumeyer, Henry
Nelson, James
Nohlmann, John W
Newberry, Lettie Miss
Newton, Edward
Norvell, Saunders

O.

Oyster, A V Mrs
O'Mahoney, C M Miss
Olson, Mrs
Olive, Mr
Ohnimus, Barney
Ogle, George C
Orr, Mr

P.

Price Albert
Peterson Andrew
Pinkham C O
Pooley E F
Putnam F W
Pilmski Joseph